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FIFTY-FIFTH ANNUAL REPORT  
OF  
THE TRUSTEES  
OF  
THE STATE FARM  
AT  
BRIDGEWATER,  
INCLUDING THE  
REPORTS OF THE SUPERINTENDENT AND OF  
THE MEDICAL DIRECTOR,  
FOR THE  
YEAR ENDING NOVEMBER 30, 1908.



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BOSTON:  
WRIGHT & POTTER PRINTING CO., STATE PRINTERS,  
18 POST OFFICE SQUARE.  
1909.







MASSACHUSETTS STATE FARM.



CRIMINAL INSANE DEPARTMENT.

HOSPITAL AND ADMINISTRATION.

WORKHOUSE DEPARTMENT.



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# STATE FARM,

BRIDGEWATER.

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## TRUSTEES.

JOSEPH A. SMART, <i>Chairman</i> ,	. . . . .	ANDOVER.
PAYSON W. LYMAN, <i>Secretary</i> ,	. . . . .	FALL RIVER.
MRS. SARAH D. FISKE,	. . . . .	MALDEN.
MRS. ANNA F. PRESCOTT,	. . . . .	BOSTON.
LEONARD HUNTRESS, M.D.,	. . . . .	LOWELL.
JOHN B. TIVNAN,	. . . . .	SALEM.
EMERY M. LOW,	. . . . .	BROCKTON.

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HOLLIS M. BLACKSTONE,	. . . . .	<i>Superintendent.</i>
BENJAMIN F. ROBINSON,	. . . . .	<i>Deputy Superintendent.</i>
HENRY J. STRANN,	. . . . .	<i>Clerk.</i>
CHARLES A. DREW, M.D.,	. . . . .	<i>Resident Physician.</i>
BENJ. B. KASSON,	. . . . .	<i>Assistant Physician.</i>
GEORGE E. BACON, <sup>1</sup>	. . . . .	<i>Farmer.</i>
WILLIAM J. TURNBULL,	. . . . .	<i>Engineer.</i>

## CONSULTING PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS TO THE HOSPITAL DEPARTMENT.

HENRY F. BORDEN, M.D.,	. . . . .	BROCKTON.
CALVIN PRATT, M.D.,	. . . . .	BRIDGEWATER.
SAMUEL J. MIXTER, M.D.,	. . . . .	BOSTON.
MAURICE H. RICHARDSON, M.D.,	. . . . .	BOSTON.
HENRY EHRLICH, M.D.,	. . . . .	BOSTON.
WILLIAM F. KNOWLES, M.D.,	. . . . .	BOSTON.
L. W. MANSUR, M.D.,	. . . . .	BOSTON.
DANIEL FISKE JONES, M.D.,	. . . . .	BOSTON.
ALFRED ELLIOTT, M.D.,	. . . . .	MIDDLEBOROUGH.

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<sup>1</sup> Deceased.





# The Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

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## TRUSTEES' REPORT.

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*To His Excellency the Governor and the Honorable Council.*

As required by the Revised Laws, the trustees of the State Hospital and the State Farm herewith submit their fifty-fifth annual report as to the condition of the State Farm, and as to its operation for the year ending Nov. 30, 1908. Appended to this report, and offered as a part thereof, are the reports made to the trustees by the superintendent and by the resident physician and the medical director, together with tables submitted by these officers. These documents afford detailed information as to the service required of and rendered by the institution during the year now under review. The financial statements show at what pecuniary cost to the State this service has been rendered to its wards.

By the provisions of chapter 97 of the Acts of 1908 the General Court appropriated a total of \$253,000 for the maintenance of the institution for the fiscal year under consideration. This was supplemented by chapter 632, which made a further appropriation of \$30,000 for the same purpose. Of this total of \$283,000, \$75,000 was appropriated for salaries, wages and labor, and the balance, \$208,000, for general expenses. The tables herewith presented give a classified statement of the expenditures authorized by the trustees under the aforesaid acts, which items of expenditure, as therein recited, have been examined and approved by them month by month.

During the year covered by this report there has been expended for salaries, wages and labor \$75,000, and for other current expenses \$208,000, a total of \$283,000. If to this total there is added an appropriation of \$14,176.01, to meet a deficiency in the accounts of the preceding year, there will

appear a draft on the State treasury, for current maintenance, of \$297,176.01.

The average number of inmates for the year was 2,156, or 321 more than that of the period last reported. The highest number of inmates at any time was 2,442. This was 503 above the highest record previously made. The smallest number under care at any time during the year was 1,953. This minimum was 24 above the previous maximum record. The total number of admissions and commitments was 4,820, against 3,681, the record of the previous year.

The average per capita cost has been \$2.65 per week.

The annual inventory required by law has been taken, and an appraisal of the real and personal property connected with the State Farm, and belonging to the Commonwealth, has been made by Harrison L. House of Hanover and Henry J. Strann of Bridgewater, whose report, showing a valuation of \$1,328,-417.16, is herewith presented.

The women's building, whose exterior was nearly completed at our last annual report, is now substantially ready for occupancy and its use will be begun early in the year. It is built throughout of re-enforced concrete, floors and roof as well as walls. It has 96 single rooms, besides sewing and work rooms, laundry, kitchen and hospital wards. It has capacity for 120 inmates. The administration section contains matron's room and quarters for fourteen officers. There is no room that does not get the sun during the greater part of the day. It is the most cheerful prison structure to be anywhere found. It is in great contrast with former methods of prison construction for women, with the absence of massive ironwork. Many visitors, even from afar, have examined it and pronounce it a model for its purpose. It is heated and lighted from the central power plant, 1,100 feet distant. It is connected with the main institution domestic service by a subway, through which pipes and wires are carried. It has been provided at a cost of about \$350 per capita.

The new horse barn has been finished and occupied. It is built of re-enforced concrete and contains provision for the care of 40 horses. Underneath the stalls there are accommodations for 50 hogs. The old ox barn, which rests on a floor of concrete that constitutes the ceiling of the stall section, is

used for hay storage. The structure is so far fire proof that there is practically no danger of the loss of animal life by fire.

The new electric pumping plant is well under way. Supplementing that now in use, the pumping facilities as thus enlarged are believed to be equal to all future demands. The additions to the pumping house and to the power plant at the main institution are completed. Under the addition to the dynamo room is a new pump room, in which the new boiler feed pumps authorized have been installed.

A morgue of tasteful design and retired situation has been built and is nearly ready for use.

The prison dining room has been materially enlarged by an extension backward from the street front of the structure covering it. The reroofing, pipe covering and general painting authorized have been done.

A new attendants' building, which adjusts itself to that already in use so as to make of the two practically one structure, is far on the way to completion; but there will be needed the \$2,000 contemplated in the original plan, which fell out of the appropriation through some error.

The farm yield was diminished in some particulars through a prevailing drought. The hay crop was not greatly reduced, but the potato crop, which should have been 10,000 bushels, was reduced to 7,000. The extension of the tillable area by the improvement of wild and rocky land has been quite noticeable. Concrete construction in various lines is having a notable development in this institution.

The extraordinary increase in the number of inmates, which our report shows, accounts sufficiently for the enlarged cost for current maintenance and for extension of plant which the trustees feel constrained to ask.

The superintendent and the medical director make certain recommendations as to requisite improvement and extension of capacity, which the trustees have considered and endorsed. Among these is a duplication of our plant for the filtration of sewage.

If there is reason why the State Board of Health should recommend such enlargement of filter capacity, when our filter beds discharge the rectified sewage at a point in the Taunton River below which no water is taken therefrom for domestic



purposes, much more is there reason why Bridgewater and Middleborough should be required thus to treat their sewage before its discharge into the same river, above the point where the water for our institution supply is taken.

It is true that we filter the water thus taken. But it should not be contaminated with unfiltered sewage. The trustees feel that the time has come when a decided move in this direction should be made for the protection of a population of 3,000 people. It is supposed to be within the power of the State Board of Health to take the necessary action.

The trustees feel that it would be an irreparable calamity were anything to occur which would deprive the State of the services of the veteran superintendent of the institution, Hollis M. Blackstone, to whose signal administrative ability they have often paid hearty tribute and never with more ample reason than now.

We congratulate the State also on the continuance with us of the accomplished medical director, Dr. Charles A. Drew, who, besides the general oversight of the medical and surgical work, has special administrative care of the Asylum for Insane Criminals. Under the direction of these two superior officers and in hearty good will and earnest co-operation there has wrought, each in his own place, an administrative and medical staff and a body of attendants who for the most part seem to have realized the gravity and importance of the trust reposed in them and to have sought to meet it as they were able.

Thus the institution has done its work for another year, during which year there was by far the largest advance in number of inmates ever experienced. The trustees now lay this report of their work before the executive authority to which they are responsible.

JOS. A. SMART,  
SARAH D. FISKE,  
ANNA F. PRESCOTT,  
PAYSON W. LYMAN,  
JOHN B. TIVNAN,  
LEONARD HUNTRESS,  
EMERY M. LOW,

*Trustees.*

## SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

---

*To the Trustees of the State Farm.*

I respectfully submit the following brief statements as my part of the fifty-fifth annual report.

Last year, for the first time, I was able to record a break in the annual gain of population. Before the report was even printed the upward trend was resumed, and the year closes as a record breaker in population increase. The so-called "financial panic" of a year ago and the industrial depression following it have undoubtedly been the principal causes of so many more being committed to our institution this year. I shall make no attempt to analyze conditions or formulate suggestions by comparison of the present and past, but report only facts and figures. The increase has been so abnormally large that any discussion would be mere speculation, and without fundamental basis. At times during the year the congestion became so acute that we resorted to every lawful expedient known to reduce the number. The Prison Commissioners, upon request, made frequent transfers to other penal institutions, and the State Board of Charity released many more, — nearly all of that class who could be located and identified as residents in other States and countries, men who had become stranded in this period of "hard times." The Boston central court, also by request, several times suspended commitments for brief periods. I estimate that by the aid of these relief measures there were transferred and otherwise diverted not less than 500. The commitments have been 1,139 more this year. The number remaining at end of the year is 478 more, — an increase in itself equal to a good-sized institution. The average number has been 2,156, — 321 greater than last year.

The proposed prison addition which you ask for this year, and which also has the favorable endorsement of the State Board of Charity, is not only most needful to relieve the con-

gested conditions, but also most desirable for a better classification of the prisoners. We do not hold, nor do we claim, any patent on the custom or plan of working prison labor in the open, unrestrained by locks or bars. In a most conservative and restricted way the practice has been common to most every prison; but we have expanded the plan, and widened its scope of operation so extensively that we claim a valid "improvement" without fear of contest. Visiting boards and officials from our own and foreign countries have observed our plan with much interest and pleasure, commending the work as a real step of progress in true penology or social science. Every official of experience who will honor us with perusing institution reports (the spirit of fraternal courtesy insures it) knows that an average of 300 sentenced men, worked in the open with no other restraint than a supervising overseer or attendant, is a plan or process of modern times, and that the severe restraint and rigor of prison discipline of not so very long ago must be pretty effectually eliminated, else it could not be done.

Man, real man, man of manhood and image of God, is recognized as our ward, and he responds as man, as a manly man, as a child of God. There are exceptions, to be sure. The bum, the shirk and the sneak are found in the prison ranks as they also are elsewhere, and we treat them as you would elsewhere, — eliminate them from the plan. There's no reason why the plan should fall down because a small minority are too senseless and vicious to accept it. With the minimum of restraint these men practically manage themselves. Nearly twenty years ago a well-known and very able official, when asked to assist in getting a law to reduce time of "trust men" in the open service declared it was a "fad" of mine. I plead guilty, and want to try another. With proper accommodations, this class of men can as nearly direct themselves during the time they are inside the walls as they can outside. Our proposed plan is an addition to contain 24 wards, to house an average of 17 each, and to contain space enough, not only for beds, but also for chairs and tables for reading and writing, recreation rooms in the basement and lavatory and toilet adjoining each ward. It is my belief that their official supervision during the morning, noon and night, stormy day and Sunday time may be reduced more than



50 per cent. less than the present plan of large numbers in large rooms. Paradoxical as it seems, the officers' day and the prisoners' night can both be made shorter, — a change greatly desired by both. It has been our purpose to recommend that any further enlargement of the prison department be made by the addition of single rooms, but the experiment for a year or more of permitting two groups of about 25 each to sit up an hour or more after general retirement, under conditions of self-control, has been so satisfactory that I have no hesitation in suggesting the change, and most earnestly urge that we secure this sane, sensible and needful improvement.

The new almshouse wards on Conant Street were occupied in January. Their immediate care and management have been under Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton, whose training here and elsewhere had been in the care of the sick and infirm. Their duties there are more general and less specific than in the hospital wards of the main institution. Together with their assistants they have the department well organized. Much extra work incidental to the occupancy of a new building, which is never quite ready to occupy, has been cheerfully and faithfully done. Our desire and aim have been to conduct the department as an almshouse, bestowing kindly and humane care, and in that spirit window guards and iron doors have been omitted, — only such restraint used as would prevent the old, demented and infirm from wandering off. It is natural that the drunkard who is clever enough to evade the courts, and obtain admission to the almshouse to "sober up," and the lazy and shiftless vagrant should sneer at such surroundings when requested to give a helping hand in the work required, and walk off at will. Such elopements are irritating to official peace of mind, and should have no place in the plan of support and care provided for the truly dependent alms case, unable by reason of old age and mental or physical debility to care for himself. The bummers and vagrants who elope, only to return again sick and debauched, are a menace to the peace and happiness of the worthy poor, and a disgrace to the system of public charity. If the statutes are not specific enough to keep such persons out of the almshouse and place them under sentence, they should be amended.

The farm, though suffering the most destructive drought in many years, has come through with a much better showing than we dared hope for during that scorching period in early summer when all forms of vegetation in this vicinity seemed more like the ash waste of fuel than a wholesome, growing crop. Hay was not much reduced in tonnage, but the loss in quality was heavy. Potatoes were hard hit in the late varieties, and what should have been not less than 10,000 bushels was cut to about 7,000 bushels. The root crops recovered with sufficient vigor to give a fair yield. The total of all crops harvested is greater than last year, but the plant was much more in acreage, and, of course, cost more to fertilize and put in. Our "special" harvest of stone has been abundant, — hot or cold, wet or dry, a full crop is assured.

The increasing demand for milk forces us to adopt the milk maker's feeding plan. We must resort to the short cut afforded by ensilage. The light soil of this region is better adapted to cultivation of corn than hay, and I believe we can increase the feeding power by a moderate substitution of ensilage for hay. We would need at least two and perhaps three silos, and the necessary machinery for cutting and storing. There is also needed a mechanical milk-cooling apparatus, which should be installed in connection with silo machinery, for both of which I estimate a cost of \$1,800.

In connection with the farm interest I am obliged, with feelings of sorrow and distress, to record the death of Mr. George E. Bacon, head farmer for twenty-three years, and Mr. Henry S. Keith, a senior assistant for more than twenty-five years. The harvest of death included also Mr. Herman S. Porter, a shop officer for the past eleven years, stricken in the prime of life by illness of few days' duration, — a strong, reliable officer and good citizen. Mr. Bacon and Mr. Keith were veterans in the service of the Commonwealth. The best that was in them was expended in its service. All three were sons of Massachusetts, and while others have achieved greater fame, none have given her more faithful, loyal and devoted service than these, whose active lives were spent with honor and fidelity in the cares and duties of one of her public institutions. Mr. Bacon's executive instincts made him a natural director of men

and labor, and as such his labors were of signal value in the extensive farming and improvements in his department.

We require another standpipe for the storage of water. The capacity of the present one is so inadequate that it is difficult to maintain gravity pressure on the upper floors during the hours of heaviest consumption of water. The constantly increasing consumption makes it necessary to run the pumps a greater part of the time to maintain the high service required. With our new pumping plant we can very materially reduce the hours of running by increasing the storage. A tank 70 feet high and 30 feet in diameter, located near the present one and connected as one, will increase the capacity about four times. We recommend its construction in reinforced concrete, at a cost of \$7,500.

We also require to double the sewage-disposal beds, at an estimated cost of \$6,000; and again we urge the ice-making or cold-storage plant, at a cost of \$5,000. It is false economy to postpone this, — once caught without a full ice harvest the above amount asked would be expended twice over.

For the purchase of real estate in connection with closing a portion of Conant Street and for additional farm lands we should have \$5,000.

Rev. Father Riordan, who had served us in Catholic worship for eight years, was in June transferred to a pastorate in Newton Center. I assume it was a promotion, for he assuredly deserved the reward he had earned by his faithful ministrations here. His good cheer and spiritual presence were surely a stimulating influence for reformation and better living for us all. He was succeeded by Rev. Father John T. O'Brien, whose ill health forced him to give up his parish after a few months. He has been succeeded by Rev. Father John Sullivan of Marlborough, who gives every promise of a worthy succession in the faithful work of his predecessors. The Protestant services have been conducted for the most part by Rev. Mr. Coddington, formerly of Bridgewater and now of Brockton, and by Rev. Mr. Ruoff, his successor in Bridgewater. A feature of these services has been the supply of music they have provided. We are under especial obligations to all of these young people, who have so kindly given this pleasing accompaniment to the ser-

vice. Both clergymen make frequent visits to the sick and infirm, and give consolation to those whose condition prevents their worship in chapel.

For a quarter of a century I have been in your service, and for twenty-four consecutive years have endeavored to be polite and grateful in closing this report. Permit me, the twenty-fifth time, to use the words of another: "I desire no future that will break the ties of the past."

Respectfully submitted,

H. M. BLACKSTONE,  
*Superintendent.*

BRIDGEWATER, Dec. 1, 1908.



## STATISTICS.

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The whole number of inmates remaining Dec. 1, 1907, was as follows: —

Male prisoners, . . . . .	1,027
Female prisoners, . . . . .	86
Male paupers, . . . . .	227
Female paupers, . . . . .	1
Male insane, . . . . .	567
	————— 1,908

Number of admissions and commitments from Dec. 1, 1907, to Nov. 30, 1908, inclusive: —

Male prisoners, . . . . .	3,563
Female prisoners, . . . . .	383
Male paupers, . . . . .	691
Female paupers, . . . . .	66
Male insane, . . . . .	117
	————— 4,820

Number discharged from Dec. 1, 1907, to Nov. 30, 1908, inclusive: —

Male prisoners, . . . . .	3,296
Female prisoners, . . . . .	365
Male paupers, . . . . .	566
Female paupers, . . . . .	67
Male insane, . . . . .	58
	————— 4,352

Number remaining Nov. 30, 1908: —

Male prisoners, . . . . .	1,294
Female prisoners, . . . . .	104
Male paupers, . . . . .	352
Female paupers, . . . . .	—
Male insane, . . . . .	626
	————— 2,376

Of the number discharged, 110 have been by death:—

Prisoners, . . . . .	28
Paupers, . . . . .	57
Insane, . . . . .	25
	<hr/> 110
Average number during the year, . . . . .	2,156
Largest number during the year, . . . . .	2,442
Smallest number during the year, . . . . .	1,953
Average number of prisoners, . . . . .	1,230
Average number of paupers, . . . . .	334
Average number of insane, . . . . .	592
	<hr/> 2,156

#### ADMISSIONS.

	PRISONERS.		PAUPERS.		INSANE.	TOTALS.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Males.	Females.
<b>1907.</b>							
December, . . . . .	312	38	22	7	7	341	45
<b>1908.</b>							
January, . . . . .	271	27	140	4	15	426	31
February, . . . . .	213	21	138	8	9	360	29
March, . . . . .	262	22	21	7	5	288	29
April, . . . . .	268	36	28	7	3	299	43
May, . . . . .	282	26	113	7	3	398	33
June, . . . . .	297	33	32	7	24	353	40
July, . . . . .	306	46	47	5	4	357	51
August, . . . . .	374	23	34	4	20	428	27
September, . . . . .	333	49	35	4	4	372	53
October, . . . . .	351	37	42	3	17	410	40
November, . . . . .	294	25	39	3	6	339	28
Totals, . . . . .	3,563	383	691	66	117	4,371	449

#### NATIVITY OF INMATES ADMITTED.

Massachusetts, . . . . .	1,900
Ireland, . . . . .	1,298
British Provinces, . . . . .	390
England, . . . . .	252
Maine, . . . . .	121
New York, . . . . .	114
Scotland, . . . . .	87
New Hampshire, . . . . .	76
Rhode Island, . . . . .	50
Connecticut, . . . . .	41
Russia, . . . . .	38
Italy and Vermont, 37 each, . . . . .	74
Pennsylvania, . . . . .	36
Sweden, . . . . .	32



Azores Islands and Poland, 29 each, . . . . .	58
Germany, . . . . .	22
Austria, . . . . .	20
Cape Verde Islands, . . . . .	18
Illinois, Virginia and unknown, 13 each, . . . . .	39
Maryland, . . . . .	10
Finland, Ohio, Missouri and New Jersey, 9 each, . . . . .	36
Wales, . . . . .	8
France, Michigan and Indiana, 7 each, . . . . .	21
Greece and California, 6 each, . . . . .	12
Syria and Georgia, 5 each, . . . . .	10
Denmark, North Carolina, South Carolina and Wisconsin, 4 each, . . . . .	16
Norway, Dakota, Minnesota and Kentucky, 3 each, . . . . .	12
Spain, Portugal, West Indies, Colorado, West Virginia, Delaware and District of Columbia, 2 each, . . . . .	14
Australia, Turkey, Armenia, Bulgaria, Japan, Syria, New Zealand, Switzerland, Barbadoes, Utah, Montana, Ala- bama, Louisiana, Tennessee and Texas, 1 each, . . . . .	15
	————— 4,820

## COURTS FROM WHICH PRISONERS WERE RECEIVED.

Boston Municipal Court, . . . . .	1,339
Returned from probation, . . . . .	644
Lawrence Police Court, . . . . .	176
Lowell Police Court, . . . . .	154
Boston Superior Court, . . . . .	142
Cambridge District Court, . . . . .	141
Lynn Police Court, . . . . .	95
Brockton Police Court, . . . . .	88
Taunton District Court, . . . . .	87
Fall River District Court, . . . . .	74
Chelsea Police Court, . . . . .	73
Worcester District Court, . . . . .	57
Salem District Court, . . . . .	54
Woburn District Court, . . . . .	53
Dedham District Court, . . . . .	51
Quincy District Court, . . . . .	50
Dorchester Municipal Court, . . . . .	48
Northampton District Court, . . . . .	42
Somerville Police Court, . . . . .	45
Waltham District Court, . . . . .	39
South Boston Municipal Court, . . . . .	36
Malden District Court, . . . . .	29
Abington District Court, . . . . .	28
Newton Police Court, . . . . .	23

Marlborough Police Court, . . . . .	22
North Adams, Pittsfield and Stoughton District Courts, 18 each, . . . . .	54
Roxbury Municipal Court, . . . . .	17
Brighton Municipal and Concord District Courts, 16 each,	32
New Bedford District Court, . . . . .	15
Milford District Court, . . . . .	13
Charlestown Municipal and Westfield District Courts, 11 each, . . . . .	22
Hingham District Court, . . . . .	10
Brookline Municipal and Attleborough District Courts, 9 each, . . . . .	18
Framingham, Gloucester, Southbridge, Walpole and Web- ster District Courts, 8 each, . . . . .	40
Plymouth Superior and Barnstable District Courts, 7 each,	14
Lowell and Cambridge Superior, Lee, Fitchburg, Chicopee and Springfield Police, Adams and Westborough Dis- trict and Andover and Hudson Trial Justice Courts, 5 each, . . . . .	20
Northampton, Salem and Worcester Superior and Middle- borough and Ware District Courts, 4 each, . . . . .	20
Dedham Superior, West Roxbury Municipal, Franklin and East Brookfield District and Methuen and Leomin- ster Trial Justice Courts, 3 each, . . . . .	18
Ayer, Brookfield, Palmer and Plymouth District and Pea- body, Nantucket and North Andover Trial Justice Courts, 2 each, . . . . .	14
Barnstable and New Bedford Superior, East Boston Mu- nicipal, Blackstone, Maynard, Oak Bluffs and Orange District and Marblehead Trial Justice Courts, 1 each, .	8
	————— 3,946

## CRIMES OF PRISONERS.

Drunkenness, . . . . .	3,177
Vagrancy, . . . . .	505
Tramps, . . . . .	144
Idle and disorderly, . . . . .	56
Vagabonds, . . . . .	29
Escape from State Farm, . . . . .	6
Non-support, . . . . .	5
Common night walkers, . . . . .	4
Escape from State Hospital, . . . . .	3
Assault and battery, . . . . .	2
Breaking and entering, . . . . .	2
Escape from Industrial Camp, . . . . .	2
All others, . . . . .	11
	————— 3,946

## SENTENCES OF PRISONERS.

Indeterminate, one year, . . . . .	2,559
Indeterminate, two years, . . . . .	738
Nine months (returned from probation), . . . . .	446
Five months (returned from probation), . . . . .	126
Fifteen months (returned from probation), . . . . .	23
All others, . . . . .	54
	<hr/> 3,946

Of the number of prisoners admitted, 2,448 had been admitted previously, as follows:—

Second time, . . . . .	798
Third time, . . . . .	505
Fourth time, . . . . .	323
Fifth time, . . . . .	206
Sixth time, . . . . .	160
Seventh time, . . . . .	120
Eighth time, . . . . .	108
Ninth time, . . . . .	74
Tenth time, . . . . .	37
Eleventh time, . . . . .	29
Twelfth time, . . . . .	28
Thirteenth time, . . . . .	19
Fourteenth time, . . . . .	13
Fifteenth time, . . . . .	12
Sixteenth time, . . . . .	8
Seventeenth time, . . . . .	3
Eighteenth time, . . . . .	1
Nineteenth time, . . . . .	1
Twentieth time, . . . . .	1
Twenty-first time, . . . . .	1
Twenty-third time, . . . . .	1
	<hr/> 2,448

## TOWNS, ETC., FROM WHICH PAUPERS HAVE BEEN RECEIVED.

State Hospital, . . . . .	290
Fall River, . . . . .	151
New Bedford, . . . . .	101
Brockton, . . . . .	99
Taunton, . . . . .	38
Middleborough, . . . . .	21
Bridgewater, . . . . .	21
Wareham, . . . . .	8

Quincy, . . . . .	6
Prison department, . . . . .	6
Braintree, . . . . .	2
Fairhaven, . . . . .	2
Easton, . . . . .	2
West Bridgewater, . . . . .	2
Provincetown, . . . . .	1
Rockland, . . . . .	1
Kingston, . . . . .	1
Whitman, . . . . .	1
Orleans, . . . . .	1
Raynham, . . . . .	1
Bourne, . . . . .	1
Boston, . . . . .	1

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 757

HOSPITALS, JAILS, ETC., FROM WHICH INSANE PATIENTS HAVE BEEN  
RECEIVED.

Prison department, . . . . .	53
State Prison, . . . . .	12
Massachusetts Reformatory, . . . . .	11
New Bedford House of Correction, . . . . .	6
Cambridge House of Correction, . . . . .	5
Suffolk County House of Correction, . . . . .	4
Taunton Insane Hospital, . . . . .	4
Middlesex Superior Court, . . . . .	3
Suffolk Superior Court, . . . . .	3
Greenfield House of Correction, . . . . .	3
Dedham Jail, . . . . .	2
Salem Jail, . . . . .	2
Bristol Superior Court, . . . . .	1
Hampden Superior Court, . . . . .	1
East Cambridge House of Correction, . . . . .	1
Salem House of Correction, . . . . .	1
Lawrence House of Correction, . . . . .	1
Plymouth Jail, . . . . .	1
Pittsfield Jail, . . . . .	1
Barnstable Jail, . . . . .	1
Worcester Insane Hospital, . . . . .	1

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## EXPENDITURES FROM DEC. 1, 1907, TO DEC. 1, 1908.

Salaries, wages and labor, . . . . .	\$75,000 00
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## Food: —

Butter, . . . . .	\$1,073 58
Butterine, . . . . .	3,942 03
Beans, . . . . .	4,372 85
Bread and crackers, . . . . .	223 63
Cereals, rice, meal, etc., . . . . .	1,717 25
Cheese, . . . . .	67 02
Eggs, . . . . .	471 90
Flour, . . . . .	23,123 34
Fish, . . . . .	4,822 24
Fruit (dried and fresh), . . . . .	2,046 06
Meats, . . . . .	33,129 69
Milk, . . . . .	1,621 55
Molasses and syrup, . . . . .	2,150 40
Sugar, . . . . .	5,157 95
Tea, coffee, broma and cocoa, . . . . .	2,572 68
Vegetables, . . . . .	4,056 46
Sundries, . . . . .	1,880 72
	<hr/>
	92,429 35

## Clothing and clothing material: —

Boots, shoes and rubbers, . . . . .	\$1,498 47
Clothing, . . . . .	1,279 38
Dry goods for clothing, and small wares, . . . . .	15,103 44
Furnishing goods, . . . . .	4,901 69
Hats and caps, . . . . .	592 53
Leather and shoe findings, . . . . .	5,116 76
Sundries, . . . . .	276 16
	<hr/>
	28,768 43

## Furnishings: —

Beds, bedding, table linen, etc., . . . . .	\$5,301 44
Brushes, brooms, etc., . . . . .	821 50
Carpets, rugs, etc., . . . . .	60 80
Crockery, glassware, cutlery, etc., . . . . .	485 62
Furniture and upholstery, . . . . .	142 73
Kitchen furnishings, . . . . .	264 53
Wooden ware, buckets, pails, etc., . . . . .	189 38
Sundries, . . . . .	592 85
	<hr/>
	7,858 85

<i>Amount carried forward, . . . . .</i>	<hr/>	\$204,056 63
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*Amount brought forward,* . . . . . \$204,056 63

Heat, light and power:—

Coal, . . . . .	\$29,898 04
Electricity, . . . . .	153 00
Gas, . . . . .	423 12
Oil, . . . . .	1,142 09
Sundries, . . . . .	1,525 25

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33,141 50

Repairs and improvements:—

Cement, . . . . .	\$189 65
Doors, sashes, etc., . . . . .	88 15
Electrical supplies, . . . . .	557 23
Hardware, . . . . .	1,542 63
Lumber, . . . . .	2,500 49
Machinery, . . . . .	1,564 95
Paints, oils, glass, etc., . . . . .	1,334 86
Plumbing, steam fitting and supplies, . . . . .	2,291 25
Roofing and materials, . . . . .	369 31
Mechanics and laborers, . . . . .	2,654 65
Sundries, . . . . .	1,978 94

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15,072 11

Farm, stable and grounds:—

Blacksmith and supplies, . . . . .	\$1,266 80
Carriages, wagons and repairs, . . . . .	30 19
Fertilizers, vines, seeds, etc., . . . . .	5,141 67
Hay, grain, etc., . . . . .	11,210 19
Harnesses and repairs, . . . . .	85 76
Horses, . . . . .	925 00
Other live stock, . . . . .	420 00
Tools, farm machines, etc., . . . . .	1,291 01
Sundries, . . . . .	508 83

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20,879 45

Miscellaneous:—

Books, periodicals, etc., . . . . .	\$340 56
Chapel services and entertainments, . . . . .	1,058 00
Freight, expressage and transportation, . . . . .	3,814 05
Gratuities, . . . . .	4,789 35
Hose, etc., . . . . .	100 00
Labor (not on pay-roll), . . . . .	295 00
Medicines and hospital supplies, . . . . .	3,946 93
Medical attendance, nurses, etc., . . . . .	215 00
Postage, . . . . .	504 00

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*Amounts carried forward,* . . . . . \$15,062 89 \$273,149 69

<i>Amounts brought forward,</i>	.	.	.	\$15,062 89	\$273,149 69
Printing and printing supplies,	.	.	.	389 43	
Return of runaways,	.	.	.	124 64	
Soap and laundry supplies,	.	.	.	1,881 41	
Stationery and office supplies,	.	.	.	749 34	
Travel and expenses (officials),	.	.	.	509 83	
Telephone and telegraph,	.	.	.	311 73	
Tobacco,	.	.	.	3,040 98	
Sundries,	.	.	.	1,956 07	
					24,026 32
					\$297,176 01

Weekly expenditure,	.	.	.	.	.	.	\$2 65
Amount received from sales, labor of inmates, produce sold, etc.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	\$13,657 11

## SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS.

*High Stone Wall.*

## Chapter 79, Resolves 1903.

Masons' labor,	.	.	.	.	.	.	\$157 50
Carpenters' labor,	.	.	.	.	.	.	195 00
Cement,	.	.	.	.	.	.	1,952 71
							\$2,305 21

*Pauper Building.*

## Chapter 444, Acts 1905.

Masons' labor,	.	.	.	.	.	.	\$38 69
Plumbers' supplies and labor,	.	.	.	.	.	.	43 71
Hardware,	.	.	.	.	.	.	146 14
Expanded metal, iron rods, etc.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	115 05
Heating apparatus,	.	.	.	.	.	.	170 20
							\$513 79

*Barn and Stable.*

## Chapter 444, Acts 1905.

Carpenters' labor,	.	.	.	.	.	.	\$261 00
Lumber,	.	.	.	.	.	.	339 59
Steam pipe, fittings, etc.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	172 17
Expanded metal, iron rods, etc.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	413 20
Castings,	.	.	.	.	.	.	132 36
							\$1,318 32

*Building for Insane Department.*

## Chapter 500, Acts 1906.

Masons' labor, . . . . .	\$775 61
Carpenters' labor, . . . . .	432 00
Draughtsman, . . . . .	74 25
Cement, . . . . .	323 16
Windows, weights, etc., . . . . .	411 72
Tin conductors, etc., . . . . .	74 90
Roofing, . . . . .	443 54
Plumbers' supplies and labor, . . . . .	218 47

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 \$2,753 65
*Building for Female Prisoners.*

## Chapter 500, Acts 1906.

Masons' labor, . . . . .	\$3,151 00
Carpenters' labor, . . . . .	1,251 00
Engineer's services, . . . . .	102 60
Flooring, . . . . .	959 70
Roofing, . . . . .	196 66
Plumbing and steam fitting, . . . . .	1,185 42
Cement, . . . . .	1,067 86
Heating apparatus, . . . . .	1,075 00
Metal laths, wire, etc., . . . . .	190 22
Hardware, . . . . .	275 60
Windows, weights, etc., . . . . .	905 86
Paints, oils, etc., . . . . .	42 00
Skylights, . . . . .	108 59
Carting sand and gravel, . . . . .	557 29
Freight, . . . . .	128 87

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 \$11,197 67
*Hot-water Supply.*

## Chapter 80, Resolves 1906.

Heater, . . . . .	\$575 00
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*Prison Dining Room.*

## Chapter 80, Resolves 1906.

Masons' labor, . . . . .	\$619 43
Carpenters' labor, . . . . .	429 00
Cement, . . . . .	563 04

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*Amount carried forward, . . . . .* \$1,611 47

<i>Amount brought forward,</i>	\$1,611 47
Expanded metal, iron rods, etc.,	376 69
Lumber,	77 19
Heating apparatus,	300 00
Flooring,	225 00
Steam kettles,	319 65
Freight,	90 00
	<hr/>
	\$3,000 00

*Stable.*

## Chapter 102, Resolves 1907.

Masons' labor,	\$1,342 00
Carpenters' labor,	1,233 00
Draughtsman,	134 75
Lumber,	834 69
Cement,	2,075 59
Mixer,	250 00
Windows, weight, etc.,	69 60
Expanded metal, iron rods, etc.,	1,328 48
Nails,	56 05
Castings,	121 57
Pipe, fittings, etc.,	100 89
Drain pipe,	165 08
Moving buildings,	695 00
Carting sand and gravel,	232 12
Freight,	121 48
	<hr/>
	\$8,760 31

*Furnishing and Lighting Pauper Building.*

## Chapter 555, Acts 1907.

Lumber,	\$892 73
Beds, bedding, etc.,	5,281 59
Engine and connections,	1,294 19
Furniture and furnishings,	1,509 66
Electrical supplies,	2,145 28
Plumbers' supplies and labor,	49 23
Cement,	10 80
Pipe, fittings, etc.,	466 73
Hardware,	132 78
Refrigerators,	284 12
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	\$12,067 11

*Attendants' Building.*

## Chapter 555, Acts 1907.

Masons' labor, . . . . .	\$1,504 50
Carpenters' labor, . . . . .	1,086 00
Draughtsman, . . . . .	140 25
Lumber, . . . . .	876 05
Roofing, . . . . .	143 33
Windows, weights, etc., . . . . .	228 32
Window guards, . . . . .	181 30
Expanded metal, iron rods, etc., . . . . .	584 60
Hardware and nails, . . . . .	118 86
Pipe, fittings, etc., . . . . .	215 00
Carting sand and gravel, . . . . .	154 74
Freight, . . . . .	22 05
	<hr/>
	\$5,255 00

*Furnishings for Industrial Building.*

## Chapter 555, Acts 1907.

Window guards, . . . . .	\$572 42
Pipe, fittings, etc., . . . . .	35 02
	<hr/>
	\$607 44

*Morgue.*

## Chapter 137, Resolves 1908.

Masons' labor, . . . . .	\$492 00
Carpenters' labor, . . . . .	294 00
Draughtsman, . . . . .	71 50
Cement, . . . . .	814 74
Windows, glass, etc., . . . . .	147 15
	<hr/>
	\$1,819 39

*Painting, Pumps and General Repairs.*

## Chapter 127, Resolves 1908.

Masons' labor, . . . . .	\$165 00
Carpenters' labor, . . . . .	702 00
Roofing, . . . . .	989 91
Paints, oils, etc., . . . . .	427 31
Lumber, . . . . .	592 50
Pumps, . . . . .	804 00
Valves, pipe, etc., . . . . .	550 69
Pipe covering, . . . . .	846 90
Hardware, . . . . .	115 00
Moving building, . . . . .	215 00
	<hr/>
	\$5,408 31



*Finishing and Furnishing Women's Building.*

## Chapter 146, Resolves 1908.

Masons' labor, . . . . .	\$729 00
Carpenters' labor, . . . . .	375 00
Cement, . . . . .	24 00
Doors, . . . . .	442 90
Lumber, . . . . .	131 12
Hardware, . . . . .	319 59
Plumbing and steam fitting, . . . . .	2,776 03
Carting sand and gravel, . . . . .	140 00

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\$4,937 64*Duplicate Pumping Plant.*

## Chapter 146, Resolves 1908.

Masons' labor, . . . . .	\$221 00
Carpenters' labor, . . . . .	84 00
Cement, . . . . .	1,206 60
Expanded metal, iron rods, etc., . . . . .	166 98
Pumps, . . . . .	1,300 00
Electrical goods, . . . . .	841 95
Freight, . . . . .	90 20

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\$3,910 73

VALUATION.

Nov. 30, 1908.

REAL ESTATE.

Land, . . . . .	\$65,690 00
Buildings, . . . . .	921,600 00

PERSONAL ESTATE.

Live stock, . . . . .	22,018 40
Products of farm, . . . . .	29,687 72
Carriages and agricultural implements, . . . . .	20,602 66
Machinery and mechanical implements, . . . . .	107,228 00
Beds and bedding, . . . . .	36,962 84
Other furniture, . . . . .	38,110 75
Personal property of State in superintendent's department, . . . . .	12,873 22
Ready-made clothing, . . . . .	36,437 38
Dry goods, . . . . .	4,792 06
Provisions and groceries, . . . . .	9,794 95
Drugs and medicines, . . . . .	1,524 18
Fuel, . . . . .	20,695 00
Library, . . . . .	400 00

\$1,328,417 16

LIST OF LIVE STOCK.

14 pairs work horses.	3 bulls.
1 pair work horses (freight).	200 hogs.
3 horses (express and depot).	190 shoats.
6 driving horses.	153 pigs.
4 pairs oxen.	29 breeding sows.
6 yearlings.	1 boar.
85 cows.	1,474 chickens.
6 two-year olds.	256 hens.

## PRODUCTS OF FARM.

449 $\frac{11}{20}$ tons English hay.	750 bushels parsnips.
38 $\frac{12}{20}$ tons oats, hayed.	2,007 bushels ruta bagas.
45 $\frac{1}{4}$ tons second crop.	450 bushels flat turnips.
28 $\frac{6}{20}$ tons squash.	41,992 heads cabbage.
21 $\frac{18}{20}$ tons pumpkins.	8,398 bunches celery.
634 bushels onions.	46 bushels pop corn.
7,101 bushels potatoes.	143 $\frac{2}{5}$ barrels apples.
5,850 bushels mangels.	1,000 tons ice.
808 bushels yellow globe beets.	175 cords manure.
3,735 bushels table beets.	50 cords hard wood.
1,260 bushels carrots.	

## LIST OF SALARIED OFFICERS.

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Superintendent (per annum), . . . . .	\$3,000 00
Assistant superintendent (per annum), . . . . .	1,200 00
Medical director (per annum), . . . . .	2,500 00
Assistant physicians (3, per annum), . . . . .	\$800 00 and 1,200 00
Internes (2, per annum), . . . . .	300 00
Clerk (per annum), . . . . .	2,000 00
Assistant clerks (3, per annum), . . . . .	\$420 00 and 600 00
Engineer (per annum), . . . . .	1,300 00
Assistant engineers (5, per annum), . . . . .	\$600 00 and 780 00
Firemen (6, per annum), . . . . .	240 00 to 540 00
Overseers (8, per annum), . . . . .	540 00 to 1,000 00
Farmer (per annum), . . . . .	1,200 00
Farm supervisors (average number 19, per annum), . . . . .	\$300 00 to 840 00
Supervisors (3, per annum), . . . . .	600 00 and 660 00
Attendants (average number 59, per month), . . . . .	25 00 to 50 00
Baker (per month), . . . . .	50 00
Watchmen (2, per month), . . . . .	\$35 00 and 50 00
Nurses (7, per month), . . . . .	30 00 to 50 00
Gardener (per month), . . . . .	65 00
Messenger (per month), . . . . .	35 00
Kitchen supervisors (5, per month), . . . . .	\$15 00 to 50 00
Housekeeper (per month), . . . . .	25 00
Matrons (2, per month), . . . . .	\$30 00 and 35 00
Domestic (per month), . . . . .	18 00

## HOSPITAL REPORT.

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*To the Trustees of the State Farm.*

In accordance with custom, I herewith submit the State Farm hospital report for the year ending Nov. 30, 1908.

Number in hospital Dec. 1, 1907, . . . . .	181	
Admitted during the year, . . . . .	811	
Total under treatment, . . . . .	—	992
Discharged during the year, . . . . .	776	
Died during the year, . . . . .	85	
	—	861
Remaining in hospital Dec. 1, 1908, . . . . .		131

We began the year with a crowded hospital, but there was a gradual decline in the number of cases admitted during the year. We admitted 106 cases in January, the largest number in any one month. In November there were 48 cases admitted. This was the smallest of our monthly admissions. Our death-rate has been higher than for three years past, and I know of no reason except that the number of incurable cases admitted has been large. More than 45 per cent. of those who died were more than sixty years of age. In 1904 we had the same number of deaths as this year, with 170 fewer cases treated. Of the 811 cases admitted during the year, 130 were for surgical treatment. Uncomplicated alcoholism was the diagnosis in 118 of the cases admitted, as against 171 similar cases last year. The following includes the numerically leading cases: bronchitis, acute and chronic, 26 cases, — 41 cases last year; diarrhœa, acute and chronic, 17 cases, — 42 cases last year; epilepsy, 15 cases, — 5 cases last year; gastritis, 20 cases, — 13 cases last year; cerebral hemorrhage, 9 cases, — 7 cases last year; hemorrhoids, 10 cases, — 10 cases last year; hernia, 9 cases, — 2 cases last year; influenza, 74 cases, — 81 cases last year; iritis, 7 cases, — 3 cases last year; malaria, 10 cases, — no case last year; delirium tremens, 6 cases, — 20 cases last year; organic

heart disease, 28 cases, — 22 cases last year; lobar pneumonia, 9 cases, — 21 cases last year; acute articular rheumatism, 13 cases, — 10 cases last year; chronic rheumatism, 10 cases, — 8 cases last year; syphilis, 13 cases, — 3 cases last year; tonsillitis, 11 cases, — 3 cases last year; pulmonary tuberculosis, 68 cases, — 72 cases last year. We had 3 cases of typhoid fever during the year, 1 complicated with hypostatic congestion of the lungs and 1 complicated with croupous pneumonia. The 2 complicated cases of typhoid died. Of our 9 cases of lobar pneumonia, 2 died. This makes our record 6 deaths from lobar pneumonia in 58 cases and 2 deaths from typhoid fever in 33 cases during the past five years. It is again illustrated that “mortality rates, like other facts of nature, seem to ebb and flow or run in undulating lines.”

After five years of faithful and efficient service, Dr. Reuben J. Marvel resigned, to go into private practice early in June, and Dr. Benjamin B. Kasson was promoted to the position of first assistant physician. Dr. James H. Burkhead was promoted from medical interne to junior assistant physician, and Dr. E. P. Disbrow was appointed medical interne late in June. Here, as in the asylum department, we were fortunate in having thoroughly competent men ready for promotion in our own service, else the loss of Dr. Marvel's services would have been seriously felt.

Mr. W. J. Hamilton, who had had charge of the infirmary, and Mrs. M. J. Hamilton, who had been graduate nurse in charge of the hospital work for about eleven years, were transferred to the alms department early in the year. Mrs. A. L. Bowler was appointed to succeed Mrs. Hamilton and is doing efficient work. Because of her training and long service, Mrs. Hamilton was a valuable hospital officer, who well deserved such promotion as the superintendent could give. We are fortunate in retaining the services of the same trained nurse as “surgical dresser” whom we have had for years, and to all these assistants who have been loyal to duty I would express my sense of appreciation for work well done.

Very respectfully yours,

CHARLES A. DREW,  
*Resident Physician.*





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# HOSPITAL TABLES.

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## HOSPITAL TABLES.

TABLE NO. 1. — *Hospital Report.*

Number in hospital Dec. 1, 1907,	.	.	.	.	.	.	181
Admitted during year,	.	.	.	.	.	.	811
							<hr/>
Total under treatment,	.	.	.	.	.	.	992
Discharged during year,	.	.	.	.	.	.	776
Died during year,	.	.	.	.	.	.	85
							<hr/>
							861
							<hr/>
Remaining in hospital Nov. 30, 1908,	.	.	.	.	.	.	131

TABLE NO. 2. — *Monthly Admissions, Discharges and Deaths.*

		Admitted.	Discharged.	Died.
December,	1907. .	66	57	10
January,	1908. .	106	98	5
February,	.	81	75	6
March,	.	72	76	10
April,	.	69	78	7
May,	.	81	65	6
June,	.	62	55	9
July,	.	58	64	5
August,	.	60	67	7
September,	.	45	46	3
October,	.	63	50	9
November,	.	48	45	8
Totals,	.	811	776	85

TABLE NO. 3. — *Ages of Patients on Admission.*

	Under 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 and Over.
<b>1907.</b>								
December, . . .	—	9	15	17	10	9	6	—
<b>1908.</b>								
January, . . .	2	7	19	30	23	16	7	2
February, . . .	4	9	19	15	17	9	4	4
March, . . .	4	9	18	13	10	8	8	2
April, . . .	3	6	17	8	21	9	4	1
May, . . .	2	16	21	15	10	12	5	—
June, . . .	—	5	14	17	10	10	5	1
July, . . .	3	11	10	11	12	9	2	—
August, . . .	1	9	15	9	15	7	3	1
September, . . .	—	8	12	9	8	7	1	—
October, . . .	1	7	11	17	15	8	4	—
November, . . .	1	2	9	11	13	8	4	—
Totals, . . .	21	98	180	172	164	112	53	11



TABLE NO. 4. — *Tabulated Report of Cases in the Hospital at the Beginning of the Year.*

DISEASES.	No. of Cases.	Recovery.	Improved.	Unimproved.	Died.
Abscess, leg, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Alcoholism, . . . . .	10	10	-	-	-
Asthma, . . . . .	3	-	1	2	-
Bronchitis, acute, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Bronchitis, chronic, . . . . .	5	-	4	1	-
Bronchitis, chronic, and senility, . . . . .	3	-	-	-	3
Burn, hip, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Cataract, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-
Chancroid, . . . . .	2	2	-	-	-
Cirrhosis, liver, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Constipation, acute, . . . . .	2	2	-	-	-
Debility, . . . . .	13	-	7	6	-
Diarrhœa, acute, and senility, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Epilepsy, . . . . .	2	-	1	1	-
Epilepsy, and myocarditis, chronic, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Fracture, arm, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Fracture, elbow, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Fracture, leg, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Fracture, calcaneum, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Gastritis, acute, . . . . .	2	2	-	-	-
Gastritis, chronic, . . . . .	1	-	1	-	-
Hemiplegia, . . . . .	3	-	-	3	-
Hemorrhage, cerebral, . . . . .	4	-	1	1	2
Hemorrhage, cerebral, and senility, . . . . .	2	-	-	-	2
Hemorrhoids, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Incontinence, urine, . . . . .	1	-	1	-	-
Infected arm, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Infected hand, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Influenza, . . . . .	10	10	-	-	-
Insanity, manic-depressive, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-
Laryngitis, acute, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Lumbago, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Myelitis, transverse, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-
Myocarditis, chronic, and senility, . . . . .	2	-	-	-	2
Nephritis, acute, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Nephritis, chronic interstitial, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-
Neurasthenia, . . . . .	1	-	1	-	-
Organic brain disease, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Organic heart disease, . . . . .	8	-	4	1	3
Organic heart disease and hypostatic congestion, lungs, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Paraplegia, spastic, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-
Pleurisy, acute plastic, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Pneumonia, hypostatic, and rheumatoid arthritis, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Retention, urine, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Rheumatism, acute articular, . . . . .	3	3	-	-	-
Rheumatism, chronic, . . . . .	2	2	-	2	-
Scabies, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Sclerosis, lateral, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-
Senility, . . . . .	25	-	-	25	-
Trauma, ankle, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Trauma, eye, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Trauma, wrist, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Tuberculosis, knee, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Tuberculosis, pulmonary, . . . . .	34	-	18	7	9
Tuberculosis, pulmonary, and diabetes, mellitus, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Ulcer, foot, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Ulcer, leg, . . . . .	7	3	4	-	-
Uremia and cystitis, chronic, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Uremia and nephritis, chronic interstitial, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Totals, . . . . .	181	53	43	55	30

TABLE NO. 5. — *Tabulated Report of Cases treated in the Hospital, admitted during the Year ending Nov. 30, 1908.*

DISEASES.	No. of Cases.	Recovery.	Improved.	Unimproved.	Died.
Abscess, arm, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Abscess, jaw, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Abscess, leg, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Alcoholism, . . . . .	118	118	—	—	—
Alcoholism and bronchitis, chronic, . . . . .	2	—	2	—	—
Alcoholism and chancroids, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Alcoholism and diarrhœa, acute, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Alcoholism and rheumatism, chronic, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—
Alcoholism and trauma, back, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Alcoholism and trauma, foot, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Alcoholism and trauma, head, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Alcoholism and trauma, hip, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Alcoholism and trauma, side, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Amputation, finger, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Amputation, leg, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Anemia, progressive pernicious, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Anemia, splenic, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Appendicitis, acute, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Asthma, . . . . .	6	—	5	1	—
Bronchitis, acute, . . . . .	3	3	—	—	—
Bronchitis, chronic, . . . . .	16	—	15	1	—
Bronchitis, chronic, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—
Bronchitis, chronic, and senility, . . . . .	6	—	—	4	2
Bubo, . . . . .	4	4	—	—	—
Bursitis, acute, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Carbuncle, leg, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Carbuncle, neck, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Carbuncle, shoulder, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Carcinoma, liver, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Carcinoma, stomach, . . . . .	3	—	—	1	2
Chancroid, . . . . .	3	3	—	—	—
Cirrhosis, liver, . . . . .	1	—	—	1	—
Cirrhosis, liver, and bronchitis, chronic, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Conjunctivitis, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Constipation, acute, . . . . .	19	19	—	—	—
Convulsions and dilatation, stomach, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Coryza, acute, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Cystitis, chronic, . . . . .	1	—	—	1	—
Debility, . . . . .	34	2	27	5	—
Dementia, primary, . . . . .	7	—	—	7	—
Dementia, senile, . . . . .	4	—	—	4	—
Diabetes, mellitus, . . . . .	3	—	—	1	2
Diarrhœa, acute, . . . . .	14	14	—	—	—
Diarrhœa, chronic, . . . . .	3	—	3	—	—

TABLE No. 5 — *Continued.*

DISEASES.	No. of Cases.	Recovery.	Improved.	Unimproved.	Died.
Dilatation, stomach, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—
Dislocation, shoulder, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Drowning, accidental, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Eczema, . . . . .	6	4	2	—	—
Epilepsy, . . . . .	15	—	14	1	—
Epithelioma, jaw, . . . . .	2	—	—	1	1
Epithelioma, lip, . . . . .	1	—	—	1	—
Erysipelas, . . . . .	5	5	—	—	—
Fistula, anal, . . . . .	10	9	1	—	—
Fistula, urethra, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Fracture, arm, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Fracture, astragalus, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Fracture, clavicle, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Fracture, jaw, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Fracture, radius, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Fracture, ribs, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Frost-bite, toes, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Gastritis, acute, . . . . .	6	6	—	—	—
Gastritis, alcoholic, . . . . .	3	3	—	—	—
Gastritis, chronic, . . . . .	11	—	8	3	—
Gonorrhœa, acute, . . . . .	4	4	—	—	—
Heat exhaustion, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Hemiplegia, . . . . .	2	—	1	1	—
Hemoptysis, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Hemorrhage, cerebral, . . . . .	8	—	4	—	4
Hemorrhage, cerebral, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Hemorrhoids, . . . . .	10	8	2	—	—
Hernia, incarcerated, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Hernia, inguinal, . . . . .	6	3	—	3	—
Hernia, strangulated, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Hernia, ventral, . . . . .	1	—	—	1	—
Hypostatic congestion, lungs, and senility, Hysteria, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Incontinence, urine, . . . . .	5	—	4	1	—
Indigestion, acute, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Infected arm, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Infected hand, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Infected toe, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Influenza, . . . . .	73	70	3	—	—
Influenza and pulmonary œdema, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Insanity, alcoholic, . . . . .	4	1	2	1	—
Insanity, toxic, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Intestinal obstruction, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Intoxication, auto-intestinal, . . . . .	3	3	—	—	—
Iritis, acute, . . . . .	7	7	—	—	—
Jaundice, catarrhal, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—

TABLE NO. 5 — *Continued.*

DISEASES.	No. of Cases.	Recovery.	Improved.	Unimproved.	Died.
Lipoma, back, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Lipoma, shoulder, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Locomotor ataxia, . . . . .	3	—	—	3	—
Lumbago, . . . . .	9	9	—	—	—
Malaria, . . . . .	10	10	—	—	—
Malnutrition, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Mania a potu, . . . . .	6	6	—	—	—
Meningitis, cerebro-spinal, . . . . .	2	1	—	—	1
Myocarditis, chronic, and senility, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Nephritis, acute, . . . . .	3	2	—	—	1
Nephritis, chronic interstitial, . . . . .	3	—	2	1	—
Nephritis, chronic interstitial, and bron- chitis, chronic, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Nephritis, chronic parenchymatous, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Neuralgia, facial, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Neuralgia, intercostal, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Neurasthenia, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—
Neuritis, alcoholic, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Neuritis, optic, . . . . .	2	—	—	2	—
Organic brain disease, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Organic heart disease, . . . . .	25	—	17	1	7
Organic heart disease and alcoholism, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Organic heart disease and gangrene, foot, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Organic heart disease and pneumonia, hypostatic, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Orchitis, acute, . . . . .	3	3	—	—	—
Papillomata, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Pediculi, corporis, . . . . .	3	3	—	—	—
Pharyngitis, acute, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Phimosis, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Phlebitis, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Phthisis, acute pneumonia, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Pleurisy, acute plastic, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Pleurisy, fibrinous, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Pneumonia, catarrhal, and alcoholism, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Pneumonia, hypostatic, and senility, . . . . .	2	—	—	—	2
Pneumonia, lobar, . . . . .	9	7	—	—	2
Pott's disease, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—
Rheumatism, acute articular, . . . . .	13	11	2	—	—
Rheumatism, chronic, . . . . .	6	—	5	1	—
Rheumatism, gonorrhœal, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—
Rheumatism, muscular, . . . . .	3	2	1	—	—
Sarcoma, ileum, . . . . .	1	—	—	1	—
Scabies, . . . . .	22	22	—	—	—
Sciatica, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Senility, . . . . .	9	—	—	9	—
Septic leg, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—

TABLE No. 5 — *Concluded.*

DISEASES.	No. of Cases.	Recovery.	Improved.	Unimproved.	Died.
Sprained ankle, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Sprained wrist, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Stomatitis, ulcerative, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Stricture, urethral, . . . . .	3	2	1	—	—
Synovitis, knee, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Syphilis, secondary, . . . . .	13	—	13	—	—
Tinea circinata, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Tonsilitis, catarrhal, . . . . .	9	9	—	—	—
Tonsilitis, follicular, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Trauma, ankle, . . . . .	4	4	—	—	—
Trauma, arm, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Trauma, finger, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Trauma, foot, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Trauma, hand, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Trauma, head, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Trauma, hip, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Trauma, knee, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Trauma, leg, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Trauma, shoulder, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Trauma, side, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Trauma, toes, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Tuberculosis, hip, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—
Tuberculosis, pulmonary, . . . . .	65	—	42	16	7
Tuberculosis, pulmonary, and gastritis, chronic, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Tuberculosis, pulmonary, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Tuberculosis, pulmonary, and rheumatism, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—
Typhoid fever, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Typhoid fever and hypostatic congestion, lungs, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Typhoid fever and pneumonia, lobar, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Ulcer, cornea, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Ulcer, eye-lid, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Ulcer, foot, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Ulcer, leg, . . . . .	19	15	4	—	—
Ulcer, neck, . . . . .	2	1	1	—	—
Ulcer, stomach, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Uremia and nephritis, chronic interstitial, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Totals, . . . . .	811	493	190	73	55



TABLE No. 6. — *Deaths, 1907-08.*

Anemia, progressive, pernicious, . . . . .	1
Anemia, splenic, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1
Bronchitis, chronic, and senility, . . . . .	5
Carcinoma, liver, . . . . .	1
Carcinoma, stomach, . . . . .	2
Cirrhosis, liver, . . . . .	1
Cirrhosis, liver, and bronchitis, chronic, . . . . .	1
Convulsions and dilatation, stomach, . . . . .	1
Diabetes, mellitus, . . . . .	2
Diarrhœa, acute, and senility, . . . . .	1
Drowning, accidental, . . . . .	1
Epilepsy and myocarditis, chronic, . . . . .	1
Epithelioma, jaw, . . . . .	1
Hemorrhage, cerebral, . . . . .	6
Hemorrhage, cerebral, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1
Hemorrhage, cerebral, and senility, . . . . .	2
Hypostatic congestion, lungs, and senility, . . . . .	1
Influenza and pulmonary œdema, . . . . .	1
Meningitis, cerebro-spinal, . . . . .	1
Myocarditis, chronic, and senility, . . . . .	3
Nephritis, acute, . . . . .	1
Nephritis, chronic interstitial, and bronchitis, chronic, . . . . .	1
Nephritis, chronic parenchymatous, . . . . .	1
Neuritis, alcoholic, . . . . .	1
Organic brain disease, . . . . .	2
Organic heart disease, . . . . .	10
Organic heart disease and alcoholism, . . . . .	1
Organic heart disease and gangrene, foot, . . . . .	1
Organic heart disease, and hypostatic congestion, lungs, . . . . .	2
Phthisis, acute pneumonic, . . . . .	1
Pneumonia, catarrhal, and alcoholism, . . . . .	1
Pneumonia, hypostatic, and rheumatoid arthritis, . . . . .	1
Pneumonia, hypostatic, and senility, . . . . .	2
Pneumonia, lobar, . . . . .	2
Tuberculosis, pulmonary, . . . . .	16
Tuberculosis, pulmonary, and diabetes, mellitus, . . . . .	1
Tuberculosis, pulmonary, and gastritis, chronic, . . . . .	1
Tuberculosis, pulmonary, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1
Typhoid fever and hypostatic congestion, lungs, . . . . .	1
Typhoid fever and pneumonia, lobar, . . . . .	1
Uremia and cystitis, chronic, . . . . .	1
Uremia and nephritis, chronic interstitial, . . . . .	2
Total, . . . . .	85

Deaths are classified as follows: —

Prisoners, . . . . .	28
Almshouse, . . . . .	57
Total, . . . . .	85

TABLE No. 7. — *Ages.*

	Under 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 and Over.	Total.
Deaths, . . . . .	—	1	14	11	20	19	15	5	85

TABLE No. 8. — *Table showing Number of Patients in Hospital Each Day, Dec. 1, 1907, to Nov. 30, 1908.*

DAY OF MONTH.		1907.	1908.										
		December.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.
1.	.	180	176	180	184	166	155	151	156	150	122	132	137
2.	.	165	180	182	176	169	143	150	156	149	122	133	138
3.	.	170	179	184	176	173	144	152	157	149	123	133	130
4.	.	171	175	176	178	164	148	151	157	150	123	133	130
5.	.	177	175	180	177	165	151	154	157	151	126	136	130
6.	.	179	170	181	174	158	152	154	157	145	127	133	133
7.	.	181	175	180	174	158	151	154	159	145	128	127	134
8.	.	183	179	182	175	149	153	153	156	145	129	128	134
9.	.	179	181	183	177	150	155	152	158	146	127	130	127
10.	.	180	179	180	179	140	156	150	163	146	129	132	129
11.	.	179	171	184	185	141	155	155	164	140	132	133	131
12.	.	181	171	185	179	142	155	153	167	143	134	134	133
13.	.	180	177	181	181	144	161	154	165	144	134	135	136
14.	.	171	173	181	185	147	164	155	165	149	130	127	138
15.	.	172	175	179	186	150	162	148	155	150	128	128	137
16.	.	175	172	180	181	152	159	151	157	150	132	127	140
17.	.	176	175	174	177	148	158	150	158	144	133	128	141
18.	.	177	169	174	177	155	161	152	157	144	132	130	144
19.	.	178	171	179	181	158	156	151	158	148	133	132	142
20.	.	171	174	183	169	159	157	153	160	142	136	134	143
21.	.	169	173	179	173	159	164	153	160	144	131	126	145
22.	.	169	168	183	173	147	153	157	159	145	126	129	145
23.	.	170	170	184	174	147	154	157	154	146	127	131	136
24.	.	170	172	180	171	147	154	158	154	145	127	130	137
25.	.	170	173	183	174	152	156	159	147	145	129	130	136
26.	.	170	174	178	172	153	159	157	147	136	129	125	136
27.	.	173	173	180	174	148	161	155	153	138	130	127	138
28.	.	175	179	182	165	150	162	157	155	134	132	131	137
29.	.	175	174	183	165	152	161	159	150	136	133	131	136
30.	.	178	178	-	165	153	163	161	151	137	132	131	131
31.	.	180	183	-	169	-	163	-	150	136	-	136	-

## STATE FARM, BRIDGEWATER.

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### STATE ASYLUM FOR INSANE CRIMINALS.

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EDWARD WYLLYS TAYLOR, M.D.,	.	.	.	.	.	BOSTON.
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## ASYLUM REPORT.

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*To the Trustees of the State Farm.*

In accordance with custom I herewith submit the report of the State Asylum for Insane Criminals for the year ending Nov. 30, 1908.

In compliance with the wishes of the State Board of Insanity, the accompanying tables are for the year ending Sept. 30, 1908.

On Oct. 1, 1907, there were 567 committed patients in the asylum. Oct. 1, 1908, the number had increased to 610, — a gain of 43 for the year. There were 102 different persons admitted during the year, 77 of whom were first admissions to any hospital for the insane. The number of different persons under treatment was 668. There were 59 different persons dismissed during the year, 8 of whom were considered recovered, and 13 others sufficiently improved to be capable of self-support. Twenty-four patients died, — about 4.1 per cent. reckoned on the daily average, and 3.6 per cent. reckoned on the total number of different persons under treatment. The recovery rate was 7.8 per cent. reckoned on the different persons admitted during the year, and 10.3 per cent. reckoned on the cases first admitted to any hospital. The number released capable of self-support, including those recovered (21), was 20.6 per cent. of the different persons admitted and 27.3 per cent. reckoned on those first admitted to any hospital for the insane.

Ten years ago, when it was my privilege to make a first report to your Board, we closed the year with 300 patients, — the total inmate population of the State Farm then being 1,168. It is interesting to note that our asylum population and the total population of the State Farm have each been doubled during the ten years just passed. It looks as if much would be expected of us in the future, not alone in giving custodial



care to an increasing number of habitual offenders against the law who are constitutionally defective, but we will be expected to keep abreast of medical progress in all that pertains to mental medicine, — to the end that each curable case may have every possible aid to recovery. From a medical viewpoint it is the keeping abreast of medical progress that makes our work worth while. Looking at the question from an economic viewpoint only, we must see that every permanent recovery of a patient between the ages of twenty-five and forty years means a saving of from \$3,000 to \$5,000 for the State, assuming the individual would live to the age of sixty. For each patient who continued well enough to be self-supporting the economic gain would be the same. It is not, therefore, a matter of sentiment or professional pride that creates the conviction that it is a wise policy and true economy to use every method and every measure that increases the insane man's chances for recovery.

It is probably true that the majority of free sane men eat more than they need, especially of meats and stimulating foods. I am sure, however, that 50 per cent., at least, of the insane are poorly nourished, because of loss of appetite, delusions about their food, faulty assimilation or some kindred condition. These men need to be urged to eat, — oftentimes persistently urged. Coarse food, like bread, meat and potatoes, cannot be forced upon them in sufficient quantity. They are sick men, even though they may not be bed patients, and sorely need a sick man's diet. Milk, eggs and sugar must be had in fair quantity or the man's chance for recovery is lost, and he becomes a "chronic" and a permanent load on the Commonwealth. It is true, unfortunately, that an excess even of the best of nutriment, with the most favorable hygienic conditions, will not ensure recovery, and yet it is the liberal nutriment and the best hygiene which count most for the saving of some.

So thoroughly has this idea been established as a truism in mental medicine that special hospitals with a special dietary, for the treatment of acute and curable cases, are being advocated in connection with existing institutions in our own and other States.

During the months of July, August and September we were gathering from our asylum garden, which added substantially



to our patients' dietary for those months. Nineteen bushels of peas, 40 bushels of shell beans, 345 bushels of string beans, 103 bushels of tomatoes, 184 dozen of cucumbers, 85 watermelons, 254 cantaloups, and 1,680 ears of green corn were harvested this summer, while several thousand strawberry plants were set out which should yield next summer. Our enclosed garden was only about half under cultivation, but much grading was done, so that a much larger area will be ready to cultivate next year.

It seems to be true that there is a growing demand for an institution which will combine reasonable custodial security with the modern methods of a progressive hospital for the insane. We have received more than double the number of patients during the past two months that we received for the corresponding months in 1907, and the signs are that it is not merely accidental. When the asylum had 200 or 300 patients, mostly chronic cases, its wants were not many, nor was it comparatively expensive. Now that we number more than 600 patients, with acute cases coming in weekly, our needs are more imperative, and we cannot avoid being more expensive and troublesome. It seems conservative to expect that in ten years more the number of our patients will equal or exceed 1,000. In two more years, estimating by the past year's increase, all our rooms and vacant beds will be occupied, and it seems as though we ought to face these conditions and plan comprehensively for the future. In order to build cheaply we must do our own work and build when we can. This means that we must build slowly, and it seems as if we ought to begin the work this year.

It is thought best to ask for an appropriation to build for 150 patients of the most dangerous class, and to enclose the building with a wall sufficiently distant and high to make the building more secure than the closely adjacent buildings of our present asylum plant.

Directly west of our walled-in garden of 17 acres is an area of 10 acres of rough, stony land, of good soil, were the stones removed and the soil worked. This, we believe, our patients could mostly do. It is proposed to wall in this 10 acres, which would need a wall on three sides only, and to build for 150 men within this enclosure or within our enclosed garden, using

the new enclosure for additional ground for employment of patients. It is the opinion of the superintendent and director of construction that the additional 10 acres can be enclosed and a completely fire-proof building of cement and iron constructed for 150 patients of the dangerous class for \$90,000. In this estimate, \$12,000 is allowed for the wall and \$78,000 for the building for 150 patients.

We have fully demonstrated that a sufficient number of our patients are willing and competent to work, and we know that regular work in fair quantity is better for them than much medicine.

Although we have had less difficulty in securing help during the year, owing to "hard times" in many industries, yet it is always difficult to keep a sufficient number of the right kind of men who are the most desirable. In making a further provision for attendants I would recommend that modest cottages be built which can be rented to married men at a rate to cover interest on cost and repairs. This would be hardly more expensive than the ordinary "attendants' home," from which there is no return, and it would be a strong inducement for married men — who are more mature and desirable — to make the care of the insane their life work.

Our medical work has been along the lines of former years. We continue to make daily use of hydrotherapy, and find it among the best of sedative measures. Our epileptics have many less convulsions when under regular treatment, and we note improvement in the circulation of the skin and facial expression in nearly all cases under treatment, even those who do not belong to the curable class.

Our hospital service has been very satisfactory under the same charge attendant and graduate woman nurse. Our hospital accommodates about 60 patients, including the annex for the tuberculous, with 12 beds. There were 216 cases treated in this hospital for physical conditions associated with insanity, with a physical recovery of more than 50 per cent. of such cases. Three cases far advanced with tuberculosis when moved to this hospital annex died early in the year. In 8 other cases the disease has been arrested so that at present writing we have no case of tuberculosis in the asylum with an evening tempera-

ture above normal. This condition has held for about three months.

We have procured a dental chair, drill and some necessary accessories, so that we are now able to have a dental surgeon do work at the asylum. Some work has been done by Dr. C. J. Mercer of Bridgewater, and Mr. Aldrich of Brockton, an advanced student who has served two years as assistant to Brockton dentists, has done considerable acceptable work for our patients.

Dr. Alfred Elliott, senior assistant physician, resigned May 1, to enter private practice, and Dr. Leonard A. Baker was promoted to the position of senior assistant. Dr. Charles G. Miles was appointed as junior assistant. Dr. Elliott was with us eight years, and gave proof of superior ability as a surgeon and diagnostician in the general hospital department of the State Farm before he was transferred to the asylum. We were fortunate in having so tried and competent a physician as Dr. Baker in our own service, ready for promotion, else the loss to our service would have been serious. Dr. Miles enters upon his work with a painstaking earnestness which promises well for his professional future.

The past year has added to my sense of obligation to your Board and to the superintendent of the State Farm for helpful advice and uniform courtesy.

To my non-medical assistants we owe much, and to those attendants and nurses who have been kind and patient with their insane charges not a little of such credit as we seem to deserve is honestly due.

Very respectfully yours,

CHARLES A. DREW,  
*Medical Director.*



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ASYLUM TABLES.

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## ASYLUM TABLES.

TABLE NO. 1. — *General Statistics for the Year ending Sept. 30, 1908,  
and since the Opening of the Asylum, Sept. 14, 1886.*

	During the Year.	Since Sept. 14, 1886.
Patients in the asylum Oct. 1, 1907, . . . . .	567	—
Admitted within the year, . . . . .	111	1,608
Viz.: by commitment, . . . . .	97	1,091
by transfer, . . . . .	5	479
from escape, . . . . .	—	5
from visit, . . . . .	—	3
nominally at end of visit, . . . . .	9	31
Whole number of cases under treatment, . . . . .	678	—
Dismissed within the year, . . . . .	68	986
Viz.: discharged, . . . . .	36	—
as recovered, . . . . .	8	135
as capable of self-support, . . . . .	13	71
as improved, . . . . .	2	10
as not improved, . . . . .	9	127
as not insane, . . . . .	4	19
died, . . . . .	24	347
transferred, . . . . .	2	48
on escape Sept. 30, 1908, . . . . .	—	30
on visit Sept. 30, 1908, . . . . .	6	26

TABLE NO. 1 — *Concluded.*

	During the Year.	Since Sept. 14, 1886.
Remaining Sept. 30, 1908, . . . . .	610	—
Number of State patients, . . . . .	607	—
Number of reimbursing patients, . . . . .	3	—
Number of different persons under treatment within the year.	668	—
Number of different persons admitted, . . . . .	102	—
Number of different persons admitted by commit- ment.	97	—
Number of different persons dismissed, . . . . .	59	—
Number of different persons recovered, . . . . .	8	—
Number of different persons discharged capable of self-support.	13	—
Daily average, persons under treatment, . . . . .	579.2	—
Daily average, State patients, . . . . .	576.88	—
Daily average, reimbursing patients, . . . . .	2.32	—

TABLE NO. 2. — *Received on First and Subsequent Commitments during  
the Year ending Sept. 30, 1908.*

	Received during the Year.
First commitment to this asylum, . . . . .	93
Second commitment to this asylum, . . . . .	8
Third commitment to this asylum, . . . . .	1
Fourth commitment to this asylum, . . . . .	—
Total cases, . . . . .	102
Total persons, . . . . .	102
First commitment to any hospital, . . . . .	77

TABLE NO. 3. — *Nativity and Parentage of Persons first admitted to Any Insane Hospital, received during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1908, and since the Opening of the Asylum, Sept. 14, 1886.*

PLACES OF NATIVITY.	RECEIVED.					
	DURING THE YEAR.			SINCE SEPT. 14, 1886.		
	Patient.	Father.	Mother.	Patient.	Father.	Mother.
Massachusetts, . . . . .	20	6	4	516	99	96
Other New England States, . . . . .	5	2	3	111	56	55
Other States, . . . . .	11	3	3	137	73	72
Total natives, . . . . .	36	11	10	764	228	223
Africa, . . . . .	—	—	—	1	1	1
Assyria, . . . . .	2	2	2	2	2	2
At sea, . . . . .	—	—	—	1	—	—
Armenia, . . . . .	—	—	—	2	2	2
Austria, . . . . .	1	1	1	9	6	5
Azores, . . . . .	—	—	—	11	8	7
Barbadoes, . . . . .	—	—	—	1	—	2
British Guiana, . . . . .	—	—	—	1	1	1
Canada, . . . . .	4	7	8	98	98	105
Cape Verde Islands, . . . . .	—	—	—	1	1	—
China, . . . . .	—	—	—	2	1	1
Cuba, . . . . .	—	—	—	2	—	—
Denmark, . . . . .	—	—	—	8	2	2
England, . . . . .	3	1	1	67	54	43
Finland, . . . . .	1	1	1	2	2	2
France, . . . . .	—	—	—	7	8	5
Germany, . . . . .	2	2	4	8	10	12
Greece, . . . . .	3	3	3	10	10	10
Guernsey Islands, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	1	—
Hungary, . . . . .	—	—	—	1	1	1
India, . . . . .	—	—	—	2	—	—
Ireland, . . . . .	9	26	26	240	371	371
Italy, . . . . .	6	7	6	56	47	46
Mexico, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	1	1
Morocco, . . . . .	—	—	—	1	—	—
New Brunswick, . . . . .	—	—	1	—	—	1
Norway, . . . . .	—	—	—	3	2	2
Nova Scotia, . . . . .	—	1	1	—	1	1
Poland, . . . . .	2	2	2	10	9	8
Portugal, . . . . .	1	—	—	2	1	1
Prince Edward Island, . . . . .	1	—	—	1	—	—
Russia, . . . . .	4	4	4	31	20	19
Scotland, . . . . .	1	—	—	15	14	17
South America, . . . . .	—	—	—	1	—	—
Spain, . . . . .	—	—	—	1	1	1
Sweden, . . . . .	—	—	—	17	11	11
Switzerland, . . . . .	—	—	—	1	1	1
Turkey, . . . . .	—	—	—	2	1	1
West Indies, . . . . .	—	—	—	4	3	3
Total foreigners, . . . . .	40	57	60	621	691	685
Unknown, . . . . .	1	9	7	86	552	563
Totals, . . . . .	77	77	77	1,471	1,471	1,471

TABLE NO. 4. — *Number of Patients received from the State Institutions for the Insane and Other Sources during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1908, and since the Opening of the Asylum, Sept. 14, 1886.*

	RECEIVED.	
	During the Year.	Since Sept. 14, 1886.
From hospitals for the insane, . . . . .	5	480
From State Farm, pauper department, . . . . .	—	37
From State Farm, prison department, . . . . .	46	404
From State Prison, . . . . .	9	261
From Massachusetts Reformatory, . . . . .	10	110
From the courts, . . . . .	8	65
From the houses of correction, . . . . .	18	198
From jails, . . . . .	3	10
From jails, awaiting trial, . . . . .	3	21
Returned from escape and given new numbers, . . . . .	—	5
Returned to the asylum by order of the Board of Insanity, . . . . .	—	4
Totals, . . . . .	102	1,595

TABLE NO. 5. — *Residence of Insane Persons admitted by Commitment.*

PLACES.	First admitted to Any Hospital.	Other Admissions.	Totals.
Massachusetts (by counties):—			
Barnstable, . . . . .	—	—	—
Berkshire, . . . . .	4	—	4
Bristol, . . . . .	10	—	10
Essex, . . . . .	14	4	18
Franklin, . . . . .	2	1	3
Hampden, . . . . .	5	—	5
Hampshire, . . . . .	1	1	2
Middlesex, . . . . .	11	3	14
Norfolk, . . . . .	7	1	8
Plymouth, . . . . .	—	—	—
Suffolk, . . . . .	22	9	31
Worcester, . . . . .	1	1	2
Totals, . . . . .	77	20	97
Cities or large towns, <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	65	17	82
Country districts, <sup>2</sup> . . . . .	12	3	15
Unknown, . . . . .	—	—	—

<sup>1</sup> 10,000 population and over.

<sup>2</sup> Under 10,000.



TABLE NO. 6. — *Civil Conditions of Persons first admitted to Any Insane Hospital, received during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1908.*

Married, . . . . .	20
Single, . . . . .	48
Widowed, . . . . .	8
Unknown, . . . . .	1
Total, . . . . .	77

TABLE NO. 7. — *Occupation of Persons first admitted to Any Insane Hospital, received during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1908.*

Barber, . . . . . 3	Music teacher, . . . . . 1
Clerk, . . . . . 1	None, . . . . . 4
Cobbler, . . . . . 1	Painter, . . . . . 2
Cook, . . . . . 1	Plasterer, . . . . . 1
Cutler, . . . . . 1	Shoemaker, . . . . . 4
Engineer, . . . . . 1	Spinner, . . . . . 2
Farmer, . . . . . 1	Steam fitter, . . . . . 1
Fisherman, . . . . . 2	Stenographer, . . . . . 1
Hatter, . . . . . 1	Teamster, . . . . . 1
Hostler, . . . . . 2	Upholsterer, . . . . . 1
Laborer, . . . . . 38	Watch maker, . . . . . 1
Machinist, . . . . . 1	Weaver, . . . . . 1
Mill hand, . . . . . 3	Total, . . . . . 77
Moulder, . . . . . 1	

TABLE NO. 8. — *Ages of Insane at First Attack, Admission and Death.*

AGES.	FIRST ADMITTED TO ANY HOSPITAL.		DIED.	
	At First Attack.	When admitted.	At First Attack.	When admitted.
Congenital, . . . . .	6	—	—	—
15 years and less, . . . . .	—	—	—	—
From 15 to 20 years, . . . . .	2	2	—	—
20 to 25 years, . . . . .	10	13	—	—
25 to 30 years, . . . . .	9	8	4	1
30 to 35 years, . . . . .	8	10	—	1
35 to 40 years, . . . . .	16	15	5	5
40 to 50 years, . . . . .	13	16	4	6
50 to 60 years, . . . . .	6	7	4	4
60 to 70 years, . . . . .	3	2	3	5
70 to 80 years, . . . . .	—	1	1	1
Over 80 years, . . . . .	—	—	—	—
Totals, . . . . .	73	74	21	23
Unknown, . . . . .	2	1	3	1
Not insane, . . . . .	2	2	—	—
Total of persons, . . . . .	77	77	24	24
Mean known ages (in years), . . . . .	35.8	36.6	44.9	41.3

TABLE NO. 9. — *Probable Causes of Mental Diseases in Persons first admitted to Any Hospital.*

EXCITING CAUSES.	Admitted.	PREDISPOSING.		
		Hereditary Tendency.	Neurotic Tendency.	Alcoholic Intemperance.
<i>Physical.</i>				
Alcoholic intemperance, . . .	31	5	9	17
Cerebral hemorrhage, . . .	2	1	—	1
Congenital defect, . . .	6	3	—	3
Organic brain disease, . . .	4	1	—	3
Senility, . . .	5	—	4	1
Toxemia, . . .	5	—	5	—
Trauma, . . .	1	—	1	—
<i>Mental.</i>				
Worry, . . .	7	—	7	7
Totals, . . .	61	10	26	32
Unknown, . . .	16	—	—	—
Totals, . . .	77	10	26	32

TABLE NO. 10. — *Probable duration of Disease before Admission.*

PREVIOUS DURATION.	First admitted to Any Hospital.
Congenital, . . .	6
Under 1 month, . . .	5
From 1 to 3 months, . . .	18
3 to 6 months, . . .	9
6 to 12 months, . . .	15
1 to 2 years, . . .	10
2 to 5 years, . . .	8
5 to 10 years, . . .	—
10 to 20 years, . . .	—
Over 20 years, . . .	—
Total, . . .	71
Unknown, . . .	4
Not insane, . . .	2
Total of cases, . . .	77
Total of persons, . . .	77
Average known duration (in years), . . .	.87

TABLE NO. 11. — *Forms of Mental Disease in Patients committed, discharged or died, with their Condition on Discharge.*

	Committed.	DISCHARGED.					Died.	Total Discharges and Deaths.
		Recovered.	Capable of Self-support.	Improved.	Not improved.	Not insane.		
<i>A. — First committed to Any Hospital.</i>								
Manic-depressive insanity: —								
<i>a.</i> Depressed form, . . . . .	1	3	—	—	—	—	—	3
<i>b.</i> Exalted form, . . . . .	2	—	1	—	—	—	—	1
<i>c.</i> Circular form, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Alcoholic insanity: —								
<i>a.</i> Acute form, . . . . .	12	3	2	—	—	—	—	5
<i>b.</i> Chronic form, . . . . .	14	—	2	—	1	—	1	4
Habit psychosis, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dementia præcox: —								
<i>a.</i> Paranoid form, . . . . .	21	—	2	—	4	—	—	6
<i>b.</i> Hebephrenic form, . . . . .	2	—	1	2	2	—	2	7
<i>c.</i> Katatonic form, . . . . .	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dementia, organic, . . . . .	3	—	—	—	—	—	4	4
Dementia, secondary, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dementia, senile, . . . . .	3	—	—	—	—	—	4	4
Epileptic insanity, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Paresis, . . . . .	2	—	—	—	—	—	4	4
Primary delusional insanity, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Involution psychosis, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Imbecility, . . . . .	6	—	2	—	—	—	—	2
Toxic insanity, . . . . .								
<i>a.</i> Acute form, . . . . .	3	2	—	—	—	—	—	2
<i>b.</i> Chronic form, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Neurasthenic insanity, . . . . .	3	—	1	—	—	—	—	1
Simple depression, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not insane, . . . . .	2	—	—	—	—	4	—	4
Total A, . . . . .	77	8	11	2	7	4	16	48
<i>B. — Other Admissions.</i>								
Manic-depressive insanity: —								
<i>a.</i> Depressed form, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>b.</i> Exalted form, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>c.</i> Circular form, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Alcoholic insanity: —								
<i>a.</i> Acute form, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>b.</i> Chronic form, . . . . .	—	—	1	—	1	—	2	4
Habit psychosis, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dementia, organic, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Dementia, secondary, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Dementia, senile, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Dementia præcox: —								
<i>a.</i> Paranoid form, . . . . .	6	—	1	—	—	—	2	3
<i>b.</i> Hebephrenic form, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	2
<i>c.</i> Katatonic form, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Epileptic insanity, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Paresis, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Primary delusional insanity, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Involution psychosis, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Toxic insanity: —								
<i>a.</i> Acute form, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>b.</i> Chronic form, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Imbecility, . . . . .	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Neurasthenic insanity, . . . . .	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not insane, . . . . .	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total B, . . . . .	20	—	2	—	2	—	8	12
Aggregate cases, . . . . .	97	8	13	2	9	4	24	60
Aggregate persons, . . . . .	97	8	13	2	9	4	24	60

TABLE NO. 12. — *Discharges and Deaths of the Insane, classified by Admissions and Results.*

NUMBER OF ADMISSIONS.	Recovered.	Capable of Self-support.	Improved.	Not improved.	Not Insane.	Died.	Totals.
First to this asylum, . . . . .	8	13	3	8	4	24	60
Second to this asylum, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Third to this asylum, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fourth to this asylum, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total cases, . . . . .	8	13	3	8	4	24	60
Total persons admitted to any hospital,	8	11	2	7	4	16	48

TABLE NO. 13. — *Relations to Penal Institutions and the Courts of the Criminal Cases received during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1908, and since the Opening of the Asylum, Sept. 14, 1886.*

	RECEIVED.	
	During the Year.	Since Sept. 14, 1886.
State Prison cases, . . . . .	9	261
House of correction cases, . . . . .	18	198
Massachusetts Reformatory cases, . . . . .	10	110
State Farm, prison cases, . . . . .	46	404
Court cases, . . . . .	8	65
Transfers, criminal habit, . . . . .	5	29
Jails, . . . . .	6	18
Totals, . . . . .	102	1,085



TABLE NO. 14. — Causes of Death and Forms of Mental Disease in Persons who died.

	Alcoholic, Acute.	Alcoholic, Chronic.	Dementia Præcox.	Dementia, Organic.	Dementia, Secondary.	Dementia, Senile.	Epileptic Insanity.	General Paresis.	Imbecility.	Involution Psychosis.	Primary Delusional Insanity.
<i>General Diseases.</i>											
Gastro-enteritis and senile debility,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tuberculosis, general,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
<i>Diseases of Nervous System.</i>											
Cerebral hemorrhage,	4	2	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1
General paresis,	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Organic disease of brain,	3	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
<i>Diseases of Respiratory System.</i>											
Bronchitis, chronic,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tuberculosis, pulmonary,	3	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Pneumonia, lobar,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
<i>Diseases of Circulatory System.</i>											
Organic disease of the heart,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Organic disease of heart and cerebral hemorrhage,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Myocarditis,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
<i>Ill-defined Diseases.</i>											
Senile dementia, exhaustion from,	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1
Primary dementia, exhaustion from,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Totals,	24	3	5	5	1	5	1	4	1	1	1

TABLE NO. 15. — *Duration of Mental Disease and its Treatment in Patients who recovered or died.*

PERIOD.	FIRST ADMITTED TO ANY HOSPITAL.			ALL OTHER ADMISSIONS.	
	Duration before Admission.	Hospital Residence.	Whole Duration.	Whole Known Period of Mental Disease.	Whole Known Period of Hospital Residence.
A. — Recovered: —					
Under 1 month, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	—
From 1 to 3 months, . . . . .	4	—	—	—	—
3 to 6 months, . . . . .	2	2	1	—	—
6 to 12 months, . . . . .	—	2	2	—	—
1 to 2 years, . . . . .	1	4	4	—	—
2 to 5 years, . . . . .	—	—	1	—	—
5 to 10 years, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—
10 to 15 years, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—
Totals, . . . . .	8	8	8	—	—
Unknown, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—
Totals, . . . . .	8	8	8	—	—
Average of known cases (in months), . . . . .	5.0	12.0	17.0	—	—
B. — Died: —					
Under 1 month, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—
From 1 to 3 months, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—
3 to 6 months, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—
6 to 12 months, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
1 to 2 years, . . . . .	12	2	1	—	—
2 to 5 years, . . . . .	1	6	6	—	—
5 to 10 years, . . . . .	1	6	7	1	1
10 to 15 years, . . . . .	—	—	2	1	2
Over 15 years, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	5
Totals, . . . . .	16	16	16	2	8
Unknown, . . . . .	—	—	—	6	—
Totals, . . . . .	16	16	16	8	8
Average of known cases (in months), . . . . .	19.5	47.0	66.5	211.0	206.2

TABLE NO. 16. — *Showing Crimes committed by Insane Criminals during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1908, and since the Opening of the Asylum, Sept. 14, 1886.*

CRIMES.	During the Year.	Since Sept. 14, 1886.	CRIMES.	During the Year.	Since Sept. 14, 1886.
Abuse of a female child, . . . . .	1	4	Entering a building and putting in fear, . . . . .	-	1
Adultery, . . . . .	-	5	Exposure, . . . . .	-	5
Arson, . . . . .	1	15	Forgery, . . . . .	-	3
Assault, . . . . .	-	65	Forgery with intent to defraud, . . . . .	-	1
Assault, battery and unnatural act, . . . . .	1	1	Forgery and uttering, . . . . .	-	1
Assault and battery, . . . . .	4	22	Fornication, . . . . .	-	3
Assault, felonious, . . . . .	-	1	Having in possession a dangerous weapon, . . . . .	-	2
Assault, indecent, . . . . .	-	3	Habitual criminals, . . . . .	-	5
Assault on an officer, . . . . .	-	1	Illegal practice of medicine, . . . . .	-	1
Assault to rape, . . . . .	-	14	Idle and disorderly, . . . . .	-	4
Assault to rob, . . . . .	-	5	Incest, . . . . .	-	1
Assault to kill, . . . . .	-	20	Incest, carnal abuse, . . . . .	-	2
Assault to commit larceny from the person, . . . . .	-	1	Indecent assault, . . . . .	-	1
Assault upon a female child, . . . . .	-	2	Keeping disorderly house, . . . . .	-	3
Assault on an officer, non-payment of fine, . . . . .	-	1	Lewd and lascivious cohabitation, . . . . .	2	2
Assault with a dangerous weapon, . . . . .	1	21	Lewdness, . . . . .	1	4
Assault with intent to kill, . . . . .	-	1	Larceny, . . . . .	5	121
Assault with intent to rob, . . . . .	-	1	Larceny from a conveyance, . . . . .	-	1
Assault with intent to murder, . . . . .	3	7	Larceny from a building, . . . . .	1	3
Assault with intent to criminal abuse, . . . . .	-	1	Larceny from the person, . . . . .	2	3
Attempt to break and enter, . . . . .	-	3	Libel, . . . . .	-	1
Bastardy, . . . . .	-	1	Malicious mischief, . . . . .	-	3
Being a breaker and disturber of the peace, . . . . .	-	1	Manslaughter, . . . . .	2	25
Being a pilferer, . . . . .	-	1	Murder, . . . . .	3	47
Bestiality, . . . . .	-	2	Murder, second degree, . . . . .	4	14
Bigamy, . . . . .	-	1	Murder, accessory to, . . . . .	-	1
Breaking and entering, . . . . .	3	141	Non-payment of fine, . . . . .	-	2
Breaking, entering, forgery, . . . . .	-	1	Non-support of family, . . . . .	-	5
Breaking, entering with intent to steal, . . . . .	-	2	Obtaining money under false pretences, . . . . .	-	4
Breaking, entering, larceny, . . . . .	2	41	Perjury, . . . . .	1	2
Breaking, entering, receiving stolen goods, . . . . .	-	1	Polygamy, with assault to murder, . . . . .	-	1
Breaking, entering with intent to commit arson, . . . . .	-	1	Rape, . . . . .	-	18
Breaking glass, . . . . .	-	1	Rape and robbery, . . . . .	-	1
Burning barns, . . . . .	-	1	Rape, incest, . . . . .	-	1
Burning buildings, . . . . .	-	1	Robbery, . . . . .	2	32
Burglary, . . . . .	-	3	Receiving stolen goods, . . . . .	-	2
Carrying a loaded revolver, . . . . .	-	1	Sodomy, . . . . .	1	7
Common drunkard, . . . . .	-	32	Stealing, . . . . .	-	2
Conspiracy, . . . . .	-	1	Stoning railroad train, . . . . .	-	1
Counterfeiting, . . . . .	-	1	Stubbornness, . . . . .	-	7
Criminal advertising, . . . . .	-	1	Stubborn child, . . . . .	-	2
Criminal habit, . . . . .	-	8	Theft, . . . . .	-	3
Cruelty to animals, . . . . .	-	2	Threatening to do bodily harm, . . . . .	1	2
Cutting wood in public park, . . . . .	-	1	Torturing a cow, . . . . .	-	1
Desecrating cemetery, . . . . .	-	1	Tramp, . . . . .	9	32
Disorderly, . . . . .	-	8	Vagrancy, . . . . .	32	373
Disturbing the peace, . . . . .	-	9	Wilfully destroying property, . . . . .	1	1
Drunkenness, . . . . .	17	133	Unnatural act, assault with intent to criminal abuse, open and gross lewdness and lascivious behavior, . . . . .	-	1
Drunkenness, contempt of court, . . . . .	-	1	Unknown, . . . . .	1	25
			Totals, . . . . .	102	1,373

TABLE NO. 17. — *Showing the Movement of Cases for the Year ending Sept. 30, 1908.*

	Remaining Oct. 1, 1907.	Received during the Year.	Dismissed during the Year.	Remaining Sept. 30, 1908.
State Prison cases, . . . .	122	9	9	122
House of correction cases, . . .	137	24	19	142
Massachusetts Reformatory cases,	30	11	4	37
Court cases, . . . . .	56	8	6	58
State Farm, prison cases, . . .	171	47	22	196
Transfers, criminal habit, . . .	11	6	1	16
Jails, . . . . .	14	6	3	17
Non-criminal, . . . . .	26	—	4	22
Totals, . . . . .	567	111	68	610

TABLE NO. 18. — *Relations of Sentences of the Criminal Cases remaining Sept. 30, 1908.*

Undergoing 3 to 6 months sentence, . . . . .	2
6 to 12 months sentence, . . . . .	11
1 to 2 years sentence, . . . . .	42
2 to 5 years sentence, . . . . .	18
5 to 10 years sentence, . . . . .	14
10 to 15 years sentence, . . . . .	6
15 to 20 years sentence, . . . . .	7
20 to 25 years sentence, . . . . .	2
25 to 35 years sentence, . . . . .	1
50 to 55 years sentence, . . . . .	1
life sentence, . . . . .	32
indeterminate sentence, . . . . .	16
Court cases, . . . . .	77
Sentences expired, . . . . .	353
Unascertained, . . . . .	6
Total, . . . . .	588





FIFTY-SIXTH ANNUAL REPORT  
OF  
THE TRUSTEES  
OF  
THE STATE FARM  
AT  
BRIDGEWATER,  
INCLUDING THE  
REPORTS OF THE SUPERINTENDENT AND OF  
THE MEDICAL DIRECTOR,  
FOR THE  
YEAR ENDING NOVEMBER 30, 1909.



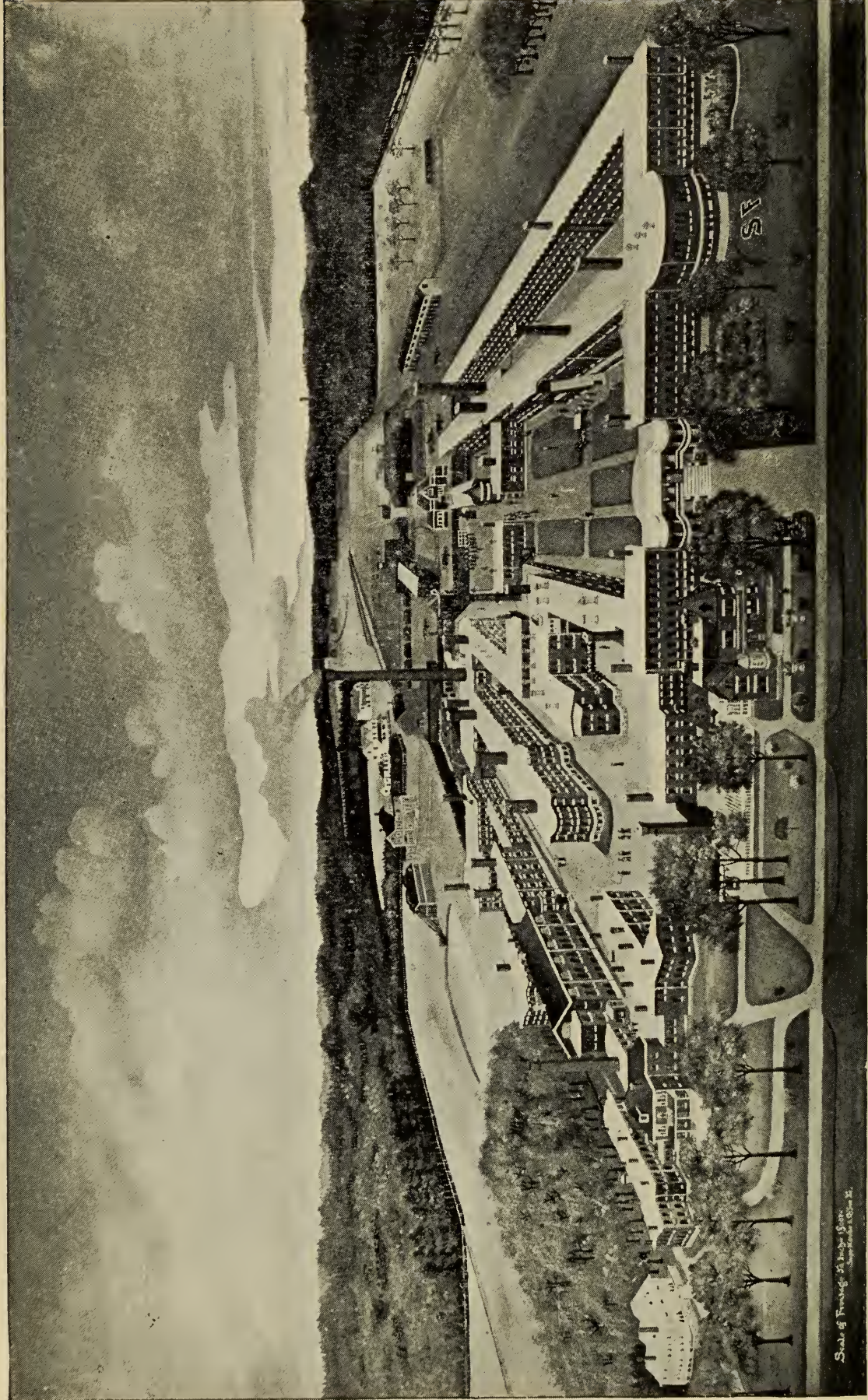
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MASSACHUSETTS STATE FARM.



State of Massachusetts  
Landscape Architect  
1880

CRIMINAL INSANE DEPARTMENT.

HOSPITAL AND ADMINISTRATION.

WORKHOUSE DEPARTMENT.



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# STATE FARM,

## BRIDGEWATER.

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DANIEL FISKE JONES, M.D.,	. . . .	BOSTON.





# The Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

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## TRUSTEES' REPORT.

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*To His Excellency the Governor and the Honorable Council.*

In accordance with statutory requirement, the trustees of the State Infirmary and the State Farm herewith submit their fifty-sixth annual report as to the condition of the State Farm and as to its history during the year ending Nov. 30, 1909. Appended to our report and made a part thereof are the reports made to us by the superintendent and by the resident physician and the medical director, together with statistical tables submitted by these officers. These documents afford detailed information as to the service rendered by the institution during the period now under review. The financial statements show at what money cost to the State this service has been rendered.

By the provisions of chapter 62 of the Acts of 1909 the General Court appropriated \$294,000 for the maintenance of the institution for the fiscal year covered by this report. This was supplemented by chapter 543, which made a further appropriation of \$15,000 for the same purpose. The tables herewith presented give a classified statement of the expenditures authorized by the trustees under the acts cited, which items of expenditure, as therein set forth, have been examined by the trustees and approved, month by month.

During the year covered by this report there has been expended for salaries, wages and labor, the sum of \$83,014.99, and for other current expenses \$225,984.41, a total of \$308,999.40.

The average number of inmates for the year was 2,329, or 173 more than for the period last reported. The rapid growth of this institution is shown by the fact that, without enlargement of function, its average number of inmates has advanced

from 1,337 in 1900 to 2,329 in 1909. The figures in the successive years of this decade are as follows: 1,337, 1,397, 1,377, 1,498, 1,648, 1,771, 1,867, 1,835, 2,156, 2,329. The advance has thus been steady with the exception of a slight falling off in two years. The highest number of inmates at any time this year was 2,456, and the smallest number was 2,146. The total number of admissions and commitments was 4,680, against 4,820, the record of the previous year. The average per capita cost has been \$2.53 per week, as against \$2.65 last year.

The annual inventory required by law has been taken, and an appraisal of the real and personal property connected with the State Farm and owned by the Commonwealth has been made by Harrison L. House of Hanover and Henry J. Strann of Bridgewater, whose report, showing a total valuation of \$1,432,-949.43, is herewith presented.

We beg also to make our report of what we have done during the year past under special appropriation for the enlargement or other improvement of our plant. The new pumping plant is completed, and we are now pumping our supply of water by electric energy generated at the central power station. In connection with the water works system we should mention the new concrete standpipe which is now in use, whose capacity is four times as great as that of the old one still serving us. By this provision we have not only quadrupled our storage capacity, but have also secured a much more uniform pressure.

We have also supplemented our facilities for feeding live stock by entering upon the ensilage method. During the year we have built three very large silos of reinforced concrete, which are now in use. The new woodworking shops which help to form a wall for the prison yard are completed, and are now occupied. By the removal of three barns the area of the prison yard will be greatly enlarged when the improvements are completed. One of these removed buildings has been converted into an overflow dormitory for the almshouse department. The other buildings removed still serve their original purpose, but on a different site and in improved condition.

In his report, submitted with our annual report a year ago, the superintendent discussed at some length a modified plan for the housing of a part of the prison population. The struc-

ture then recommended is now in process of construction. It is to contain 27 small wards, each housing 15 men. There are to be three floors above the basement. Work is now being done on the walls of the third story. The building should be roofed in early in the coming year. The interior should be finished during the winter and the quarters occupied in the spring. The building, which is of reinforced concrete, will provide for the housing of 385 persons in groups of 15 each.

Considering the dryness of a part of the season, the yield of the farm was surprisingly large. We invite a study of the table showing farm product, and comparison with the corresponding table of last year. Including the ensilage, the forage yield is greater. The potato crop was more than 50 per cent. larger.

In his report to the trustees Superintendent Blackstone makes recommendations as to certain minor appropriations derived. These have been considered and approved by the trustees.

In this report the trustees desire to record the retirement from their board of their senior member, Mrs. Sarah D. Fiske of Malden, who has been a member of the Board from its organization under a statute enacted during the first year of the administration of Gov. George D. Robinson. Under the authority thus conferred, Governor Robinson, in June, 1884, named a Board of seven trustees of the State Almshouse and State Farm. Mrs. Fiske alone remained of the original Board. Thus, for a quarter of a century, with great assiduity and with unflinching devotion to public duty, she had borne this important trust. She was rarely missed from any meeting of the trustees or from any public gathering which invited the attendance of our members for the study of some phase of their work. She was jealous of the good name of the institutions which she served as a trustee, and was deeply concerned to make them worthy of public confidence. She welcomed all evidence that they were effectually fulfilling their functions and were doing their work with credit. She so far identified herself with the work committed to her trust that she felt both criticism and commendation of it as though they appertained to herself. Though our official relations with her have terminated, our personal friend-



ship continues, and we shall long cherish the memory of years of service together in this charitable work.

The vacancy created by Mrs. Fiske's retirement was filled by the appointment of Mrs. Helen R. Smith of Newton.

The steady enlargement of our population, which we have already noted, was felt by Superintendent Blackstone to render necessary some augmentation of the strength of the executive, together with some division of responsibility. On his recommendation the trustees have effected such a change with reference to the executive of the institution. Superintendent Blackstone remains, as heretofore, general manager of all institution affairs, but with special devotement to its business management and the determination and execution of its general policy, Henry J. Strann, heretofore designated as clerk, adds to that office those of treasurer and assistant general manager. He has been placed under bonds commensurate with his added responsibility.

The office of deputy superintendent has been abolished. Instead, those of master and deputy master have been created. To the office of master, J. Arthur Taylor, for ten years master of the House of Correction at New Bedford, has been called. The former deputy superintendent, Benjamin F. Robinson, remains as deputy master. These two officers have the custodial and physical direction of the official force and of the inmate body of the prison and almshouse departments.

The part of this institution heretofore known as the Asylum for Insane Criminals is hereafter to be designated as the Bridgewater State Hospital, as required by section 98 of chapter 504 of the Acts and Resolves of 1909. This part of the institution has been under the special charge of the resident physician and medical director. During the year the incumbent of that office, Dr. Charles A. Drew, who had held it for eleven years, and whose skillful, sympathetic and tactful and at the same time firm administration of his grave trust we have often taken occasion to commend in our annual reports, resigned his office to accept the superintendency of the Worcester City Hospital. The professional eminence of Dr. Drew as an alienist and as a physician, as well as his demonstrated ability as an admin-

istrator, had made him seem almost indispensable; hence his resignation was greatly regretted.

To fill the vacancy thus created we count ourselves most fortunate that we were able to recall to the service of the institution Dr. Alfred E. Elliott, who had but recently left, for private practice, his post as first assistant to Dr. Drew on the asylum side of the institution, and who thus came to the task which Dr. Drew had laid down with liberal and successful training in and for it.

Thus officered, as we have now indicated, under the general management and control of the accomplished and genial superintendent, Hollis M. Blackstone, who took the institution as superintendent twenty-six years ago, when it had little more than 100 inmates, and has developed it to its present magnitude, and with the cordial support and co-operation of a somewhat enlarged and strengthened body of executive leadership, we count confidently on another year of successful and useful institution work.

JOHN B. TIVNAN,  
ANNA F. PRESCOTT,  
PAYSON W. LYMAN,  
LEONARD HUNTRESS,  
JOS. A. SMART,  
EMERY M. LOW,

*Trustees.*

## SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

---

*To the Trustees of the State Farm.*

I respectfully submit the following as my report of the State Farm for the year ending Nov. 30, 1909.

We have cared for more inmates in all departments than ever before, but the commitments to all departments have been 140 less; yet the total number remaining at this date is 53 more, and the average number supported has been 173 more. The commitments by departments were 53 more in the prison, 15 and 178 less in the insane and alms departments respectively. It is noteworthy that the falling off occurred almost wholly in the almshouse. In the local mind it is thought the industry of land clearing has been effective in preventing admissions of the able-bodied. If the opinion is well taken, the rough lands in the vicinity of the plant have a double value. Commitments for drunkenness have been 240 more and for tramping and vagrancy 191 less. All the Boston courts have collectively committed 1,681, — 247 more than previous year. There have been returned from probation 704, an increase of 60, making about 17 per cent. The excess commitments from all Boston courts (247) and excess commitments for drunkenness (240) are almost identical, and I think that the extra 2 per cent. returned may also be found largely from Boston cases. The probation or after care cannot be so effectively done by the same system in Boston as in the smaller communities. It necessarily becomes wholesale and stereotyped, losing the influence of personal interest and responsibility which cannot be applied by the present method. There are a certain number of recidivists and habituals who *will* return here, or go elsewhere. They always have, they do now, and they always will until the day of millennium. Why worry or have nightmare about this class?



They are a broken cog in our social machinery, and sometimes a real menace, but more often a mere physical stumbling block, — a nuisance, to be sure, but soon removed by due process.

The real criminal is seldom an habitual drunkard. He cannot afford to be, — his business would suffer. The great majority of habitual drunkards are those who “only drink,” and when sober have no criminal tendencies. Colony care and long sentences are being agitated for this class. In a recent convention the proposition was admirably exploited by its enthusiastic author, but its evolution and suggested gradations finally ended with a penitentiary appendage. His logical conclusion is life sentence for the poor fellow without power to resist temptation.

It is true that the man or woman who misspend time and money in habits of dissipation, neglecting sacred duties, must be restrained, and if need be placed under custodial care; but my conviction is against long sentences, and, though I be a minority of one, I cannot endorse the proposition. An association daily for over a quarter of a century, within which period more than 40,000 have come under observation, compels me to still advocate, more often than his proposition contemplates, the injunction of the Master, to “go and sin no more.”

Our constitution wisely provides for punishment of wrongdoing, but it also admonishes that it shall *not* be cruel and unusual.

I understand full well that we get here a collection of cases who have failed to pass through the screen or separator whose meshes are open only to good grain, and they fall in a scrap heap on the chaff side; but the religion of my heart and soul recognizes that for all that he's a man, a brother, deserving still an opportunity to try, try again; and after a few months of orderly living, regular sleep and good conduct, co-operating in responsive spirit with his supervision, he has earned the indulgence of renewed confidence to “try again.” If he fails, and especially if at once, we view it with great abhorrence; and yet the sum of his offending is minimum, both in time and volume, as compared with the intemperate man whose habit is constant but more moderate, — just enough to keep inside the arresting line. The indeterminate sentence with the limit of

one year is time enough to restrain a man of his liberty for drunkenness, unless he be adjudged insane, requiring guardianship. I know that my opinion is in contention with those who maintain that the plan of detention is ineffectual at the State Farm, and not in keeping with what they consider modern methods for treatment of drunkenness. Last year my report contained the following statement: "We do not hold, nor do we claim, any patent on our custom or plan of working prison labor in the open, unrestrained by locks or bars. In a most conservative and restricted way the practice has been common to most every prison; but we have expanded the plan, and widened its scope of operation so extensively that we claim a valid 'improvement' without fear of contest. Visiting boards and officials from our own and foreign countries have observed our plan with much interest and pleasure, commending the work as a real step of progress in true penology or social science. Every official of experience who will honor us with perusing institution reports (the spirit of fraternal courtesy insures it) knows that an average of 300 sentenced men, worked in the open with no other restraint than a supervising overseer or attendant, is a plan or process of modern times." I desire now to add to it that I believe also that such employment is a real step of progress, and is entitled to a liberal credit in modern treatment of drunkenness. Abstract suggestions of compulsory self-support for the rounder is one that always finds favor from its readers, and if a possibility, the result is so ideally grand that the concrete or practical side of the proposition is forgotten. For years this suggestion has been a theme of serious thought by all interested in the awful problem of habitual drunkenness.

In a country like ours, where the standard of living has risen by amazing leaps and strides to a plane unparalleled in the civilized world, the temperate man who wastes no time or money in drink is quite busy with the self-support problem. It is quite different in the countries of wide margins between classes, whose city slums are swamped with beggarly conditions, whose country peasantry have never known our standards of living, — moreover, have never lived in the spirit of free citizenship and American liberty. Under conditions of mere existence, compulsory support may obtain and long sentence for the misde-

meanor of drunkenness be tolerated, but never in Massachusetts. Again, it is a business impossibility. The restricted field for remunerative labor for the man in confinement — made so by statutes unalterable — closes that door. The alternative option of eking self-support from mother earth by farming on Massachusetts soil, for the man who doesn't want to, is simply plunging into colossal disaster. As a measure of compulsory self-support, there is nothing in it.

In an institution of this size, where now about 4,000 are committed annually, it is expected there will be some misfits, and it is true that a small percentage masquerading as drunks are misnomers. They are, in fact, shiftless bummers, known and specified in law as vagrants, as also there are others who come as vagrants who are, in fact, simply drunkards. As a means of closer classification, it might be desirable to so amend the laws of commitment that no offence but drunkenness could be committed here. The probation system at the courts has now become so well systematized and expert that real vagrants and criminals could rarely slip by as drunks, if the court had the option of qualifying the offence when the information at hand clearly indicated he was something else, enabling the court to adjudicate his case upon his known record and what he is, rather than upon an erroneous complaint. Already there are numerous instances when the presiding justice refuses to commit the "young heeler" here, but sends him to an institution of more rigid discipline, though technically before him as drunk. I think, if the court could have a wider option, a discrimination would be exercised which would prove most wholesome for the man who "only drinks." Inasmuch as 3,417 out of 3,999 committed this last year have been for drunkenness, the step would not be a long or radical one which would classify on the drunk line.

In working out the problem of relief in the administration of the institution I am satisfied that the plan you finally arranged is the best. The separation of the custodial and physical direction of the inmate body and their officers in the prison and alms departments, under a new executive head who shall be responsible for their management and discipline, seems to be working out very satisfactorily. The designation of "Master"



for the new head was most fitting, for that he must be. We were most fortunate in being able to command the services of one with the ability, experience and maturity of Mr. Taylor. His mechanical training in early life and administrative experience in the civil service of the government, supplemented by eleven years' service as master of Bristol County House of Correction, fully prepared him to inaugurate the new service here without friction or delay. That his introduction as master would be an innovation of the former programme was self-evident, but the loyal reception he has received is a source of extreme gratification. Together with the deputy master, a kindly, considerate and impartial government may be assured.

Qualifying the position of Mr. Strann as the assistant superintendent in the business management, and making him treasurer, with adequate bonds, divides the business management and custodial care in such manner that sickness or absence of one or another of the administrative heads does not necessarily cripple the service. For several years past Mr. Strann had been, in fact, the assistant to the superintendent, and at times, in his absence or disability, been designated by vote of your Board "Acting Superintendent." This reorganization makes such special vote, or action unnecessary, and, I trust, is a relief to all concerned, as well as myself.

The good order and responsive spirit of our wards the past year has been even better, if any change from former years. A vast majority are willing, tractable men, intending to do well, — not ill, — and I cannot pass the opportunity to acknowledge it. One of the greatest pleasures of a somewhat ripened experience is the constantly diminishing minority of evil-doers in our constantly increasing numbers.

In April, unexpectedly, Dr. Charles A. Drew, who had been medical director for eleven years, gave notice that his appointment as superintendent of the Worcester City Hospital was under consideration, and if the call was unanimous he should accept. The notice came as a great surprise, and his resignation was accepted. While I assume your Board will review his work and worth as an able official, and record our deep regret for his retirement, I want to express also my personal and family loss. Dr. Drew had been our family medical attendant

and advisor all these years, taking us through a period of ills and operations both serious and minor, in which service his worth and ability was not lessened. He takes with him a high estimate of his service here, and the best wishes of a family who enjoyed a close and unbroken intimacy with him.

Dr. Alfred E. Elliott was appointed his successor. A long and varied experience in all the medical work of our institution, from interne to senior assistant, with the past fifteen months in a private practice of pronounced success, made him the logical successor. The appointment was approved, and he returned to the service July 1, knowing the place and the work as no stranger could. During the period between the resignation and appointment of medical director, Dr. Leonard A. Baker, the present senior assistant, was designated as acting medical director, discharging the duties with administrative ability.

Several years since a small appropriation was made for a cattle pass under the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad at the north end of the farm, for the purpose of permitting our herd of cows to have a free run of the grazing lands on the east side, but failure to adjust the matter with the railroad company delayed the improvement. The great growth of the institution in the meantime has made such demands for increased tillage land, which is being cleared from this proposed pasturage, that the prospective value of the pass has become much less. The occupation for tillage of so much of the land as is already cleared requires a great amount of teaming across the tracks at a crossing half a mile south of the site of the proposed pass, but at a point where an under pass is impossible. At this crossing is the switch and track for our coal dump, — a convenient point for both the railroad and ourselves to discharge carload freight. Our needs for increased storage for heavy and bulky merchandise is urgent, and I would ask that this appropriation be transferred for the purpose of enlarging our storehouse in the court yard and providing a freight house at the siding, having, say, a capacity for four or five cars.

For more cart and manure covering sheds we should have \$2,000, and I also renew the recommendation of last year for \$6,000 for added filter beds for sewage.



Farm conditions are going on very well. Crops have averaged fairly good. The potato crop, which looked at one time to be lost on account of drought, recovered so that a harvest of 11,000 bushels was gathered from the 50 acres planted. Much green feed was grown for the milch stock, and 275 tons of ensilage was stored in the new silos. The plan of operating the entire farm and allied interests as a harmonious whole, but with each department supervision responsible for results, seems to be very satisfactory.

We are about to introduce a treatment course in hydrotherapy for both men and women, believing that a portion of the commitments for drunkenness can be stimulated and strengthened by its tonic effect to offer stronger resistance. We hope, also, to add a swimming pool to the equipment, in connection with the new building now being erected.

Generous donations of miscellaneous reading matter by many friends has been very acceptable. In this period of magazine expansion at popular prices I shall hope for still more to remember us.

Death has again visited our official family. This time Mr. William A. McGeoch was called. A veteran of the civil war and a man of best instincts, refined, genial and thoroughly honest, he was entitled to and enjoyed the highest respect of all his associates.

To one of hoary years this milestone of "annual acknowledgments" appears to come so often that the act might seem a perfunctory one; but let me assure you all that my gratitude this year is the greatest ever.

Respectfully submitted,

H. M. BLACKSTONE,  
*Superintendent.*

BRIDGEWATER, Dec. 1, 1909.

## STATISTICS.

The whole number of inmates remaining Dec. 1, 1908, was as follows:—

Male prisoners,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1,294
Female prisoners,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	104
Male paupers,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	352
Female paupers,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	—
Male insane,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	626
							—————	2,376

Number of admissions and commitments from Dec. 1, 1908.  
to Nov. 30, 1909, inclusive:—

Male prisoners, . . . . .	3,583
Female prisoners, . . . . .	416
Male paupers, . . . . .	547
Female paupers, . . . . .	32
Male insane, . . . . .	102
	<hr/> 4,680

Number discharged from Dec. 1, 1908, to Nov. 30, 1909,  
inclusive:—

Male prisoners,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3,599
Female prisoners,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	370
Male paupers,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	553
Female paupers,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	32
Male insane,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	73
							—————	4,627

Number remaining Nov. 30, 1909:—

Male prisoners, . . . . .	1,278
Female prisoners, . . . . .	150
Male paupers, . . . . .	346
Female paupers, . . . . .	—
Male insane, . . . . .	655
	<hr/> 2,429

Of the number discharged, 131 have been by death: —

Prisoners, . . . . .	37
Paupers, . . . . .	74
Insane, . . . . .	20
	<hr/> 131
Average number during the year, . . . . .	2,329
Largest number during the year, . . . . .	2,456
Smallest number during the year, . . . . .	2,146
Average number of prisoners, . . . . .	1,315
Average number of paupers, . . . . .	377
Average number of insane, . . . . .	637
	<hr/> 2,329

ADMISSIONS.

	PRISONERS.		PAUPERS.		INSANE.	TOTALS.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Males.	Females.
<b>1908.</b>							
December, . . . . .	274	21	25	6	7	306	27
<b>1909.</b>							
January, . . . . .	230	26	89	5	14	333	31
February, . . . . .	285	32	124	2	6	415	34
March, . . . . .	272	30	21	1	20	313	31
April, . . . . .	305	35	32	1	2	339	36
May, . . . . .	247	22	32	1	5	284	23
June, . . . . .	363	55	35	2	17	415	57
July, . . . . .	343	34	28	4	1	372	38
August, . . . . .	287	37	33	1	5	325	38
September, . . . . .	363	33	45	3	3	411	36
October, . . . . .	295	51	32	4	15	342	55
November, . . . . .	319	40	51	2	7	377	42
Totals, . . . . .	3,583	416	547	32	102	4,232	448

NATIVITY OF INMATES ADMITTED.

Massachusetts, . . . . .	1,923
Ireland, . . . . .	1,280
British Provinces, . . . . .	366
England, . . . . .	235
New York, . . . . .	112
Maine, . . . . .	95
Scotland, . . . . .	74
New Hampshire, . . . . .	59
Rhode Island, . . . . .	58
Sweden, . . . . .	42
Connecticut, . . . . .	38
Vermont, . . . . .	36
Italy, . . . . .	26
Finland, . . . . .	24

Germany, . . . . .	23
Russia, . . . . .	22
Pennsylvania, . . . . .	21
Cape Verde Islands, . . . . .	19
Austria, . . . . .	18
Poland and Virginia, 17 each, . . . . .	34
North Carolina, . . . . .	16
New Jersey, . . . . .	15
Unknown, . . . . .	13
Ohio, . . . . .	12
Maryland, . . . . .	9
Azores Islands and Illinois, 8 each, . . . . .	16
Wales, Indiana and California, 6 each, . . . . .	18
District of Columbia, France, Iowa, Missouri, Norway and Wisconsin, 5 each, . . . . .	30
Spain and West Indies, 4 each, . . . . .	8
China, Turkey, Michigan and West Virginia, 3 each, . . . . .	12
Greece, Portugal, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Minnesota, Mississippi and Texas, 2 each, . . . . .	18
Belgium, Holland, St. Helena, Switzerland, Arizona, Del- aware, Kansas and South Carolina, 1 each, . . . . .	8
	<hr/> 4,680

## COURTS FROM WHICH PRISONERS WERE RECEIVED.

Boston Municipal Court, . . . . .	1,504
Returned from probation, . . . . .	704
Lawrence Police Court, . . . . .	151
Lowell Police Court, . . . . .	146
Roxbury Municipal Court, . . . . .	121
Boston Superior Court, . . . . .	104
Cambridge District Court, . . . . .	101
Salem District Court, . . . . .	95
Dorchester Municipal Court, . . . . .	94
Taunton District Court, . . . . .	74
Lynn Police Court, . . . . .	67
Worcester District Court, . . . . .	56
Brockton Police Court, . . . . .	50
Quincy District Court, . . . . .	45
Chelsea Police and Dedham District Courts, 42 each, . . . . .	84
Charlestown Municipal Court, . . . . .	37
Fall River and Northampton District and Somerville Po- lice Courts, 33 each, . . . . .	99
Malden District Court, . . . . .	30
South Boston Municipal Court, . . . . .	26

Milford District Court, . . . . .	24
Newton Police Court, . . . . .	23
Pittsfield District Court, . . . . .	22
Woburn District Court, . . . . .	19
Abington District Court, . . . . .	18
Attleborough and Waltham District Courts, 16 each, .	32
Fitchburg Police and Stoughton District Courts, 14 each,	28
Cambridge Superior and Framingham District Courts, 12 each, . . . . .	24
Marlborough Police Court, . . . . .	11
Brookline Municipal Court, . . . . .	10
Brighton Municipal, Gloucester, Hingham and North Adams District and Worcester Superior Courts, 9 each,	45
Franklin District and Lee Police Courts, 8 each, . . .	16
Northampton Superior, East Boston and Southbridge District and Leominster and Peabody Trial Justice Courts, 7 each, . . . . .	35
Concord and Palmer District Courts, 6 each, . . . .	12
Springfield Police, East Brookfield, Webster and West- field District Courts, 5 each, . . . . .	20
Plymouth, Salem and Springfield Superior, Blackstone, Middleborough and New Bedford District and North Andover Trial Justice Courts, 4 each, . . . . .	28
Ayer and Barnstable District, Hudson and Natick Trial Justice and Pittsfield Superior Courts, 3 each, . . .	15
Dedham Superior, Williamstown Police, Adams, Green- field, Plymouth and Walpole District and Andover, Marblehead and Methuen Trial Justice Courts, 2 each, .	18
Newburyport Police, North Attleborough, Orange, Ux- bridge, Ware, Wareham, Watertown and Westborough District and Nantucket and Saugus Trial Justice Courts and transferred from Plymouth House of Correction, 1 each, . . . . .	11

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 3,999 .

## CRIMES OF PRISONERS.

Drunkenness, . . . . .	3,417
Vagrancy, . . . . .	359
Tramps, . . . . .	99
Idle and disorderly, . . . . .	53
Escape from State Farm, . . . . .	13
Vagabonds, . . . . .	12
Common nightwalkers, . . . . .	10
Escape from State Infirmary, . . . . .	9
Larceny, . . . . .	8



Non-support, . . . . .	5	
Assault and battery, . . . . .	4	
Escape from Prison Camp and Hospital, . . . . .	3	
Disturbing the peace, . . . . .	3	
Lewdness, . . . . .	2	
Assault with dangerous weapon, . . . . .	1	
Attempting to escape from State Farm, . . . . .	1	
	<hr/>	3,999

## SENTENCES OF PRISONERS.

Indeterminate, one year, . . . . .	2,733	
Indeterminate, two years, . . . . .	561	
Nine months (returned from probation), . . . . .	468	
Five months (returned from probation), . . . . .	152	
Fifteen months (returned from probation), . . . . .	10	
All others, . . . . .	75	
	<hr/>	3,999

Of the number of prisoners admitted, 2,603 had been admitted previously, as follows:—

Second time, . . . . .	844	
Third time, . . . . .	452	
Fourth time, . . . . .	327	
Fifth time, . . . . .	249	
Sixth time, . . . . .	184	
Seventh time, . . . . .	138	
Eighth time, . . . . .	105	
Ninth time, . . . . .	71	
Tenth time, . . . . .	60	
Eleventh time, . . . . .	50	
Twelfth time, . . . . .	36	
Thirteenth time, . . . . .	22	
Fourteenth time, . . . . .	14	
Fifteenth time, . . . . .	17	
Sixteenth time, . . . . .	14	
Seventeenth time, . . . . .	8	
Eighteenth time, . . . . .	6	
Nineteenth time, . . . . .	2	
Twenty-second time, . . . . .	1	
Twenty-third time, . . . . .	2	
Twenty-fourth time, . . . . .	1	
	<hr/>	2,603

## TOWNS, ETC., FROM WHICH PAUPERS HAVE BEEN RECEIVED.

State Infirmary, . . . . .	165
Fall River, . . . . .	123
Brockton, . . . . .	104
New Bedford, . . . . .	53
Bridgewater, . . . . .	30
Taunton, . . . . .	30
Quincy, . . . . .	12
Middleborough, . . . . .	8
Prison department, . . . . .	8
Wareham, . . . . .	7
Attleborough, . . . . .	3
Carver, . . . . .	3
Duxbury, . . . . .	3
Halifax, . . . . .	3
Whitman, . . . . .	3
Boston, . . . . .	2
Rockland, . . . . .	2
East Bridgewater, . . . . .	2
Rochester, . . . . .	2
Barnstable, . . . . .	1
Canton, . . . . .	1
Cohasset, . . . . .	1
Dartmouth, . . . . .	1
Fairhaven, . . . . .	1
Hanover, . . . . .	1
Hanson, . . . . .	1
Marblehead, . . . . .	1
North Abington, . . . . .	1
Norton, . . . . .	1
Plympton, . . . . .	1
Randolph, . . . . .	1
Raynham, . . . . .	1
Rehoboth, . . . . .	1
West Bridgewater, . . . . .	1
Westport, . . . . .	1

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## HOSPITALS, JAILS, ETC., FROM WHICH INSANE PATIENTS HAVE BEEN RECEIVED.

Prison department, . . . . .	54
State Prison, . . . . .	8
Deer Island House of Correction, . . . . .	5

Cambridge House of Correction, . . . . .	5
Plymouth House of Correction, . . . . .	5
New Bedford House of Correction, . . . . .	4
Salem House of Correction, . . . . .	4
Lawrence House of Correction, . . . . .	3
Dedham House of Correction, . . . . .	2
Cambridge Superior Court, . . . . .	2
Lowell Jail, . . . . .	2
Dedham Jail, . . . . .	1
Bristol Superior Court, . . . . .	1
Franklin Superior Court, . . . . .	1
Barnstable House of Correction, . . . . .	1
Northampton House of Correction, . . . . .	1
Pittsfield House of Correction, . . . . .	1
Worcester House of Correction, . . . . .	1
Massachusetts Reformatory, . . . . .	1

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## EXPENDITURES FROM DEC. 1, 1908, TO DEC. 1, 1909.

Salaries, wages and labor, . . . . . \$83,014 99

## Food:—

Butter, . . . . .	\$25 41
Butterine, . . . . .	3,973 18
Beans, . . . . .	2,773 68
Bread and crackers, . . . . .	134 62
Cereals, rice, meal, etc., . . . . .	1,478 38
Cheese, . . . . .	49 28
Eggs, . . . . .	90 80
Flour, . . . . .	24,843 67
Fish, . . . . .	3,677 48
Fruit (dried and fresh), . . . . .	1,118 49
Meats, . . . . .	30,833 86
Milk, . . . . .	998 80
Molasses and syrup, . . . . .	1,969 04
Sugar, . . . . .	3,590 91
Tea, coffee, broma and cocoa, . . . . .	2,775 73
Vegetables, . . . . .	4,225 06
Sundries, . . . . .	1,457 47

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 84,015 86

*Amount carried forward, . . . . .* \$167,030 85

*Amount brought forward,* . . . . \$167,030 85

Clothing and clothing material:—

Boots, shoes and rubbers, . . . .	\$1,437 45	
Clothing, . . . . .	581 62	
Dry goods for clothing, and small wares, .	14,423 53	
Furnishing goods, . . . . .	3,096 60	
Hats and caps, . . . . .	609 37	
Leather and shoe findings, . . . .	7,942 22	
Sundries, . . . . .	164 53	
	<hr/>	28,255 32

Furnishings:—

Beds, bedding, table linen, etc., . . .	\$8,443 16	
Brushes, brooms, etc., . . . . .	1,119 15	
Carpets, rugs, etc., . . . . .	402 23	
Crockery, glassware, etc., . . . .	556 73	
Furniture and upholstery, . . . . .	404 01	
Kitchen furnishings, . . . . .	204 41	
Woodenware, buckets, pails, etc., . .	286 14	
Sundries, . . . . .	622 18	
	<hr/>	12,038 01

Heat, light and power:—

Coal, . . . . .	\$26,033 84	
Electricity, . . . . .	220 38	
Gas, . . . . .	135 63	
Oil, . . . . .	1,534 31	
Sundries, . . . . .	593 55	
	<hr/>	28,517 71

Repairs and improvements:—

Brick, . . . . .	\$122 50	
Cement, . . . . .	100 12	
Doors, sashes, etc., . . . . .	31 88	
Electrical supplies, . . . . .	1,574 79	
Hardware, . . . . .	2,127 39	
Lumber, . . . . .	993 88	
Machinery, . . . . .	4,812 28	
Paints, oils, glass, etc., . . . .	1,809 27	
Plumbing, steam fitting and supplies, .	2,887 29	
Roofing and materials, . . . . .	573 72	
Mechanics and laborers, . . . . .	1,866 16	
Sundries, . . . . .	3,690 61	
	<hr/>	20,589 89

*Amount carried forward,* . . . . \$256,431 78

*Amount brought forward*, . . . . \$256,431 78

Farm, stable and grounds: —

Blacksmith and supplies, . . . .	\$1,271 22	
Carriages, wagons and repairs, . . . .	976 33	
Fertilizers, vines, seeds, etc., . . . .	6,910 95	
Hay, grain, etc., . . . .	13,014 27	
Harnesses and repairs, . . . .	550 33	
Horses, . . . .	1,179 60	
Other live stock, . . . .	1,175 00	
Labor (not on pay roll), . . . .	165 37	
Tools, farm machines, etc., . . . .	1,200 23	
Sundries, . . . .	694 69	
		<hr/> 27,137 99

Miscellaneous: —

Books, periodicals, etc., . . . .	\$446 52	
Chapel services and entertainments, . . . .	1,017 00	
Freight, expressage and transportation, . . . .	4,733 83	
Funeral expenses, . . . .	96 00	
Gratuities, . . . .	4,477 55	
Hose, . . . .	104 00	
Labor (not on payroll), . . . .	495 08	
Medicines and hospital supplies, . . . .	3,322 96	
Medical attendance, nurses, etc., . . . .	277 65	
Postage, . . . .	516 88	
Printing and printing supplies, . . . .	384 76	
Return of runaways, . . . .	106 60	
Soap and laundry supplies, . . . .	2,180 31	
Stationery and office supplies, . . . .	922 88	
Travel and expenses (officials), . . . .	478 48	
Telephone and telegraph, . . . .	646 74	
Tobacco, . . . .	3,281 48	
Sundries, . . . .	1,940 91	
		<hr/> 25,429 63
		<hr/> \$308,999 40

Weekly expenditure, . . . . .	\$2 56
Amount received from sales, labor of inmates, produce sold, etc., . . . . .	\$14,667 20



## SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS.

*High Stone Wall.*

## Chapter 79, Resolves 1903.

Masons' labor, . . . . .	\$1,491 83
Carpenters' labor, . . . . .	568 50
Draughtsman, . . . . .	71 50
Cement, . . . . .	1,585 80
	<hr/>
	\$3,717 63

*Land.*

## Chapter 444, Acts 1905.

Land, . . . . .	\$125 00
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*Barn and Stable.*

## Chapter 444, Acts 1905.

Masons' labor, . . . . .	\$380 01
Carpenters' labor, . . . . .	150 00
Lumber, . . . . .	66 77
Castings, . . . . .	19 35
	<hr/>
	\$616 13

*Stable.*

## Chapter 102, Resolves 1907.

Carpenters' labor, . . . . .	\$239 69
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*Attendants' Building.*

## Chapter 555, Acts 1907.

Masons' labor, . . . . .	\$546 00
Flooring, . . . . .	180 00
Plumbing and steam fitting, . . . . .	867 63
Windows, doors, etc., . . . . .	132 32
Expanded metal, . . . . .	71 18
Carpenters' labor, . . . . .	261 00
Hardware, locks, etc., . . . . .	88 12
	<hr/>
	\$2,146 25

*Furnishing and Lighting Pauper Building.*

## Chapter 555, Acts 1907.

Bedding and furnishings, . . . . .	\$1,167 29
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*Furnishings for Industrial Building.*

Chapter 555, Acts 1907.

Plumbing and supplies,	\$432 26
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*Laundry Building.*

Chapter 555, Acts 1907.

Masons' labor,	\$1,145 00
Carpenters' labor,	642 00
Lumber,	295 65
Carting sand and gravel,	210 00
	<hr/>
	\$2,292 65

*Purchase of Cows.*

Chapter 137, Resolves 1908.

Cows,	\$4,565 50
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*Morgue.*

Chapter 137, Resolves 1908.

Masons' labor,	\$39 81
Carpenters' labor,	79 50
Lumber,	36 00
Hardware,	25 30
	<hr/>
	\$180 61

*Finishing and Furnishing Women's Building.*

Chapter 146, Resolves 1908.

Masons' labor,	\$224 50
Carpenters' labor,	321 00
Electricians' labor,	30 00
Hardware, locks, etc.,	468 81
Hot water heater,	279 99
Plumbing, steam fitting, etc.,	189 69
Windows, glass, etc.,	21 49
Electrical supplies,	78 38
Window guards,	876 00
Laundry machinery, etc.,	102 00
Window shades,	220 37
Furnishings (chairs, toilet sets, etc.),	250 13
	<hr/>
	\$3,062 36

*Duplicate Pumping Plant.*

Chapter 146, Resolves 1908.

Motors, etc.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	\$2,200 00
Belting,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	94 75
Electrical supplies,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	176 79
Pipe and fittings,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	206 30
Electricians,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	571 32
Poles,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	150 50
Valves,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	26 00
Carpenters' labor,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	171 00
Gas engine,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	316 60
Roofing,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	30 00
Windows and doors,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	18 28

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 \$3,961 54
*Painting, Pumps and General Repairs.*

Chapter 137, Resolves 1908.

Roofing,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	\$27 70
Masons' labor,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	77 00
Paints, etc.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	477 75
Pipe covering,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	24 90
Valves,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	59 33

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 \$666 68
*Shop.*

Chapter 146, Resolves 1908.

Masons' labor,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	\$976 50
Carpenters' labor,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	486 00
Cement,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2,705 47
Lumber,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	921 53
Draughtsman,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	137 50
Steel rods, expanded metal, etc.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1,536 03
Freight,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	181 30
Stone crusher,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	550 00
Hardware, tools, etc.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	79 45
Glass,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	134 30
Carting sand and gravel,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	47 25
Drain pipe,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	137 44
Roofing,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	541 89
Window guards,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	238 80
Steam fitting and plumbing,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	906 30

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 \$9,579 76

*Cold-storage Building.*

Chapter 114, Resolves 1909.

Cold-storage machinery,	\$4,153 60
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*Prison Addition.*

Chapter 522, Acts 1909.

Masons' labor,	\$2,579 00
Carpenters' labor,	2,181 00
Cement,	4,960 25
Iron rods, expanded metal, etc.,	3,398 96
Lumber,	2,562 69
Concrete mixer,	470 30
Freight,	175 35
Carting sand and gravel,	161 00
Hardware,	197 35
Draughtsman,	209 00
Pipe, fittings, valves, etc.,	977 85
Machinery,	1,575 00
Roofing,	157 68
Laborers,	56 00
Heating apparatus,	1,500 00
Windows, weights, etc.,	86 20
	<hr/>
	\$21,247 63

*Water Tower.*

Chapter 522, Acts 1909.

Cement and lime,	\$1,834 25
Iron rods, expanded metal, etc.,	1,343 19
Lumber,	309 06
Freight,	198 71
Valve, iron pipe, etc.,	954 42
Masons' labor,	617 50
Carpenters' labor,	1,089 00
Laborers,	70 00
Hoisting engine,	200 00
Paint,	120 00
	<hr/>
	\$6,736 13

*Silo.*

Chapter 114, Resolves 1909.

Masons' labor, . . . . .	\$231 00
Carpenters' labor, . . . . .	432 72
Cement, etc., . . . . .	360 95
Freight, . . . . .	128 25
Steel, . . . . .	138 08
Machinery, . . . . .	209 00
	<hr/>
	\$1,500 00

*Criminal Insane Building.*

Chapter 522, Resolves 1909.

Machinery, . . . . .	\$1,575 00
Steel rods, etc., . . . . .	1,834 64
Lumber, . . . . .	846 51
Rubbing stone, . . . . .	130 00
	<hr/>
	\$4,386 15



VALUATION.

Nov. 30, 1909.

REAL ESTATE.

Land,	\$67,020 00
Buildings,	965,300 00

PERSONAL ESTATE.

Live stock,	\$31,069 50
Products of farm,	35,673 92
Carriages and agricultural implements,	21,669 02
Machinery and mechanical fixtures,	131,950 00
Beds and bedding,	41,868 10
Other furniture,	40,817 96
Personal property of State in superintendent's house,	16,201 01
Ready-made clothing,	45,079 89
Dry goods,	5,800 19
Provisions and groceries,	11,407 34
Drugs and medicines,	1,455 00
Fuel,	16,937 50
Library,	700 00

\$1,432,949 43

LIST OF LIVE STOCK.

15 pairs work horses.	1 bull.
1 pair work horses (freight).	187 hogs.
2 horses (express and depot).	168 shoats.
6 driving horses.	107 pigs.
8 pairs oxen.	30 breeding sows.
90 cows.	2 boars.
7 two-year-olds.	1,507 chickens.
4 heifer calves.	785 hens.

## PRODUCTS OF FARM.

500 tons hay.	950 bushels ruta bagas.
10 tons second crop.	645 bushels flat turnips.
10 $\frac{1}{10}$ tons squash.	47,872 heads cabbage.
15 $\frac{1}{2}$ tons pumpkins.	8,887 bunches celery.
775 bushels onions.	40 bunches pop corn.
11,140 bushels potatoes.	243 barrels apples.
3,800 bushels mangels.	1,000 tons ice.
1,080 bushels yellow globe beets.	250 cords manure.
3,240 bushels table beets.	25 cords hard wood.
2,800 bushels carrots.	25 cords pine wood.
1,125 bushels parsnips.	275 tons ensilage.

## LIST OF SALARIED OFFICERS.

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Superintendent (per annum), . . . . .	\$3,000 00
Master (per annum), . . . . .	2,500 00
Deputy master (per annum), . . . . .	1,200 00
Medical director (per annum), . . . . .	2,500 00
Assistant physicians (2, per annum), . . . . .	1,500 00
Internes (2, per annum), . . . . .	300 00
Treasurer and clerk (per annum), . . . . .	2,500 00
Assistant clerks (3, per annum), . . . . .	\$480 00 to 900 00
Engineer (per annum), . . . . .	1,300 00
Assistant engineers (5, per annum), . . . . .	600 00 to 900 00
Firemen (6, per annum), . . . . .	400 00 to 540 00
Overseers (8, per annum), . . . . .	480 00 to 1,000 00
Farmer (per annum), . . . . .	1,000 00
Farm supervisors (average number 20, per annum), . . . . .	360 00 to 840 00
Supervisors (3, per annum), . . . . .	600 00 to 780 00
Attendants (average number 68, per month), . . . . .	25 00 to 50 00
Baker (per month), . . . . .	50 00
Watchmen (2, per month), . . . . .	45 00 and 50 00
Nurses (10, per month), . . . . .	20 00 to 66 66
Gardener (per month), . . . . .	70 00
Kitchen supervisors (5, per month), . . . . .	18 00 to 60 00
Housekeeper (per month), . . . . .	25 00
Supervising matron (per month), . . . . .	25 00
Matrons (4, per month), . . . . .	25 00 and 35 00
Domestic (per month), . . . . .	20 00

## HOSPITAL REPORT.

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*To the Trustees of the State Farm.*

I herewith submit a brief report of the State Farm hospital for the year ending Nov. 30, 1909.

There were 882 patients treated in the hospital during the year, 131 of whom were in the hospital at the beginning of the year. We had 110 patients when the year closed. The opening of the new almshouse, over a year ago, materially relieved the congested condition of the general hospital. Its operation is also reflected in fewer admissions for the year, as a large percentage of the alms cases who were formerly cared for and treated in the hospital wards are now furnished with such care in their new home. Cases of tuberculosis in the prison population are now transferred to the Colony Camp at Rutland. With the above changed conditions, comparison by facts and figures with other years would be misleading.

By Table No. 2 we see that the greatest number of admissions were in the late winter months, but the difference is not great enough for comment. Our death rate was highest in the months of March and April, and August and September. This was probably due, in the former months, to the normal increase of respiratory diseases incidental to our changeable winter weather, and in the latter to the depressing effect of midsummer heat, coupled with gastric and enteric disturbances.

Of the patients admitted, 134 were past fifty years of age, 103 more than sixty, 37 over seventy, and 10 between seventy and eighty; in other words, over 37 per cent. of all admissions were over fifty years of age.

Table No. 5 is a summary of diseases treated and the results obtained. We admitted 105 uncomplicated cases of alcoholism, in all grades of the disease, and if we include those complicated by other diseases and injuries, we get a total of 122 cases. Influenza comes next, with 72 cases; followed closely by tubercu-

losis, debited with 62 cases. We treated 36 cases of pneumonia during the year, 6 of which were but a terminal complication of some other disease. Twelve of the uncomplicated cases died. It has been our experience, as well as that of other hospitals and practitioners in general, that the pneumococcus infection has been unusually severe during the year just closed. Among other diseases treated, we note 18 cases of organic heart disease of various kinds, and 14 cases of cerebral hemorrhage. We treated 4 cases of typhoid fever, all of whom recovered. These persons were sick when admitted to the institution, and there was no spread of the disease. Year by year the practice grows of sending patients to the hospital when they have but a few more days, or at best a few more weeks, to live. This is of interest only when referring to the hospital mortality rate. We note that 11 patients, or almost 10 per cent. of the total number of patients who died, were in the institution less than one week, and 33 per cent. less than 1 month.

We are making preparations to add a hydiatic outfit to our general hospital, and hope to place it in charge of a man with special training in that line of medical work. Our experience with it in the insane hospital, and the reports received from other hospitals where it has been in operation for a number of years, make us hopeful of results that will warrant the experiment. In the light of the present-day knowledge, alcoholic intemperance is looked upon more and more as a disease, and we are expected to meet the condition with the best weapons at our command, and to adopt any new method that proves beneficial. While we do not hold up hydrotherapy as a cure-all, yet we believe it to be a valuable addition to our therapeutic armatarium, and in a battle with such heavy odds against us we must annex every method that gives promise of result, if we would win.

The following changes have occurred in the medical staff during the year: Dr. James H. Burkhead resigned the first of June, to enter private practice. Dr. E. P. Disbrow resigned the first of August, to take a better paying position in the City Hospital, Worcester, and the latter vacancy was filled by the appointment of Dr. John H. Weller of Newburg, New York. On account of selecting our hospital help from the inmate body,

we deemed it wise to revise the work somewhat, and have engaged a trained male nurse to supervise the nursing, leaving the matron more time to devote to the supervision of diets and the care of the hospital linen. We hope this change and addition will materially improve the service. I would here express my sense of appreciation to all who have so faithfully contributed to the welfare of the hospital.

Very respectfully yours,

ALFRED ELLIOTT,

*Resident Physician.*





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# HOSPITAL TABLES.

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## HOSPITAL TABLES.

TABLE NO. 1. — *Hospital Report.*

Number in hospital Dec. 1, 1908, . . . . .	131
Admitted during year, . . . . .	751
Total under treatment, . . . . .	882
Discharged during year, . . . . .	670
Died during year, . . . . .	111
	781
Remaining in hospital Nov. 30, 1909, . . . . .	101

TABLE NO. 2. — *Monthly Admissions, Discharges and Deaths.*

	Admitted.	Discharged.	Died.
<b>1908.</b>			
December, . . . . .	59	40	4
<b>1909.</b>			
January, . . . . .	51	39	4
February, . . . . .	83	66	8
March, . . . . .	85	80	16
April, . . . . .	78	65	15
May, . . . . .	54	82	7
June, . . . . .	59	50	12
July, . . . . .	49	42	8
August, . . . . .	63	49	14
September, . . . . .	56	52	12
October, . . . . .	64	54	3
November, . . . . .	50	51	8
Totals, . . . . .	751	670	111

TABLE NO. 3. — *Ages of Patients on Admission.*

	Under 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 and Over.
<b>1908.</b>								
December, . . .	—	8	17	16	10	1	5	2
<b>1909.</b>								
January, . . .	1	6	11	12	10	9	2	—
February, . . .	—	17	14	21	15	12	3	1
March, . . .	2	12	14	18	17	18	3	1
April, . . .	3	11	20	14	15	13	2	—
May, . . .	2	10	7	12	6	11	5	1
June, . . .	1	9	14	15	9	6	3	2
July, . . .	1	5	10	14	11	4	3	1
August, . . .	—	12	11	23	7	7	2	1
September, . . .	—	11	10	12	12	6	5	—
October, . . .	1	7	11	20	12	10	2	1
November, . . .	1	9	6	16	10	6	2	—
Totals, . . .	12	117	145	193	134	103	37	10



TABLE NO. 4. — *Tabulated Report of Cases in the Hospital at the Beginning of the Year.*

DISEASES.	No. of Cases.	Recovery.	Improved.	Unimproved.	Died.
Abscess, thigh, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Alcoholism, . . . . .	5	5	-	-	-
Asthma, . . . . .	1	-	1	-	-
Bronchitis, chronic, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-
Bronchitis, chronic and senility, . . . . .	2	-	1	-	1
Carcinoma, stomach, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Cataract, . . . . .	3	2	-	1	-
Debility, . . . . .	9	-	6	3	-
Diarrhœa, acute, and myocarditis, chronic, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Diarrhœa, chronic, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Epilepsy, . . . . .	3	-	1	2	-
Epithelioma, face, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Epithelioma, lip, . . . . .	1	-	1	-	-
Fistula, anal, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Fracture, ribs, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Gastralgia, . . . . .	1	-	1	-	-
Gastritis, acute, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Gastritis, chronic, . . . . .	2	-	1	1	-
Hemiplegia, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-
Hemorrhage, cerebral, . . . . .	7	-	-	2	5
Hemorrhoids, . . . . .	3	3	-	-	-
Hernia, inguinal, . . . . .	2	-	-	2	-
Hypostatic congestion, lungs, and cystitis, chronic, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Hypostatic congestion, lungs, and hemorrhage, cerebral, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Hypostatic congestion, lungs, and senility, . . . . .	2	-	-	-	2
Hysteria, . . . . .	1	-	1	-	-
Incontinence, urine, . . . . .	1	-	1	-	-
Influenza, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Insanity, manic-depressive, . . . . .	2	-	-	2	-
Intestinal obstruction, acute, and senility, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Lumbago, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Myocarditis, chronic, . . . . .	2	-	-	-	2
Organic brain disease, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Organic heart disease, . . . . .	5	-	2	2	1
Paraplegia, spastic, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-
Retention, urine, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Rheumatism, acute articular, . . . . .	2	2	-	-	-
Rheumatism, chronic, . . . . .	3	-	2	1	-
Sarcoma, ileum, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Scabies, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Senility, . . . . .	16	-	-	16	-
Septic arm, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Sprain, ankle, . . . . .	2	2	-	-	-
Stricture, urethral, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Syphilis, secondary, . . . . .	5	-	5	-	-
Trauma, wrist, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Tuberculosis, pulmonary, . . . . .	21	-	12	5	4
Typhoid fever, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Ulcer, foot, . . . . .	2	2	-	-	-
Ulcer, leg, . . . . .	4	2	2	-	-
Totals, . . . . .	131	29	37	40	25

TABLE NO. 5. — *Tabulated Report of Cases treated in the Hospital, admitted during the Year ending Nov. 30, 1909.*

DISEASES.	No. of Cases.	Recovery.	Improved.	Unimproved.	Died.
Abscess, arm, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Abscess, jaw, . . . . .	7	7	—	—	—
Abscess, neck, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Abscess, perineal, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Alcoholism, . . . . .	105	105	—	—	—
Alcoholism and bronchitis, chronic, . . . . .	2	—	2	—	—
Alcoholism and diarrhœa, acute, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Alcoholism and pneumonia, catarrhal, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Alcoholism and rheumatism, chronic, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—
Alcoholism and trauma, back, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Alcoholism and trauma, foot, . . . . .	3	3	—	—	—
Alcoholism and trauma, head, . . . . .	5	5	—	—	—
Alcoholism and trauma, side, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Anæmia, splenic, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—
Appendicitis, acute, catarrhal, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Asthma, . . . . .	8	—	7	1	—
Asthma and myocarditis, chronic, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Bronchitis, acute, . . . . .	6	5	1	—	—
Bronchitis, chronic, . . . . .	6	—	5	1	—
Bronchitis, chronic, and senility, . . . . .	5	—	—	2	3
Burn, foot, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Carbuncle, neck, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Carcinoma, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Carcinoma, stomach, . . . . .	2	—	—	1	1
Chancroid, . . . . .	2	1	1	—	—
Cholecystitis, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Cirrhosis, liver, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Conjunctivitis, acute, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Constipation, acute, . . . . .	6	6	—	—	—
Coryza, acute, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Cystitis, chronic, . . . . .	4	—	3	1	—
Debility, . . . . .	30	2	24	4	—
Dementia, primary, . . . . .	7	—	—	7	—
Dementia, senile, . . . . .	6	—	—	6	—
Diabetes mellitus, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Diarrhœa, acute, . . . . .	16	16	—	—	—
Diarrhœa, acute, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Diarrhœa, chronic, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—
Dislocation, shoulder, . . . . .	3	3	—	—	—
Eczema, . . . . .	3	2	1	—	—
Encephalitis, acute, and fracture, skull, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Enteritis, chronic catarrhal, and senility, . . . . .	2	—	—	—	2
Epilepsy, . . . . .	15	—	13	1	1

TABLE No. 5 — *Continued.*

DISEASES.	No. of Cases.	Recovery.	Improved.	Unimproved.	Died.
Epistaxis, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Epithelioma, face, . . . . .	2	—	1	1	—
Epithelioma, lip, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Erysipelas, . . . . .	3	3	—	—	—
Fistula, anal, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Fistula, urethral, . . . . .	1	—	—	1	—
Fracture, arm, . . . . .	5	4	1	—	—
Fracture, leg, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Fracture, clavicle, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Fracture, jaw, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Fracture, radius, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Fracture, ribs, . . . . .	4	4	—	—	—
Fracture, thigh, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Frost-bite, toes, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Gastralgia, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—
Gastritis, acute, . . . . .	8	8	—	—	—
Gastritis, alcoholic, . . . . .	4	4	—	—	—
Gastritis, chronic, . . . . .	3	—	2	1	—
Glossitis, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Gonorrhœa, acute, . . . . .	4	4	—	—	—
Hemiplegia, . . . . .	3	—	—	3	—
Hemorrhage, cerebral, . . . . .	9	—	2	2	5
Hemorrhage, cerebral, and alcoholism, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Hemorrhage, cerebral, and organic brain disease, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Hemorrhoids, . . . . .	8	8	—	—	—
Hernia, inguinal, . . . . .	2	—	—	2	—
Hernia, strangulated, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Hypostatic congestion lungs, and hemorrhage, cerebral, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Hypostatic congestion lungs, and senility, . . . . .	4	—	—	—	4
Hysteria, . . . . .	2	—	2	—	—
Incontinence, urine, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—
Indigestion, acute, . . . . .	5	5	—	—	—
Infected arm, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Infected hand, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Infected toe, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Influenza, . . . . .	72	72	—	—	—
Insanity, alcoholic, . . . . .	4	2	1	1	—
Insanity, toxic, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—
Intestinal obstruction, acute, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Intestinal obstruction, acute, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Locomotor ataxia, . . . . .	3	—	—	3	—
Lumbago, . . . . .	5	5	—	—	—
Malaria, . . . . .	20	20	—	—	—

TABLE NO. 5 — *Continued.*

DISEASES.	No. of Cases.	Recovery.	Improved.	Unimproved.	Died.
Mania a potu, . . . . .	5	5	—	—	—
Meningitis, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Morphinism, . . . . .	3	—	3	—	—
Myocarditis, chronic, . . . . .	2	—	—	—	2
Myocarditis, chronic, and organic brain disease, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Nephritis, chronic interstitial, . . . . .	3	—	—	1	2
Nephritis, chronic parenchymatous, . . . . .	4	—	—	1	3
Neuralgia, facial, . . . . .	3	3	—	—	—
Neuralgia, intercostal, . . . . .	3	3	—	—	—
Neurasthenia, . . . . .	3	—	3	—	—
Neuritis, alcoholic, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Neuritis, optic, . . . . .	1	—	—	1	—
Orchitis, acute, . . . . .	4	3	1	—	—
Organic brain disease, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Organic heart disease, . . . . .	15	—	7	2	6
Organic heart disease and bronchitis, chronic, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Organic heart disease and influenza, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Organic heart disease and senility, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Otitis media, catarrhal, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Paralysis, heart, post-diphtheritic, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Paraplegia, . . . . .	1	—	—	1	—
Paresis, . . . . .	2	—	—	2	—
Phimosis, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Pleurisy, acute plastic, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Pleurisy, acute plastic, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Pleurisy, fibrinous, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—
Pneumonia, catarrhal, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Pneumonia, catarrhal, and senility, . . . . .	2	—	—	—	2
Pneumonia, lobar, . . . . .	30	19	—	—	11
Pneumonia, lobar, and gangrene, lung, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Pneumonia, lobar, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	2	—	—	—	2
Rheumatism, acute articular, . . . . .	9	9	—	—	—
Rheumatism, chronic, . . . . .	4	—	3	1	—
Rheumatism, gonorrhœal, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—
Rheumatism, muscular, . . . . .	3	2	1	—	—
Scabies, . . . . .	8	8	—	—	—
Sciatica, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Senility, . . . . .	10	—	—	10	—
Septic leg, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Sprained ankle, . . . . .	4	4	—	—	—
Sprained knee, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Sprained wrist, . . . . .	3	3	—	—	—

TABLE No. 5 — *Concluded.*

DISEASES,	No. of Cases.	Recovery.	Improved.	Unimproved.	Died.
Stomatitis, ulcerative, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Stricture, esophageal, and tuberculosis, pulmonary, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Stricture, urethral, . . . . .	4	1	3	—	—
Synovitis, knee, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Syphilis, secondary, . . . . .	8	—	8	—	—
Tenia, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Tinea circinata, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Tonsilitis, catarrhal, . . . . .	6	6	—	—	—
Tonsilitis, follicular, . . . . .	4	4	—	—	—
Trauma, ankle, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Trauma, fingers, . . . . .	3	2	1	—	—
Trauma, foot, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Trauma, hand, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Trauma, head, . . . . .	7	7	—	—	—
Trauma, knee, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Trauma, leg, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Trauma, shoulder, . . . . .	3	3	—	—	—
Trauma, side, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Tuberculosis, acute miliary, . . . . .	3	—	—	—	3
Tuberculosis, pulmonary, . . . . .	58	—	32	12	14
Tuberculosis, pulmonary, and rheumatism, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—
Typhoid fever, . . . . .	4	4	—	—	—
Ulcer, cornea, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Ulcer, foot, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Ulcer, leg, . . . . .	14	9	5	—	—
Uremia and nephritis, chronic parenchymatous, . . . . .	2	—	—	—	2
Totals, . . . . .	751	454	142	69	86



TABLE No. 6. — *Deaths 1908-09.*

Alcoholism and pneumonia, catarrhal, . . . . .	1
Asthma and myocarditis, chronic, . . . . .	1
Bronchitis, chronic, and senility, . . . . .	4
Carcinoma, . . . . .	1
Carcinoma, stomach, . . . . .	2
Cirrhosis, liver, . . . . .	1
Diabetes mellitus, . . . . .	1
Diarrhœa, acute, and myocarditis, chronic, . . . . .	1
Diarrhœa, acute, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1
Diarrhœa, chronic, . . . . .	1
Encephalitis, acute, and fracture, skull, . . . . .	1
Enteritis, chronic catarrhal, and senility, . . . . .	2
Epilepsy, . . . . .	1
Epithelioma, face, . . . . .	1
Hemorrhage, cerebral, . . . . .	10
Hemorrhage, cerebral, and alcoholism, . . . . .	1
Hemorrhage, cerebral, and organic brain disease, . . . . .	1
Hypostatic congestion, lungs, and cystitis, chronic, . . . . .	1
Hypostatic congestion, lungs, and hemorrhage, cerebral, . . . . .	2
Hypostatic congestion, lungs, and senility, . . . . .	6
Intestinal obstruction, acute, . . . . .	1
Intestinal obstruction, acute, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1
Intestinal obstruction, acute, and senility, . . . . .	1
Meningitis, . . . . .	1
Myocarditis, chronic, . . . . .	4
Myocarditis, chronic, and organic brain disease, . . . . .	1
Nephritis, chronic interstitial, . . . . .	2
Nephritis, chronic parenchymatous, . . . . .	3
Organic brain disease, . . . . .	2
Organic heart disease, . . . . .	7
Organic heart disease and bronchitis, chronic, . . . . .	1
Organic heart disease and influenza, . . . . .	2
Organic heart disease and senility, . . . . .	1
Paralysis, heart, post-diphtheritic, . . . . .	1
Pleurisy, acute plastic, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1
Pneumonia, catarrhal, . . . . .	1

TABLE NO. 6 — *Concluded.*

Pneumonia, catarrhal, and senility, . . . . .	2
Pneumonia, lobar, . . . . .	11
Pneumonia, lobar, and gangrene, lung, . . . . .	1
Pneumonia, lobar, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	2
Sarcoma, ileum, . . . . .	1
Stricture, esophageal, and tuberculosis, pulmonary, . . . . .	1
Tuberculosis, acute miliary, . . . . .	3
Tuberculosis, pulmonary, . . . . .	18
Uremia and nephritis, chronic parenchymatous, . . . . .	2
<hr/>	
Total, . . . . .	111
Deaths are classified as follows: —	
Prisoners, . . . . .	37
Alms, . . . . .	74
<hr/>	
Total, . . . . .	111

TABLE NO. 7. — *Ages.*

	Under 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 and Over.	Total.
Deaths, . . . . .	2	11	16.	10	26	25	17	4	111

TABLE NO. 8. — *Showing Number of Patients in Hospital Each Day,  
Dec. 1, 1908, to Nov. 30, 1909.*

DAY OF MONTH.	1908.	1909.										
	December.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.
1, . . . . .	132	145	145	151	154	150	109	110	113	112	103	112
2, . . . . .	131	143	145	152	154	150	106	105	113	104	102	112
3, . . . . .	132	144	145	150	156	150	107	104	112	105	104	113
4, . . . . .	134	138	148	150	158	154	109	105	114	107	105	113
5, . . . . .	134	140	151	151	166	154	110	105	116	107	102	111
6, . . . . .	134	140	155	140	163	142	111	106	116	108	105	110
7, . . . . .	134	142	158	140	163	143	114	106	108	101	106	111
8, . . . . .	128	135	162	143	165	133	115	109	108	103	101	111
9, . . . . .	131	139	149	143	166	133	115	112	110	104	103	103
10, . . . . .	132	139	150	147	160	133	117	106	107	101	104	108
11, . . . . .	136	142	154	148	162	138	118	107	108	102	104	109
12, . . . . .	136	142	155	153	162	140	109	107	108	102	98	112
13, . . . . .	137	145	161	147	159	140	108	108	110	104	99	107
14, . . . . .	138	145	162	146	161	135	109	109	111	107	100	108
15, . . . . .	141	140	154	151	164	137	110	110	111	111	102	107
16, . . . . .	138	140	156	156	166	139	112	104	105	107	102	110
17, . . . . .	140	140	159	157	167	140	114	108	109	107	103	102
18, . . . . .	143	145	162	158	167	134	115	109	111	104	105	103
19, . . . . .	143	147	156	160	168	134	117	112	112	105	106	105
20, . . . . .	145	148	159	156	158	131	118	112	114	105	108	108
21, . . . . .	145	148	161	155	159	121	117	113	107	103	106	108
22, . . . . .	146	147	161	160	160	122	118	113	107	108	111	107
23, . . . . .	149	151	151	164	163	122	109	115	107	109	113	109
24, . . . . .	144	151	156	152	161	117	110	109	108	106	114	109
25, . . . . .	146	156	157	153	161	117	110	109	108	106	116	109
26, . . . . .	144	148	160	155	155	117	113	110	112	106	118	100
27, . . . . .	146	149	157	142	147	119	113	111	110	105	116	100
28, . . . . .	146	151	159	151	150	116	110	111	103	108	117	100
29, . . . . .	148	151	-	154	150	112	112	113	106	102	111	102
30, . . . . .	141	151	-	158	149	111	108	115	106	104	112	101
31, . . . . .	144	151	-	152	-	112	-	111	111	-	112	-

STATE FARM,  
BRIDGEWATER.

BRIDGEWATER STATE HOSPITAL.

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CONSULTING PATHOLOGIST.

EDWARD WYLLYS TAYLOR, M.D.,	. . . . .	BOSTON.
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## HOSPITAL REPORT.

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*To the Trustees of the State Farm.*

The following report of the Bridgewater State Hospital for the year ending Nov. 30, 1909, is respectfully submitted. The accompanying tables are for the year ending Sept. 30, 1909.

We began the year with 610 patients, and had 634 when the year closed, — a gain of 24 for the year. There were 103 different persons admitted during the year, 93 of whom were first admissions to any hospital for the insane. The number of different persons under treatment within the year was 713. There were 54 persons discharged during the year, 15 of whom were considered recovered at the time they left the hospital, and 9 others had sufficiently improved to be discharged as capable of self-support. Twenty-two patients died during the year, — about 3.5 per cent. reckoned on the daily average, and 3.09 reckoned on the total number of different persons under treatment. The recovery rate, based on different persons admitted during the year, was 14.5 per cent., or 16.12 per cent. if based upon persons first admitted to any hospital. The percentage of recoveries is somewhat higher than last year, no doubt due, in part, to the growing tendency to place patients under treatment as early in the disease as possible. We note that 6 of the 15 cases reported as recovered were suffering from acute alcoholic insanity, one of our most curable forms. The 9 capable of self-support were discharged to the care of relatives or friends. Eight patients were out on trial visit when the year closed.

In reviewing the forms of mental disease in persons who died, we see that dementia præcox leads the list, with 7 cases, followed closely, however, by general paralysis, debited with 6 cases. Epileptic insanity is debited with 4 cases, primary delusional with 2, toxic insanity, chronic alcoholic insanity and



senile dementia with 1 each. We had 1 suicide during the year, the particulars of which were fully reported to your Board and the State Board of Insanity at the time.

In a running review of some of the other tables we find almost one-half (45) of the persons first admitted to any hospital were native born. Of the foreign born, Ireland stands first with 13, followed by Italy with 9, Canada 7, Russia 5, England 3, Austria, China and Sweden 2 each, Belgium, France, Hungary, Turkey and Western Islands 1 each. In civil condition, single men lead with a total of 65, married 26 and 2 unknown. In considering the ages of insane at first attack, in those first admitted to any hospital we find 15 persons — about 16 per cent. of the whole — who were defective from early childhood. Five became insane between the age of fifteen and twenty; 26 between twenty and thirty; 24 between thirty and forty; 15 between forty and fifty; 6 between fifty and sixty, and 2 over sixty. From this we see the majority belong to the middle period of life, between twenty and fifty, with its struggles, wear and tear, and excesses of various kinds. During this period of life, generally from twenty to thirty-five, we also find that very large clinical group known as dementia præcox. Thirty-seven, of our 93 first admissions, came under this class.

In regard to the penal institutions from which our patients were received, 50 came from the prison department of the State Farm; 31 from houses of correction; 11 from State Prison; 5 directly from the courts; 3 from the Massachusetts Reformatory and 3 from jails.

As to the exciting causes of insanity in our first admissions, alcohol is given in 40 cases, or a little over 43 per cent. Other causes, following in frequency in order named, are senility, organic brain disease, and worry. While alcoholic intemperance is given as a causative factor in 43 per cent. of our cases, I believe it is much too low, and could we reach the truth and interpret it aright, which is often very hard to do, I am of the opinion that 60 to 70 per cent. would be nearer correct. From personal observation, and the clinical histories of a great number of cases, I am convinced that the quality of the liquors consumed has as much to do as the quantity in causing the liquor

habit and consequently insanity. If we could in some way regulate the quality of liquors used, I believe we would be making a stride in the right direction towards suppressing the evils of drink, and at the same time remove a cause of insanity. Incidentally it may be remarked that the frequency of psychosis and neurosis among relatives of our patients emphasize the importance of heredity in the causation of insanity. The history of tuberculosis among relatives of the insane is also noteworthy, and may have some bearing on the relation certain somatic diseases hold to insanity.

By Table No. 16 we see that 21 of the 103 patients received during the year were arrested for crimes against the person. In point of number, vagrancy leads with 26, and if we add the number arrested as tramps we get a total of 34. Drunkenness stands second, with a total of 16, and assault of different kinds takes third place.

We had almost ten acres of our garden under cultivation this year, which during the summer months furnished our patients with a liberal supply of vegetables, etc., thus greatly enriching our dietary. In all we gathered from our garden 2,592 boxes of strawberries, 508 dozen heads of lettuce, 140 bushels peas, 560 bushels beans, 79 bushels onions, 196 dozen cucumbers, 2,944 dozen ears of corn, 288 bushels tomatoes, 303 dozen musk melons, 125 dozen watermelons, 12 dozen pumpkins, 8 dozen squash and 516 bushels potatoes. On a daily average, we have employed about 50 men in our garden. I am convinced that suitable employment is a very essential factor in the care and treatment of the insane, and I know of no better form of work than gardening, as a relatively large number of patients can be employed on a few acres of land, and the result of their energy and enterprise is reflected in an enriched and more varied diet. We find our patients healthier and happier on account of the added out-of-door life, and their flagging interest in themselves and their environments is often greatly stimulated. Besides working in our garden, we were able to employ a number of patients in building walks, grading around new buildings and preparing land for more extensive operation next year.

In an institution of this kind, a hospital building for the

proper care and treatment of sickness incidental to all insane hospitals is much to be desired. In the past we have cared for our acutely sick in a ward set aside for that purpose in one of our regular hospital buildings, and have moved from time to time as we needed more room or other conditions made it necessary. We have now come to the time when we need the day rooms, now used as hospital dormitories, for the purpose for which they were built, viz., for sitting rooms; and I would ask that a small hospital building be erected upon lines suggested by present-day methods of care and treatment. While our present sick wards serve their purpose fairly well, they were built for sleeping rooms, to be occupied only at night and by physically healthy men. I would suggest a building containing dormitory and rooms to accommodate 50 to 75 patients. The rooms should be larger and lighter and with higher ceilings than those in present use. Ventilation and heating should also receive careful attention, and the entire building be arranged with the view of giving the best possible care to our sick. We have an ideal location for such a building in the grove west of the northwest yard. I therefore recommend that we ask for an appropriation sufficient to erect and equip such a building.

On account of new arrangements, whereby the medical staff take their meals at the medical director's house, it becomes necessary to make some changes and additions to accommodate the increased number. I would recommend that we ask for \$2,000 to enlarge our dining-room and for extra chambers.

Later in the fall we expect to break ground for our new building, for which money was appropriated last year, and work will be continued as weather permits, and completed next year. The wall to surround ten acres more for gardening purposes, as authorized last year, will be commenced later in the year.

The medical work of the hospital has been carried on along the general lines of former years. We continue to make daily use of hydrotherapy, and are more convinced than ever that it is a great aid in the treatment of the insane. We continue to have a dentist visit the hospital from time to time, and he has done in a satisfactory manner a large amount of dental work. Dr. Charles G. Miles, who was medical interne, resigned in July to take up private practice. Dr. Arthur J. Nugent of Worces-

ter was appointed to the position made vacant, and is doing acceptable work. Dr. Chas. A. Drew resigned his duties as medical director May 1, after a service of ten years. My appointment to the position was made in June, and the foregoing is in great part a report of Dr. Drew's work. To Dr. Baker, my senior assistant, and to all the non-medical officers who have been kind and faithful, I wish to acknowledge my gratitude.

To your Board, and the superintendent, I am grateful for assistance and council, and trust they may continue in the year to come.

Respectfully yours,

ALFRED ELLIOTT,  
*Medical Director.*



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# HOSPITAL TABLES.

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## HOSPITAL TABLES.

TABLE NO. 1. — *General Statistics for the Year ending Sept. 30, 1909,  
and since the Opening of the Hospital Sept. 14, 1886.*

	During the Year.	Since Sept. 14, 1886.
Patients in the hospital Oct. 1, 1908, . . . . .	610	—
Admitted within the year, . . . . .	109	1,717
Viz.: by commitment, . . . . .	103	1,194
by transfer, . . . . .	—	479
from escape, . . . . .	—	5
from visit, . . . . .	—	3
nominally at end of visit, . . . . .	6	37
Whole number of cases under treatment, . . . . .	719	—
Dismissed within the year, . . . . .	85	1,070
Viz.: discharged, . . . . .	54	—
as recovered, . . . . .	15	150
as capable of self-support, . . . . .	9	80
as improved, . . . . .	8	18
as not improved, . . . . .	20	146
as not insane, . . . . .	2	21
died, . . . . .	22	369
transferred, . . . . .	1	49
on escape Sept. 30, 1909, . . . . .	—	30
on visit Sept. 30, 1909, . . . . .	8	34

TABLE NO. 1 — *Concluded.*

	During the Year.	Since Sept. 14, 1886.
Remaining Sept. 30, 1909, . . . . .	634	—
Number of State patients, . . . . .	633	—
Number of reimbursing patients, . . . . .	1	—
Number of different persons under treatment within the year.	713	—
Number of different persons admitted, . . . .	103	—
Number of different persons admitted by commit- ment.	103	—
Number of different persons dismissed, . . . .	79	—
Number of different persons recovered, . . . .	15	—
Number of different persons discharged capable of self-support.	9	—
Daily average, persons under treatment, . . . .	626.002	—
Daily average, State patients, . . . . .	625.002	—
Daily average, reimbursing patients, . . . . .	1.00	—

TABLE NO. 2. — *Received on First and Subsequent Commitments during  
the Year ending Sept. 30, 1909.*

	Received dur- ing the Year.
First commitment to this hospital, . . . . .	101
Second commitment to this hospital, . . . . .	2
Third commitment to this hospital, . . . . .	—
Fourth commitment to this hospital, . . . . .	—
Total cases, . . . . .	103
Total persons, . . . . .	103
First commitment to any hospital, . . . . .	93

TABLE NO. 3. — *Nativity and Parentage of Persons first admitted to Any Insane Hospital, received during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1909, and since the Opening of the Hospital, Sept. 14, 1886.*

PLACES OF NATIVITY.	RECEIVED.					
	DURING THE YEAR.			SINCE SEPT. 14, 1886.		
	Patient.	Father.	Mother.	Patient.	Father.	Mother.
Massachusetts, . . . . .	28	9	11	544	108	107
Other New England States, . . . . .	8	6	4	119	62	59
Other States, . . . . .	9	4	6	146	77	78
Total natives, . . . . .	45	19	21	809	247	244
Africa, . . . . .	—	—	—	1	1	1
Assyria, . . . . .	—	—	—	2	2	2
At sea, . . . . .	—	—	—	1	—	—
Armenia, . . . . .	—	—	—	2	2	2
Austria, . . . . .	2	2	2	11	8	7
Azores, . . . . .	—	—	—	11	8	7
Barbadoes, . . . . .	—	—	—	1	—	2
Belgium, . . . . .	1	1	1	1	1	1
British Guiana, . . . . .	—	—	—	1	1	1
Canada, . . . . .	6	8	8	104	106	113
Cape Breton Island, . . . . .	—	—	1	—	—	1
Cape Verde Islands, . . . . .	—	—	—	1	1	—
China, . . . . .	2	2	2	4	3	3
Cuba, . . . . .	—	—	—	2	—	—
Denmark, . . . . .	—	—	—	8	2	2
England, . . . . .	3	3	4	70	57	47
Finland, . . . . .	—	—	—	2	2	2
France, . . . . .	1	1	1	8	9	6
Germany, . . . . .	—	2	1	8	12	13
Greece, . . . . .	—	—	—	10	10	10
Guernsey Islands, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	1	—
Hungary, . . . . .	1	1	1	2	2	2
India, . . . . .	—	—	—	2	—	—
Ireland, . . . . .	13	25	26	253	396	397
Italy, . . . . .	9	9	9	65	56	55
Mexico, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	1	1
Morocco, . . . . .	—	—	—	1	—	—
New Brunswick, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	1
Norway, . . . . .	—	—	—	3	2	2
Nova Scotia, . . . . .	1	3	2	1	4	3
Poland, . . . . .	—	—	—	10	9	8
Portugal, . . . . .	—	—	—	2	1	1
Prince Edward Island, . . . . .	—	1	1	1	1	1
Russia, . . . . .	5	5	5	36	25	24
Scotland, . . . . .	—	1	2	15	15	19
South America, . . . . .	—	—	—	1	—	—
Spain, . . . . .	—	—	—	1	1	1
Sweden, . . . . .	2	3	2	19	14	13
Switzerland, . . . . .	—	—	—	1	1	1
Turkey, . . . . .	1	1	1	3	2	2
Wales, . . . . .	—	1	—	—	1	—
West Indies, . . . . .	—	—	—	4	3	3
Western Islands, . . . . .	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total foreigners, . . . . .	93	89	90	669	761	755
Unknown, . . . . .	—	4	2	86	556	565
Totals, . . . . .	93	93	93	1,564	1,564	1,564

TABLE NO. 4. — *Number of Patients received from the State Institutions for the Insane and Other Sources during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1909, and since the Opening of the Hospital Sept. 14, 1886.*

	RECEIVED.	
	During the Year.	Since Sept. 14, 1886.
From hospitals for the insane, . . . . .	—	480
From State Farm pauper department, . . . . .	—	37
From State Farm, prison department, . . . . .	50	454
From State Prison, . . . . .	11	272
From Massachusetts Reformatory, . . . . .	3	113
From the courts, . . . . .	5	70
From the houses of correction, . . . . .	31	229
From jails, . . . . .	3	13
From jails, awaiting trial, . . . . .	—	21
Returned from escape and given new numbers, . . . . .	—	5
Returned to the hospital by order of the Board of Insanity, . . . . .	—	4
Totals, . . . . .	103	1,698

TABLE NO. 5. — *Residence of Insane Persons admitted by Commitment.*

PLACES.	First Admitted to Any Hospital.	Other Admissions.	Totals.
Massachusetts (by counties):—			
Barnstable, . . . . .	1	1	2
Berkshire, . . . . .	—	—	—
Bristol, . . . . .	5	3	8
Essex, . . . . .	14	2	16
Franklin, . . . . .	1	—	1
Hampden, . . . . .	2	—	2
Hampshire, . . . . .	1	—	1
Middlesex, . . . . .	15	—	15
Norfolk, . . . . .	4	—	4
Plymouth, . . . . .	1	—	1
Suffolk, . . . . .	40	3	43
Worcester, . . . . .	9	1	10
Totals, . . . . .	93	10	103
Cities or large towns, <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	82	8	90
Country districts, <sup>2</sup> . . . . .	11	2	13
Unknown, . . . . .	—	—	—

<sup>1</sup> 10,000 population and over.

<sup>2</sup> Under 10,000.



TABLE NO. 6. — *Civil Conditions of Persons first admitted to Any Insane Hospital, received during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1909.*

Married, . . . . .	26
Single, . . . . .	65
Widowed, . . . . .	2
Unknown, . . . . .	—
Total, . . . . .	93

TABLE NO. 7. — *Occupation of Persons first admitted to Any Insane Hospital received during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1909.*

Artist, . . . . . 1	Mill hand, . . . . . 3
Barber, . . . . . 1	Musician, . . . . . 1
Butcher, . . . . . 1	Moulder, . . . . . 1
Carpenter, . . . . . 3	None, . . . . . 6
Clerk, . . . . . 2	Painter, . . . . . 3
Cigarmaker, . . . . . 1	Peddler, . . . . . 1
Coremaker, . . . . . 1	Plasterer, . . . . . 1
Currier, . . . . . 1	Printer, . . . . . 1
Die finisher, . . . . . 1	Sailor, . . . . . 1
Farmer, . . . . . 4	Shoemaker, . . . . . 5
Fireman, . . . . . 1	Spinner, . . . . . 1
Foreman, . . . . . 1	Tailor, . . . . . 1
Furniture packer, . . . . . 1	Teamster, . . . . . 6
Gardener, . . . . . 1	Trader, . . . . . 1
Jeweler, . . . . . 1	Waiter, . . . . . 4
Laborer, . . . . . 35	Total, . . . . . 93
Machinist, . . . . . 1	

TABLE NO. 8. — *Ages of Insane at First Attack, Admission and Death.*

AGES.	FIRST ADMITTED TO ANY HOSPITAL.		DIED.	
	At First Attack.	When admitted.	At First Attack.	When admitted.
Congenital, . . . . .	15	—	—	—
15 years and less, . . . . .	—	—	1	—
From 15 to 20 years, . . . . .	5	5	1	1
20 to 25 years, . . . . .	12	13	2	3
25 to 30 years, . . . . .	14	20	1	1
30 to 35 years, . . . . .	13	14	3	2
35 to 40 years, . . . . .	11	15	5	6
40 to 50 years, . . . . .	15	16	5	6
50 to 60 years, . . . . .	6	7	1	2
60 to 70 years, . . . . .	2	3	1	1
70 to 80 years, . . . . .	—	—	—	—
Over 80 years, . . . . .	—	—	—	—
Totals, . . . . .	93	93	20	22
Unknown, . . . . .	—	—	2	—
Not insane, . . . . .	—	—	—	—
Total of persons, . . . . .	93	93	22	22
Mean known ages (in years), .	33.7	34.6	37.0	39.7+

TABLE NO. 9. — *Probable Causes of Mental Diseases in Persons first admitted to Any Hospital.*

EXCITING CAUSES.	Admitted.	PREDISPOSING.		
		Hereditary Tendency.	Neurotic Tendency.	Alcoholic Intemperance.
<i>Physical.</i>				
Alcoholic intemperance, . . .	40	8	8	20
Cerebral hemorrhage, . . .	1	—	—	1
Congenital defect, . . .	15	3	8	7
Organic brain disease, . . .	1	—	—	1
Senility, . . .	2	—	1	1
Toxemia, . . .	5	—	6	—
Trauma, . . .	—	—	—	—
<i>Mental.</i>				
Worry, . . .	13	2	8	3
Totals, . . .	77	13	31	33
Unknown, . . .	16	—	—	—
Totals, . . .	93	13	31	33

TABLE NO. 10. — *Probable Duration of Disease before Admission.*

PREVIOUS DURATION.	First admitted to Any Hospital.
Congenital, . . .	15
Under 1 month, . . .	6
From 1 to 3 months, . . .	12
3 to 6 months, . . .	15
6 to 12 months, . . .	12
1 to 2 years, . . .	17
2 to 5 years, . . .	12
5 to 10 years, . . .	2
10 to 20 years, . . .	—
Over 20 years, . . .	—
Total, . . .	91
Unknown, . . .	2
Not insane, . . .	—
Total of cases, . . .	93
Total of persons, . . .	93
Average known duration (in years), . . .	1.26

TABLE NO. 11. — *Forms of Mental Disease in Patients committed, discharged or died, with their Condition on Discharge.*

	Committed.	DISCHARGED.					Died.	Total Discharges and Deaths.
		Recovered.	Capable of Self-support.	Improved.	Not improved.	Not insane.		
<i>A. — First committed to Any Hospital.</i>								
Manic-depressive insanity: —								
<i>a.</i> Depressed form, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	1
<i>b.</i> Exalted form, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	1
<i>c.</i> Circular form, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Alcoholic insanity: —								
<i>a.</i> Acute form, . . . . .	7	5	1	—	2	—	—	8
<i>b.</i> Chronic form, . . . . .	11	—	1	1	—	—	1	3
Habit psychosis, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dementia præcox: —								
<i>a.</i> Paranoid form, . . . . .	35	—	—	3	10	—	5	18
<i>b.</i> Hebephrenic form, . . . . .	7	—	—	—	3	—	1	4
<i>c.</i> Katatonic form, . . . . .	3	—	1	—	—	—	1	2
Dementia, organic, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dementia, secondary, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dementia, senile, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Congenital inferiority, . . . . .	6	—	2	2	2	—	—	6
Epileptic insanity, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	3
Paresis, . . . . .	8	—	—	—	—	—	5	5
Primary delusional insanity, . . . . .	2	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Involution psychosis, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1
Imbecility, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	1
Toxic insanity: —								
<i>a.</i> Acute form, . . . . .	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	1
<i>b.</i> Chronic form, . . . . .	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1
Neurasthenic insanity, . . . . .	6	4	1	—	—	—	—	5
Simple depression, . . . . .	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1
Not insane, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	2
Total A, . . . . .	93	12	8	6	19	2	17	64
<i>B. — Other Admissions.</i>								
Manic-depressive insanity: —								
<i>a.</i> Depressed form, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>b.</i> Exalted form, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>c.</i> Circular form, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Alcoholic insanity: —								
<i>a.</i> Acute form, . . . . .	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	1
<i>b.</i> Chronic form, . . . . .	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Habit psychosis, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dementia, organic, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dementia, secondary, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dementia, senile, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Dementia præcox: —								
<i>a.</i> Paranoid form, . . . . .	5	—	—	2	—	—	—	2
<i>b.</i> Hebephrenic form, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>c.</i> Katatonic form, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Congenital inferiority, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1
Epileptic insanity, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Paresis, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Primary delusional insanity, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Involution psychosis, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Toxic insanity: —								
<i>a.</i> Acute form, . . . . .	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	2
<i>b.</i> Chronic form, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Imbecility, . . . . .	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1
Neurasthenic insanity, . . . . .	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1
Not insane, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total B, . . . . .	10	3	1	2	1	—	5	12
Aggregate cases, . . . . .	103	15	9	8	21	2	22	76
Aggregate persons, . . . . .	103	15	9	7	20	2	22	76

TABLE NO. 12. — *Discharges and Deaths of the Insane, classified by Admissions and Results.*

NUMBER OF ADMISSIONS.	Recovered.	Capable of Self-support.	Improved.	Not improved.	Not Insane.	Died.	Totals.
First to this hospital, . . . . .	14	9	7	20	2	22	74
Second to this hospital, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—	—	2
Third to this hospital, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fourth to this hospital, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total cases, . . . . .	15	9	8	20	2	22	76
Total persons admitted to any hospital,	12	8	6	19	2	17	64

TABLE NO. 13. — *Relations to Penal Institutions and the Courts of the Criminal Cases received during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1909, and since the Opening of the Hospital Sept. 14, 1886.*

	RECEIVED.	
	During the Year.	Since Sept. 14, 1886.
State Prison cases, . . . . .	11	272
House of correction cases, . . . . .	31	229
Massachusetts Reformatory cases, . . . . .	3	113
State Farm, prison cases, . . . . .	50	454
Court cases, . . . . .	5	70
Transfers, criminal habit, . . . . .	—	29
Jails, . . . . .	3	21
Totals, . . . . .	103	1,188



TABLE NO. 14. — *Causes of Death and Forms of Mental Disease in Persons who died.*

	Alcoholic, Acute.	Alcoholic, Chronic.	Dementia Præcox.	Dementia, Organic.	Dementia, Secondary.	Dementia, Senile.	Epileptic Insanity.	Toxic Insanity.	General Paresis.	Imbecility.	Involution Psychosis.	Primary Delusional Insanity.
<i>General Diseases.</i>												
Tuberculosis, general, . . . . .	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
<i>Diseases of Nervous System.</i>												
Cerebral hemorrhage, . . . . .	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
General paresis, . . . . .	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
<i>Diseases of Respiratory System.</i>												
Tuberculosis, pulmonary, . . . . .	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Pneumonia, lobar, . . . . .	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
<i>Diseases of Circulatory System.</i>												
Organic diseases of the heart, . . . . .	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
<i>Ill-defined Diseases.</i>												
Senile dementia, exhaustion from, . . . . .	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Gangrene of the lungs, . . . . .	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Acute diffuse nephritis, . . . . .	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Suicide, fracture of the neck by hanging, . . . . .	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Epileptic status, . . . . .	4	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1
Totals, . . . . .	22	1	7	1	1	1	4	1	6	1	1	2

TABLE NO. 15. — *Duration of Mental Disease and its Treatment in Patients who recovered or died.*

PERIOD.	FIRST ADMITTED TO ANY HOSPITAL.			ALL OTHER ADMISSIONS.	
	Duration before Admission.	Hospital Residence.	Whole Duration.	Whole Known Period of Mental Disease.	Whole Known Period of Hospital Residence.
A. — Recovered: —					
Under 1 month, . . . . .	4	—	—	—	—
From 1 to 3 months, . . . . .	6	4	4	—	—
3 to 6 months, . . . . .	1	1	1	1	—
6 to 12 months, . . . . .	1	2	1	1	2
1 to 2 years, . . . . .	—	4	4	1	1
2 to 5 years, . . . . .	—	1	2	—	—
5 to 10 years, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—
10 to 15 years, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—
Totals, . . . . .	12	12	12	3	3
Unknown, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—
Totals, . . . . .	12	12	12	3	3
Average of known cases (in months), . . . . .	1.33	9.4	10.8	10.6	12.0
B. — Died: —					
Under 1 month, . . . . .	—	—	—	1	1
From 1 to 3 months, . . . . .	—	1	—	—	—
3 to 6 months, . . . . .	1	2	—	—	—
6 to 12 months, . . . . .	2	3	1	—	1
1 to 2 years, . . . . .	7	4	3	—	—
2 to 5 years, . . . . .	3	4	6	1	—
5 to 10 years, . . . . .	—	2	3	—	—
10 to 15 years, . . . . .	—	1	—	2	1
Over 15 years, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	2
Totals, . . . . .	14	17	14	4	5
Unknown, . . . . .	3	—	3	1	—
Totals, . . . . .	17	17	17	5	5
Average of known cases (in months), . . . . .	37.2	30.6	70.5	92.7	123.2

TABLE NO. 16. — *Showing Crimes committed by Insane Criminals during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1909, and since the Opening of the Hospital Sept. 14, 1886.*

CRIMES.	During the Year.	Since Sept. 14, 1886.	CRIMES.	During the Year.	Since Sept. 14, 1886.
Abuse of a female child, . . . .	-	4	Escaping from prison camp at Rutland, . . . .	1	1
Adultery, . . . . .	-	5	Escaping from State Farm, . . . .	1	1
Arson, . . . . .	2	17	Exposure, . . . . .	-	5
Assault, . . . . .	1	66	Forgery, . . . . .	2	5
Assault, battery and unnatural act, . . . . .	-	1	Forgery, with intent to defraud, . . . .	-	1
Assault and battery, . . . . .	8	30	Forgery and uttering, . . . . .	-	1
Assault and battery with a razor, . . . .	1	1	Fornication, . . . . .	-	3
Assault, felonious, . . . . .	-	1	Having in possession a dangerous weapon, . . . . .	-	2
Assault, indecent, . . . . .	-	3	Habitual criminal, . . . . .	-	5
Assault on an officer, . . . . .	-	1	Illegal practice of medicine, . . . .	-	1
Assault to rape, . . . . .	1	15	Idle and disorderly, . . . . .	-	4
Assault to rob, . . . . .	-	5	Incest, . . . . .	1	2
Assault to kill, . . . . .	-	20	Incest, carnal abuse, . . . . .	-	2
Assault to commit larceny from the person, . . . .	-	1	Indecent assault, . . . . .	1	2
Assault upon a female child, . . . .	-	2	Keeping disorderly house, . . . .	-	3
Assault on an officer, non-payment of fine, . . . .	-	1	Lewd and lascivious cohabitation, . . .	2	4
Assault with a dangerous weapon, . . . .	2	23	Lewdness, . . . . .	-	4
Assault with intent to kill, . . . . .	-	1	Larceny, . . . . .	4	125
Assault with intent to rob, . . . . .	-	1	Larceny from a conveyance, . . . .	-	1
Assault with intent to murder, . . . .	1	8	Larceny from a building, . . . . .	-	3
Assault with intent to commit criminal abuse, . . . .	-	1	Larceny from the person, . . . . .	-	3
Assault with loaded pistol, . . . . .	1	1	Libel, . . . . .	-	1
Attempt to break and enter, . . . . .	-	3	Liquor nuisance, . . . . .	1	1
Bastardy, . . . . .	-	1	Malicious mischief, . . . . .	-	3
Beating one John Sullivan, . . . . .	1	1	Manslaughter, . . . . .	1	26
Being a breaker and disturber of the peace, . . . . .	-	1	Murder, . . . . .	4	51
Being a pilferer, . . . . .	-	1	Murder, second degree, . . . . .	1	15
Bestiality, . . . . .	-	2	Murder, accessory to, . . . . .	-	1
Bigamy, . . . . .	-	1	Non-payment of fine, . . . . .	-	2
Breaking and entering, . . . . .	4	145	Non-support of family, . . . . .	1	6
Breaking, entering, forgery, . . . . .	-	1	Obtaining money under false pretences, . . . . .	-	4
Breaking, entering with intent to steal, . . . . .	2	4	Perjury, . . . . .	-	2
Breaking, entering, larceny, . . . . .	3	44	Polygamy, with assault to murder, . . . . .	-	1
Breaking, entering, receiving stolen goods, . . . .	-	1	Polygamy and adultery, . . . . .	1	1
Breaking, entering with intent to commit arson, . . . .	-	1	Rape, . . . . .	1	19
Breaking glass, . . . . .	-	1	Rape and robbery, . . . . .	-	1
Burning barns, . . . . .	-	1	Rape, incest, . . . . .	-	1
Burning buildings, . . . . .	-	1	Robbery, . . . . .	1	33
Burglary, . . . . .	-	3	Receiving stolen goods, . . . . .	-	2
Carrying a loaded revolver, . . . . .	-	1	Sodomy, . . . . .	-	7
Common drunkard, . . . . .	-	32	Stealing, . . . . .	-	2
Conspiracy, . . . . .	-	1	Stoning railroad train, . . . . .	-	1
Counterfeiting, . . . . .	-	1	Stubbornness, . . . . .	-	7
Criminal advertising, . . . . .	-	1	Stubborn child, . . . . .	-	2
Criminal habit, . . . . .	-	8	Theft, . . . . .	-	3
Cruelty to animals, . . . . .	-	2	Threatening to do bodily harm, . . . .	-	2
Cutting wood in public park, . . . . .	-	1	Torturing a cow, . . . . .	-	1
Delinquent child, . . . . .	1	1	Tramp, . . . . .	8	40
Desecrating cemetery, . . . . .	-	1	Vagrancy, . . . . .	26	399
Disorderly, . . . . .	-	8	Wilfully destroying property, . . . .	-	1
Disturbing the peace, . . . . .	-	9	Wilfully burning in night time a warehouse, value \$1,000, property of another, . . . .	1	1
Disturbing peace and destroying building, . . . . .	1	1	Unnatural act, assault with intent to criminal abuse, open and gross lewdness and lascivious behavior, . . . .	-	1
Drunkenness, . . . . .	16	149	Unknown, . . . . .	-	25
Drunkenness, contempt of court, . . . .	-	1			
Entering a building and putting in fear, . . . . .	-	1	Totals, . . . . .	103	1,478

TABLE NO. 17. — *Showing the Movement of Cases for the Year ending Sept. 30, 1909.*

	Remaining Oct. 1, 1908.	Received during the Year.	Dismissed during the Year.	Remaining Sept. 30, 1909.
State Prison cases, . . . . .	122	10	6	126
House of correction cases, . . . .	142	33	25	150
Massachusetts Reformatory cases,	37	6	10	33
Court cases, . . . . .	58	5	4	59
State Farm, prison cases, . . . .	196	51	32	215
Transfers, criminal habit, . . . .	16	—	—	16
Jails, . . . . .	17	4	7	14
Non-criminal, . . . . .	22	—	1	21
Totals, . . . . .	610	109 <sup>1</sup>	85	634

<sup>1</sup> Includes six on visit Sept. 30, 1908, and nominally admitted for discharge.

TABLE NO. 18. — *Relations of Sentences of the Criminal Cases remaining Sept. 30, 1909.*

Undergoing 3 to 6 months sentence, . . . . .	3
6 to 12 months sentence, . . . . .	19
1 to 2 years sentence, . . . . .	47
2 to 5 years sentence, . . . . .	8
5 to 10 years sentence, . . . . .	17
10 to 15 years sentence, . . . . .	11
15 to 20 years sentence, . . . . .	8
20 to 25 years sentence, . . . . .	2
25 to 35 years sentence, . . . . .	1
50 to 55 years sentence, . . . . .	1
life sentence, . . . . .	33
indeterminate sentence, . . . . .	18
Court cases, . . . . .	76
Sentences expired, . . . . .	373
Unascertained, . . . . .	26
Total, . . . . .	643





FIFTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT  
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REPORTS OF THE SUPERINTENDENT AND OF  
THE MEDICAL DIRECTOR,  
FOR THE  
YEAR ENDING NOVEMBER 30, 1910.



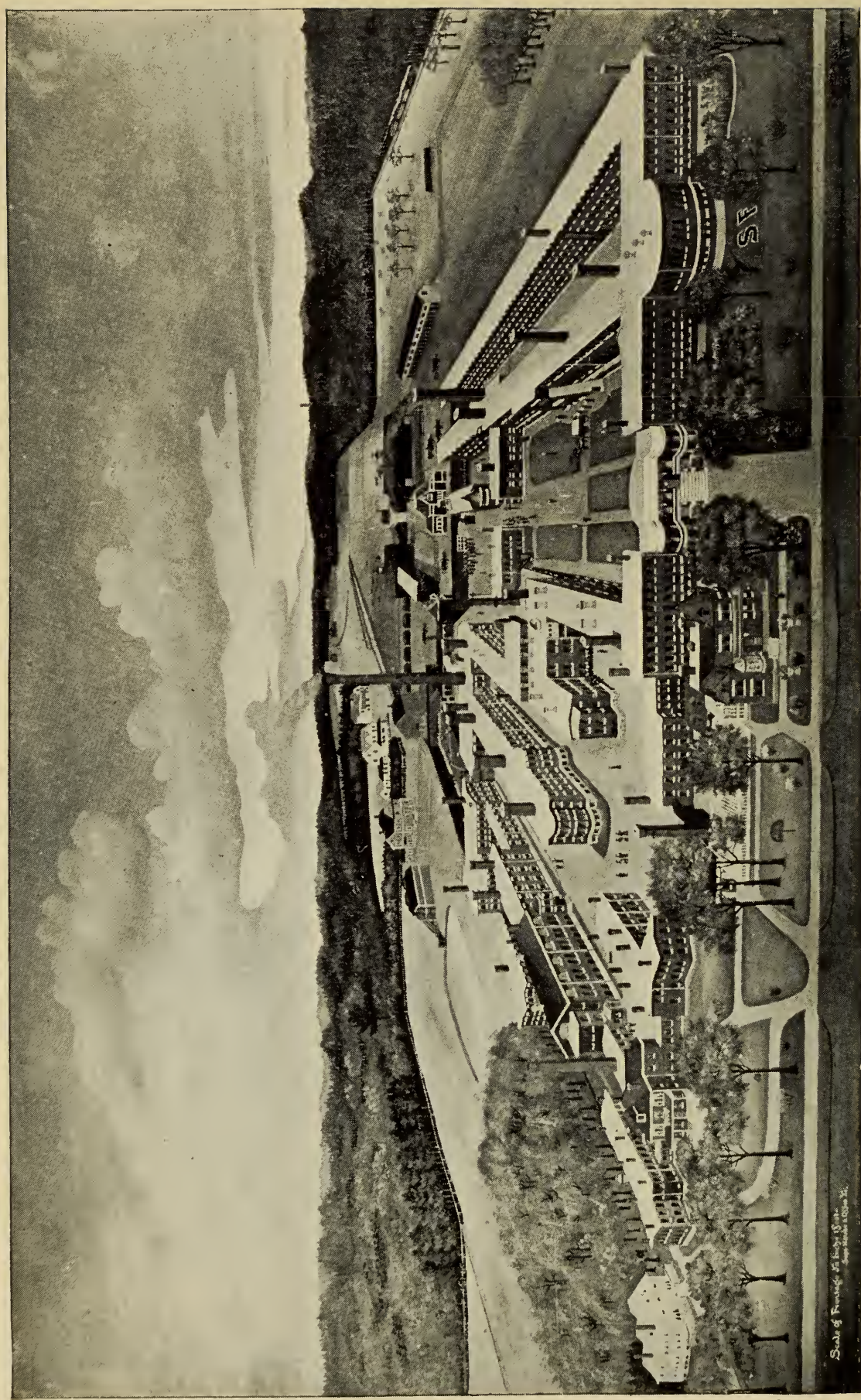
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# MASSACHUSETTS STATE FARM.



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 1 inch = 100 feet

CRIMINAL INSANE DEPARTMENT.

HOSPITAL AND ADMINISTRATION.

WORKHOUSE DEPARTMENT.



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# STATE FARM,

## BRIDGEWATER,

---

### TRUSTEES.

JOHN B. TIVNAN, <i>Chairman</i> ,	.	.	.	.	SALEM.
PAYSON W. LYMAN, <i>Secretary</i> ,	.	.	.	.	FALL RIVER.
JOSEPH A. SMART,	.	.	.	.	ANDOVER.
MRS. ANNA F. PRESCOTT,	.	.	.	.	BOSTON.
LEONARD HUNTRESS, M.D.,	.	.	.	.	LOWELL.
EMERY M. LOW,	.	.	.	.	BROCKTON.
MRS. HELEN R. SMITH,	.	.	.	.	NEWTON.

### RESIDENT OFFICERS.

HOLLIS M. BLACKSTONE,	.	.	.	.	<i>Superintendent.</i>
HENRY J. STRANN,	.	.	.	.	<i>Assistant Superintendent</i> <i>and Treasurer.</i>
J. ARTHUR TAYLOR,	.	.	.	.	<i>Master.</i>
WALTER E. TEMPLE,	.	.	.	.	<i>Deputy Master.</i>
ALFRED E. ELLIOTT, M.D.,	.	.	.	.	<i>Resident Physician.</i>
BENJAMIN B. KASSON, M.D.,	.	.	.	.	<i>Assistant Physician.</i>
ERNEST E. BACON,	.	.	.	.	<i>Farmer.</i>
WILLIAM J. TURNBULL,	.	.	.	.	<i>Engineer.</i>

### CONSULTING PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS TO THE HOSPITAL DEPARTMENT.

HENRY F. BORDEN, M.D.,	.	.	.	.	BROCKTON.
CALVIN PRATT, M.D.,	.	.	.	.	BRIDGEWATER.
SAMUEL J. MIXTER, M.D.,	.	.	.	.	BOSTON.
MAURICE E. RICHARDSON, M.D.,	.	.	.	.	BOSTON.
HENRY EHRLICH, M.D.,	.	.	.	.	BOSTON.
WILLIAM F. KNOWLES, M.D.,	.	.	.	.	BOSTON.
L. W. MANSUR, M.D.,	.	.	.	.	BOSTON.
DANIEL FISKE JONES, M.D.,	.	.	.	.	BOSTON.





# The Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

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## TRUSTEES' REPORT.

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*To His Excellency the Governor and the Honorable Council.*

Pursuant to statutory requirement, the trustees of the State Infirmary and the State Farm herewith submit their fifty-seventh annual report as to the condition and history of the State Farm during the year ending Nov. 30, 1910. Appended to our report, and made a part thereof, are the reports made to us by the superintendent and by the resident physician and medical director, together with statistical tables submitted by these officers. These reports furnish a detailed account of the work of the institution during the year just completed. The financial statements show at what cost to the State treasury this service has been rendered and afford a means of comparison.

By the provision of chapter 285 of the Acts of 1910 the General Court appropriated \$320,000 for the maintenance of the institution for the fiscal year covered by this report. The tables accompanying the reports of our officers give a classified and detailed statement of the expenditures authorized and approved by the trustees.

During the year under review there has been expended for salaries, wages and labor the sum of \$92,287.87, and for other current expenses \$227,712.13, a total of \$320,000.

The average number of inmates for the year was 2,412, or 83 more than for the period last reported. The rapid growth of the institution appears from the fact that, without enlargement of function, its average number of inmates has increased in a decade from 1,337 in 1900 to 2,412 in 1910. The number of inmates has been on an almost uniformly rising scale in successive years. The highest number of inmates at any time this year was 2,588, though since the year closed even this maximum has been surpassed. The smallest number was 2,335. The total number of admissions

and commitments was 5,037, against 4,680, the record of the previous year. The average per capita cost has been \$2.55 per week, as against \$2.53 last year.

The law requires an annual inventory. Such an inventory and appraisal of the real and personal property connected with the State Farm and belonging to the Commonwealth has been made by Harrison L. House of Hanover and Henry J. Strann of Bridgewater, whose report, showing a valuation of \$1,466,143.86, is herewith presented.

The great works carried forward during the year, under special appropriations for the enlargement of the institution plant, have been the new asylum building and the new prison quarters. The plan of the latter we described in our last annual report. The prison building has been substantially completed. Connecting with it, and forming the fourth side of an enclosed court, is a building for the use of officers or employees. This is in a less advanced stage of completeness, but is in shape for interior work during the winter. Included in this enlargement of the prison quarters there has been constructed a swimming pool for bathing purposes. The new storehouse within the enlarged yard, which will constitute a part of the yard wall, was advanced far enough to give safe shelter for vegetables before winter shut in. Its walls are already up. The new and improved laundry is nearly ready to be occupied.

Within the enclosed yard of the asylum there have been constructed two new buildings, one a strong building of peculiar construction for persons needing special safe guarding, and one for persons needing hospital care. These buildings are more fully described by the medical director in his report respecting the Bridgewater State Hospital. The additional heating and electric equipment required by the new structures in the prison and the asylum departments has been installed, with all necessary increase of power.

The new woodworking shops led to the opening of the old one for other use. A part of the shop space thus made available has been devoted to hand weaving, facilities for which have been provided, and quite an industry is thus developing in the weaving of shirtings, tickings, denims and toweling, for use within the institution. Some waste rags are wrought into mats and rugs.

In his report the superintendent outlines and advocates a plan for the acquisition of the facilities for the cottage housing of men with families, the tenements to be in State ownership and furnished to married officers at a low rental. The trustees heartily endorse the proposition, and make request for the needful appropriation. They believe it would be wise economy and conducive to a more permanent and valuable institution service, which is a great desideratum.

The trustees invite attention to what both the superintendent and the medical director have to say regarding our farming and gardening operations.

The purpose for which the large walled enclosure adjacent to the asylum was provided was that the men there confined might find occupation in intensive farming. It was felt that this would be an advantage to this department, both in the crop returns and in the improvement of the physical and mental health of the workers. The results show the soundness of this opinion. The medical director makes important suggestions as to an extension of this work.

The superintendent discusses at some length the need of a larger application of the principles and methods of improved agriculture as developed and taught in our agricultural colleges. He makes tentative suggestions for some correlation between the State College of Agriculture and this and perhaps other State farms. Our farming interests are large and exceedingly important, and if the farm can be made more productive by improved methods of cultivation and better adaptation of crops and fertilizers to soils we need to know it. Informal inquiry leads the trustees to believe that the college extension department of the Massachusetts Agricultural College would welcome any overtures looking towards co-operation with us, both for our benefit and for that of the agriculture of the region. We purpose to pursue this inquiry further. The farm results of the year can be judged by our table of products. Considering the drought, the returns were encouraging. The increasing consumption of green fodder for summer stable feeding of milch cows reduced, to a degree, our hay crop. We had 20 acres of new-made land cropped during this year, and have 15 acres more ready to be cropped next year. Thus we steadily continue the enlargement of our productive area.



We have repeatedly called attention to the contamination of the Taunton River, above our intake, by the sewage of Bridgewater and Middleborough. The water which we take is thoroughly filtered before being pumped to our standpipes; but we believe the sewage above us on the stream should be filtered before its discharge into the stream from which we draw our supply. The Board has voted to request the State Board of Health to make a careful examination of conditions and recommend a proper course of action. The sewage of the institution is filtered before the water finds its way again into the river, even though the river is not used for a public water supply below our intake.

In our last annual report we noted certain important changes in executive organization which were necessitated by the greatly enlarged number of persons committed to our care. It was felt that Superintendent Blackstone was so overloaded with responsibility that he was liable to be crippled. Hence the call of J. Arthur Taylor from the position of master of the New Bedford House of Correction, and the creation of the offices of master and deputy master here, with some enlargement of the functions of Henry J. Strann, previously designated as clerk. The reorganization and re-enforcement thus effected have been highly satisfactory in their results. The strength of Hollis M. Blackstone, the veteran superintendent, has been conserved by the relief from detail thus afforded him, while the growing demands upon the executive have been effectively met by an enlarged cabinet, to whose members has been assigned each his own special function, and all of whom, with full loyalty to the executive head, have earnestly co-operated, to the end that sound discipline should be maintained and that a high degree of efficiency should be found existing in all departments.

In the reorganization Benjamin F. Robinson, who had been deputy superintendent, was made deputy master. He was already a veteran in the service, and in the middle of the year under review he retired, under the law providing for the retirement, with partial pay, of men long in the prison service. Mr. Robinson had been thirty-one years an officer of the institution, until he had become the right-hand man of the superintendent in dealing with the prison population. In this task he mingled dignity and firmness with a disposition to be humane and fair. He could not

be trifled with, and yet he was not autocratic. Discerning and faithful, he commanded the confidence of his superior, the respect and friendship of his subordinates and the good will of the men over whom he was given control. Those with whom he has wrought wish for him a happy evening of his days.

Under the special oversight of Dr. Alfred Elliott, resident physician and medical director, the department of the institution designated as the Bridgewater State Hospital has held the even tenor of its difficult way, without unusual incident and with somewhat enlarged facilities for the occupation of the men.

This part of the institution has experienced its share of the growth of the year, and has its full quota of the anxiety incident to executive control. Yet Dr. Elliott and his staff have held the reins firmly, and have reason to rejoice in the results of their labors.

With the new lease of life which Superintendent Blackstone received through the division of his responsibility, there is reason to rejoice in the prospect of other years under his signally effective institution leadership.

JOHN B. TIVNAN,  
ANNA F. PRESCOTT,  
PAYSON W. LYMAN,  
LEONARD HUNTRESS,  
JOS. A. SMART,  
EMERY M. LOW,  
HELEN R. SMITH,

*Trustees.*



## SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

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*To the Trustees of the State Farm.*

I respectfully submit the following as my report for the year ending Nov. 30, 1910.

There were remaining one year ago this date 2,429 inmates. The number now remaining is 2,593, or 144 more than last year, — 76 more prisoners, 64 more insane and 4 more paupers. Prison commitments were 374 more, insane, 32 more, and paupers, 49 less, — a net increase of 357. Prison commitments have been 4,373, as against 3,999 last year. All commitments of prisoners and insane and admission of paupers have been 5,037, as against 4,680 last year.

Of the 4,373 prison commitments, 2,856 had been previously committed here; 790 of these were returned this year for violation of parole or probation. They make 18 per cent of the year's commitments, — 1 per cent more than last year. In cold, bare type, these figures, set up in statistical or record form, look appalling. An evening cruise of the saloons and a Saturday-night ride on the late trains make you wonder the figures are not many times augmented. The social, convivial practices of our men is the master hand in their vice or disease, — whichever option you elect to call it. The awful malady is being worked overtime at this end, as compared with the effort at the other end of the problem. It is just as essential to teach our children temperance and abstinence with their religion as arithmetic and algebra with their mathematics. Prevention is more reliable than cure. The best work can be done before infection. The dangers of alcoholic poisoning, both physical and moral, could and should be as thoroughly taught in our education as any other theme. Suppose every school, church, order, lodge, society, club (women's anyway, and men's after a while), newspaper and magazine should have a section or department actively engaged in a crusade to prevent alcoholic drinking, would there not be "something doing"?

After a few years of well-directed, energetic work by these and other allied agencies these appalling statistics would lessen, as would the income from the licensed traffic which makes it easy to destroy manhood and compound the enumeration of unfortunate drunkards. Considering the extent of their manufacture and the volume of product, I think the agencies for handling the market glut are operating pretty cleverly.

If the officer whose duty it is to preserve order in our communities arrested all the drunks within his observation, the arrested cases would be many times multiplied. Many more cases are aided by these officials than arrested; they are turned homeward and given over to the care of friends. The officer's back is turned upon the nontroublesome, so that generally a serious breach of disorder or a real nuisance is committed before he arrests. A condition is on and must be met. The drunk must be removed. If the process ought to go no further, the refinements of probation detect it and give wise and humane intercession. The accidental drunk who needs or has to be arrested is religiously cared for. When the drunk gets to court he has a record or history, else he could not get there, and his adjudication is made on the evidence of his record. Often he is released on his promise; sometimes fined a small amount, and payment suspended until he can make good and pay it; again, fined and committed a brief period for nonpayment. By some this practice is condemned, but if not this what shall be done with him? The habitual drunkard, who has worn threadbare all the processes of saving, must be committed. Many of these reform, many other do not. To search the realms of cure or reform for these latter is about as hopeless as locking the stable after the horse is stolen. If the more notorious recidivists — whose record in review discloses no honest endeavor to improve, lumbering up the card index of this institution, Deer Island, the jail and some of the near-by houses of correction — could be designated as a class and committed for a longer indeterminate period, — say two or three years, — not for long-term imprisonment, but longer custodial care, with provisions of parole or probation similar to that of our present law, — I think the experiment would be worthy of a trial. If custodial care means long periods of prison confinement I am unalterably opposed. In an experience in close touch with more sentenced

drunks than any other official in our Commonwealth, a love for my brother man has evolved which forbids my approval of any such ungodly measure. To get busy at the other end of the problem and prevent drunkenness will be a work of far greater promise, yielding thrift and happiness in place of waste and misery. A bird in the hand is worth several in the bush. Legislation with penalties as a "cure all" for every evil is too apt to repulse primary and individual effort to prevent evil. We stuff organic law with offences never dreamed of by our fathers, and depend upon the government to correct and punish abuses which could have been easily prevented had we not, as citizens and parents, shirked serious duties and responsibilities.

The general condition of the institution is very satisfactory from our own viewpoint. Freedom from serious and fatal epidemic or accident, good order in the ranks of the inmates, who have been responsive to wholesome and humane requirements of service and discipline, and our official body, helpful in sharing responsibility, earnest and faithful in their specific assignments, — all make for peace and good will with our wards.

Up to the present the employment of our ever-increasing numbers has not been troublesome. The reclamation of the roughest lands to practically garden conditions has made good market for any excess of labor over the ordinary current needs. The building operations in concrete construction have also absorbed much unskilled labor. But we are approaching a condition and period when farming and building will not absorb the excess, particularly in the winter months. The study and development must be along the lines of shop or indoor occupation, and of such products as can be absorbed in the inter-institution markets. We are now experimenting in the manufacture of some of the coarser cotton goods, such as shirtings, denims, ticking and toweling, for our own consumption. It is thought, also, that we can work into the manufacture of plain standards of furniture for other State and city institutions; also farm carts, wheelbarrows and such utensils as can be produced from the native country oak.

The State Farm has now reached a stage of development when it could well stand alone as a real farm, without the dignified and qualifying prefix of "State" as a couplet for an easy and euphonious institutional name. Almost twelve hundred acres have been



acquired by purchase from time to time, in such a manner that its contiguous parts form a fairly symmetrical whole. Its almost two square miles measure less than two miles in the longest direction. The area contains many different kinds and qualities of soil. The institution plant is centrally located, and the physical operation is as convenient and accessible as any equally large tract could be. Our official department men, managing and directing all of its operations, are able and efficient in the physical management. The teaming power of our equipment and a large force of inmate workers who do surprisingly well, — all working with interest and harmony, — produce good average crops, probably better than the ordinary farmer; but the enterprise is now so vast and important that we must not be satisfied with good average crops, we must try for the bumper results. We cannot afford to have a poor or lean yield in this or that crop if scientific or educational information would prevent. The department men charged with the physical operation of such a large and varied interest can have but little time or power for research or study in the real science of farming along all its lines. To obtain assistance in this work is a matter of present consideration. Three years ago I suggested the advisability of asking the co-operation of the Massachusetts Agricultural College in our work, and possibly maintaining something of an experiment station here for the mutual benefit of all farmers in this part of the State. I feel that we have now reached the point where we need the permanent service of an assistant, presumably a college graduate, who can make an intelligent study of our conditions, analyze soils and fertilizers, and perhaps compound the latter, and study with our force the applicability of different crops to the different soils, the protection of growing plants from injury or destruction by insects, worm or pest, and generally co-operate with our own force for the best results obtainable. If the college authorities find it practicable, I recommend the establishment of a permanent experiment station here, arranging in connection therewith for lecture courses and such other instruction and demonstrations as would be of value to all the farmers of this part of the State. Perhaps such assignments could be made to us as to preclude the necessity of adding a professional assistant to our force.

I want to call attention to the needs of enlarged accommoda-

tions for religious worship. We have outgrown our present chapel, and are confronted with a most awkward and inconvenient condition if we attempt to enlarge it. First, it means a suspension of services for several months, and also a destruction of values hardly justifiable if we should ever need further enlargement. A comprehensive view suggests that we consider a separate structure across the street. This location could be reached by subway connections from both prison departments, the cost of which would be very much less than the loss involved by any extensive addition to the old chapel. The new prison addition, now nearing completion, is certain to have some balance unexpended which might be applied to this improvement. We have in mind a spacious, one-story building, of cement concrete construction, conforming in simplicity and detail to the general appearance of our later buildings in concrete, a quality of construction which is now far cheaper for us than other forms of masonry. While the primary use and pressing need of this building is for religious service and worship, I think it should be large enough to assemble substantially all inmates of the prison and alms departments physically able to attend, for entertainments, lectures and concerts which I trust we may, in the near future, feel we can afford. "Talent" is becoming plenty if not cheaper, but the price will follow the general law of supply and demand, and the frequency of the talent advertisements in our mail suggests that the tariff burdens on these luxuries are certain to revise downward.

In a "write up" of the institution not long ago we were complimented as being neat, clean and healthful, making good use of sunshine and air, and generally doing progressive work, but were criticized in a spirit of astonishment that a great institution like this should be without a chaplain. I presume the writer was told of the faithful ministrations of Father Sullivan and his assistant, offering mass twice each of the 52 Sundays in the year, first for the prison and almshouse and next for the insane department; also of the hundreds of visitations upon the sick and dying, the hearing of thousands of confessions and giving communion to same, and observing such other rites of his church as he felt necessary and consistent with the conditions. He, like his predecessors, has a perfectly free, open house, and has used it faithfully and persistently. What more could a chaplain do? Again, the Protes-



tants have been faithfully cared for by Mr. Coddington of Brockton and Mr. Ruoff of Bridgewater, serving alternate Sundays, bringing at their own expense two, three, four or more singers. They, too, conduct a double service on each Sunday. The members of their faith are minimum as compared with the great body of Catholics, and the calls for the sick are correspondingly less, but those wanting the consolation of their clergymen get it. I believe that the vital work of the church is done and well done, and I do not think we can offer any deeper acknowledgment of their services than to thus publicly refute the criticism.

I wish to cordially thank the many thoughtful friends who have donated magazine reading matter in great abundance the past year. We hope for more subscribers. I can assure the permanency of the investment. Ship by express to State Farm, "collect."

The privilege of annual acknowledgment to your Board and all other helpful associates would be my greatest pleasure if the event were not reached by the schedule of *tempus fugit*, but the swiftness of time even cannot prevent an ever-growing gratitude.

Respectfully submitted,

H. M. BLACKSTONE,  
*Superintendent.*

BRIDGEWATER, Dec. 1, 1910.

## STATISTICS.

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The whole number of inmates remaining Dec. 1, 1909, was as follows:—

Male prisoners, . . . . .	1,278
Female prisoners, . . . . .	150
Male paupers, . . . . .	346
Female paupers, . . . . .	—
Male insane, . . . . .	655
	———— 2,429

Number of admissions and commitments from Dec. 1, 1909, to Nov. 30, 1910, inclusive:—

Male prisoners, . . . . .	3,873
Female prisoners, . . . . .	500
Male paupers, . . . . .	503
Female paupers, . . . . .	27
Male insane, . . . . .	134
	———— 5,037

Number discharged from Dec. 1, 1909, to Nov. 30, 1910, inclusive:—

Male prisoners, . . . . .	3,792
Female prisoners, . . . . .	505
Male paupers, . . . . .	500
Female paupers, . . . . .	26
Male insane, . . . . .	70
	———— 4,893

Number remaining Nov. 30, 1910:—

Male prisoners, . . . . .	1,359
Female prisoners, . . . . .	145
Male paupers, . . . . .	349
Female paupers, . . . . .	1
Male insane, . . . . .	719
	———— 2,573

Of the number discharged, 122 have been by death:—

Prisoners, . . . . .	29	
Paupers, . . . . .	69	
Insane, . . . . .	24	
	—	122
Average number during the year, . . . . .	2,412	
Largest number during the year, . . . . .	2,588	
Smallest number during the year, . . . . .	2,335	
Average number of prisoners, . . . . .	1,383	
Average number of paupers, . . . . .	345	
Average number of insane, . . . . .	684	
	—	2,412

#### ADMISSIONS.

	PRISONERS.		PAUPERS.		INSANE.	TOTALS.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Males.	Females.
<b>1909.</b>							
December, . . . . .	305	39	38	—	13	356	39
<b>1910.</b>							
January, . . . . .	274	40	25	2	2	301	42
February, . . . . .	210	27	133	1	21	364	28
March, . . . . .	355	47	16	4	3	374	51
April, . . . . .	317	41	21	6	6	344	47
May, . . . . .	337	51	27	2	16	380	53
June, . . . . .	368	47	33	2	10	411	49
July, . . . . .	294	36	30	1	17	341	37
August, . . . . .	382	46	27	1	10	419	47
September, . . . . .	331	52	46	3	18	395	55
October, . . . . .	318	45	46	2	5	369	47
November, . . . . .	382	29	61	3	13	456	32
Totals, . . . . .	3,873	500	503	27	134	4,510	527

#### NATIVITY OF INMATES ADMITTED.

Massachusetts, . . . . .	2,154
Ireland, . . . . .	1,356
British Provinces, . . . . .	385
England, . . . . .	235
New York, . . . . .	118
Maine, . . . . .	113
Scotland, . . . . .	74
Connecticut and New Hampshire, 57 each, . . . . .	114
Rhode Island, . . . . .	56
Sweden, . . . . .	44
Russia and Vermont, 36 each, . . . . .	72
Italy, . . . . .	27
Cape Verde Islands, . . . . .	26
Pennsylvania, . . . . .	24

Germany, . . . . .	21
Finland, . . . . .	20
New Jersey, . . . . .	18
Virginia, . . . . .	15
Poland, . . . . .	12
Ohio, . . . . .	10
Illinois and unknown, 9 each, . . . . .	18
North Carolina, . . . . .	8
Austria, . . . . .	7
Azores Islands, . . . . .	6
France, Georgia and South Carolina, 5 each, . . . . .	15
California, District of Columbia, Indiana, Missouri, Tennessee, West Virginia, Norway and Wales, 4 each, . . . . .	32
Belgium, Denmark, Greece, Portugal, Syria, Alabama, Iowa and Wisconsin, 3 each, . . . . .	24
Africa, Armenia, China, Hawaiian Islands, Porto Rico, Turkey, Maryland, Michigan, Minnesota and Texas, 2 each, . . . . .	20
Assyria, Australia, Bermuda, Bulgaria, Hungary, Spain, Switzerland, Holland, West Indies, Kansas, Louisiana, Mississippi and Nebraska, 1 each, . . . . .	13
	— 5,037

## COURTS FROM WHICH PRISONERS WERE RECEIVED.

Boston Municipal, . . . . .	1,440
Returned from probation, . . . . .	790
Roxbury Municipal, . . . . .	222
Lowell Police, . . . . .	158
Cambridge District, . . . . .	109
Boston Superior, . . . . .	104
Charlestown Municipal, . . . . .	104
Lawrence Police, . . . . .	100
Worcester District, . . . . .	97
Dorchester Municipal, . . . . .	80
Taunton District, . . . . .	75
Salem District, . . . . .	66
Chelsea and Lynn Police, 60 each, . . . . .	120
Brockton Police, . . . . .	53
Quincy District, . . . . .	51
Northampton District, . . . . .	50
East Boston District, . . . . .	49
Dedham District, . . . . .	48
Somerville Police, . . . . .	42
Malden District, . . . . .	41
Pittsfield District, . . . . .	35
Waltham District, . . . . .	33

Wakefield District, . . . . .	29
Abington District, . . . . .	28
Newton Police and Woburn District, 25 each, . . . . .	50
South Boston Municipal and Springfield Police, 24 each, . . . . .	48
New Bedford District, . . . . .	21
Brighton Municipal, Fall River and North Adams District, 19 each, . . . . .	57
Cambridge Superior and Attleborough District, 18 each, . . . . .	36
Worcester Superior and Marlborough Police, 16 each, . . . . .	32
Hingham District, . . . . .	14
West Roxbury Municipal, . . . . .	13
Ayer District, . . . . .	11
Holyoke Police, Brookfield, Concord and Middleborough District, 9 each, . . . . .	36
Milford and Southbridge District, 8 each, . . . . .	16
Stoughton and Webster District, 7 each, . . . . .	14
Dedham Superior, Brookline Municipal, Fitchburg Police and Marblehead Trial Justice, 6 each, . . . . .	24
Pittsfield and Plymouth Superior, Franklin, Gloucester, Walpole and Ware District, 5 each, . . . . .	30
Framingham and Palmer District and Andover Trial Justice, 4 each, . . . . .	12
Salem and Taunton Superior and Barnstable District, 3 each, . . . . .	9
Northampton and Springfield Superior, Adams, Greenfield, and Orange District, Hudson and Methuen Trial Justice Courts and transferred from State Prison, 2 each, . . . . .	16
Newburyport Superior, Chicopee and Lee Police, Harwich, Ipswich, Leominster, Plymouth, Westborough and Wil- liamstown District and North Andover Trial Justice, 1 each, . . . . .	10

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 4,373

## CRIMES OF PRISONERS.

Drunkenness, . . . . .	3,783
Vagrancy, . . . . .	350
Tramps, . . . . .	107
Idle and disorderly, . . . . .	60
Common nightwalkers, . . . . .	13
Escape from State Infirmary, . . . . .	10
Escape from State Farm, . . . . .	10
Attempt to escape from State Farm, . . . . .	8
Lewdness, . . . . .	7
Larceny, . . . . .	5
Escape from Prison Camp and Hospital, . . . . .	4
Nonsupport, . . . . .	3
Vagabonds, . . . . .	2
Murder in second degree (transfer from State Prison), . . . . .	1



Assault with intent to murder (transfer from State Prison),	1
Robbery (transfer from State Prison), . . . . .	1
Rape (transfer from State Prison), . . . . .	1
Drunkenness and fornication (transfer from House of Correction), . . . . .	1
Assault and battery, . . . . .	1
Disturbing the peace, . . . . .	1
Fornication, . . . . .	1
Keeping disorderly house, . . . . .	1
Stubborn child, . . . . .	1
Unlawful entering, . . . . .	1
	———— 4,373

## SENTENCES OF PRISONERS.

Indeterminate, one year, . . . . .	3,031
Indeterminate, two years, . . . . .	543
Nine months (returned from probation), . . . . .	508
Five months (returned from probation), . . . . .	168
Fifteen months (returned from probation), . . . . .	24
All others, . . . . .	99
	———— 4,373

Of the number of prisoners admitted, 2,826 had been admitted previously, as follows:—

Second time, . . . . .	883
Third time, . . . . .	514
Fourth time, . . . . .	332
Fifth time, . . . . .	263
Sixth time, . . . . .	181
Seventh time, . . . . .	146
Eighth time, . . . . .	101
Ninth time, . . . . .	98
Tenth time, . . . . .	83
Eleventh time, . . . . .	52
Twelfth time, . . . . .	42
Thirteenth time, . . . . .	36
Fourteenth time, . . . . .	21
Fifteenth time, . . . . .	16
Sixteenth time, . . . . .	20
Seventeenth time, . . . . .	14
Eighteenth time, . . . . .	8
Nineteenth time, . . . . .	4
Twentieth time, . . . . .	5
Twenty-first time, . . . . .	1
Twenty-fourth time, . . . . .	1

Twenty-fifth time, . . . . .	1
Twenty-sixth time, . . . . .	2
Twenty-seventh time, . . . . .	2
	———— 2,826

## TOWNS, ETC., FROM WHICH PAUPERS HAVE BEEN RECEIVED.

Brockton, . . . . .	128
Fall River, . . . . .	116
State Infirmary, . . . . .	103
New Bedford, . . . . .	53
Taunton, . . . . .	28
Quincy, . . . . .	27
Bridgewater, . . . . .	19
Middleborough, . . . . .	11
Attleborough, . . . . .	8
Wareham, . . . . .	7
Abington, . . . . .	5
Marion, . . . . .	5
Prison department, . . . . .	5
Carver, . . . . .	2
Halifax, . . . . .	2
Rochester, . . . . .	2
East Bridgewater, . . . . .	1
West Bridgewater, . . . . .	1
Dighton, . . . . .	1
Falmouth, . . . . .	1
Freetown, . . . . .	1
Hyde Park, . . . . .	1
Plympton, . . . . .	1
Raynham, . . . . .	1
Rockland, . . . . .	1
	———— 530

## HOSPITALS, JAILS, ETC., FROM WHICH INSANE PATIENTS HAVE BEEN RECEIVED.

Prison department, . . . . .	71
State Prison, . . . . .	21
Massachusetts Reformatory, . . . . .	11
Plymouth House of Correction, . . . . .	4
New Bedford House of Correction, . . . . .	4
Salem House of Correction, . . . . .	3
Taunton State Hospital, . . . . .	3
Cambridge House of Correction, . . . . .	2
Deer Island House of Correction, . . . . .	2
Lawrence House of Correction, . . . . .	2
Hampden County Superior Court, . . . . .	2

Dedham House of Correction, . . . . .	1
Fitchburg House of Correction, . . . . .	1
Ipswich House of Correction, . . . . .	1
Salem Jail, . . . . .	1
Dedham Jail, . . . . .	1
Northampton State Hospital, . . . . .	1
Middlesex Superior Court, . . . . .	1
Newburyport Police Court, . . . . .	1
Newton Police Court, . . . . .	1

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## EXPENDITURES FROM DEC. 1, 1909, TO DEC. 1, 1910.

Salaries, wages and labor, . . . . . \$92,287 87

## Food: —

Butter, . . . . .	\$251 08
Butterine, . . . . .	3,896 48
Beans, . . . . .	2,356 77
Bread and crackers, . . . . .	152 65
Cereals, rice, meal, etc., . . . . .	1,095 01
Cheese, . . . . .	75 93
Eggs, . . . . .	67 05
Flour, . . . . .	28,416 94
Fish, . . . . .	4,474 91
Fruit (dried and fresh), . . . . .	1,112 75
Meats, . . . . .	37,241 34
Milk, . . . . .	304 09
Molasses and syrup, . . . . .	1,664 06
Sugar, . . . . .	3,508 67
Tea, coffee, broma and cocoa, . . . . .	2,275 57
Vegetables, . . . . .	1,616 96
Sundries, . . . . .	1,626 76

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90,137 02

## Clothing and clothing material: —

Boots, shoes and rubbers, . . . . .	\$1,372 29
Dry goods for clothing and small wares, . . . . .	14,913 97
Furnishing goods, . . . . .	3,420 51
Hats and caps, . . . . .	691 24
Leather and shoe findings, . . . . .	6,273 56
Sundries, . . . . .	46 53

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26,718 10

## Furnishings: —

Beds, bedding, table linen, etc., . . . . .	\$6,325 25
Brushes, brooms, etc., . . . . .	1,178 51

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*Amount carried forward,* . . . . . \$209,142 99

*Amount brought forward,* . . . . . \$209,142 99

Carpets, rugs, etc., . . . . .	466 85	
Crockery, glassware, cutlery, etc., . . . . .	726 06	
Furniture and upholstery, . . . . .	75 14	
Kitchen furnishings, . . . . .	403 06	
Wooden ware, buckets, pails, etc., . . . . .	268 44	
Sundries, . . . . .	960 07	
	<hr/>	10,403 38

Heat, light and power: —

Coal, . . . . .	\$30,953 13	
Electricity, . . . . .	100 30	
Oil, . . . . .	2,254 50	
Sundries, . . . . .	457 56	
	<hr/>	33,765 49

Repairs and improvements: —

Brick, . . . . .	\$380 35	
Cement, lime and plaster, . . . . .	524 41	
Doors, sashes, etc., . . . . .	47 28	
Electrical work and supplies, . . . . .	2,692 79	
Hardware, . . . . .	2,323 84	
Lumber, . . . . .	878 95	
Machinery, etc., . . . . .	3,896 88	
Paints, oil, glass, etc., . . . . .	2,159 57	
Plumbing, steam fitting and supplies, . . . . .	2,666 93	
Roofing and materials, . . . . .	199 79	
Sundries, . . . . .	731 62	
	<hr/>	16,502 41

Farm, stable and grounds: —

Blacksmith and supplies, . . . . .	\$766 18	
Carriages, wagons, etc., and repairs, . . . . .	187 00	
Fertilizers, vines, seeds, etc., . . . . .	7,079 11	
Hay, grain, etc., . . . . .	12,742 97	
Harnesses and repairs, . . . . .	332 21	
Horses, . . . . .	1,587 50	
Other live stock, . . . . .	125 00	
Tools, farm machines, etc., . . . . .	1,180 87	
Sundries, . . . . .	1,014 44	
	<hr/>	25,015 28

Miscellaneous: —

Books, periodicals, etc., . . . . .	\$155 25	
Chapel services and entertainments, . . . . .	968 25	
Freight, expressage and transportation, . . . . .	6,523 02	

*Amount carried forward,* . . . . . \$294,829 55

<i>Amount brought forward,</i>		\$294,829 55
Funeral expenses,	\$48 00	
Gratuities,	4,054 50	
Hose, etc.,	207 07	
Medicines and hospital supplies,	3,022 24	
Medical attendance, nurses, etc. (extra),	186 00	
Postage,	517 16	
Printing and printing supplies,	48 03	
Printing annual report,	206 46	
Return of runaways,	215 01	
Soap and laundry supplies,	1,732 98	
Stationery and office supplies,	1,216 51	
Travel and expenses (officials),	410 44	
Telephone and telegraph,	559 63	
Tobacco,	3,349 53	
Sundries,	1,750 37	
	<hr/>	25,170 45
		<hr/>
		\$320,000 00
Weekly expenditure,		\$2 55
Amount received from sales, labor of inmates, produce sold, etc.,		\$15,082 10

## SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS.

*Land.*

## Chapter 444, Acts 1905.

Land,	\$290 00
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*Laundry Building.*

## Chapter 555, Resolves 1907.

Masons' labor,	\$382 95
Carpenters' labor,	270 00
Drain pipe,	34 88
Iron rods,	156 80
Cement,	937 21
Laborers,	100 00
Pipe and fittings,	381 04
Laundry machinery,	549 87
Wire netting,	16 60
	<hr/>
	\$2,829 35



*Attendants' Building.*

## Chapter 555, Acts 1907.

Masons' labor, . . . . .	\$388 50
Carpenters' labor, . . . . .	114 00
Lumber, . . . . .	159 42
Wire lathing, . . . . .	278 37

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 \$940 29
*Purchase of Cows.*

## Chapter 137, Resolves 1908.

Cows, . . . . .	\$434 50
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*Shop.*

## Chapter 146, Resolves 1908.

Masons' labor, . . . . .	\$261 64
Blower, . . . . .	158 60

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 \$420 24
*Real Estate.*

## Chapter 522, Acts 1909.

Real estate, . . . . .	\$5,000 00
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*Furnishings for Industrial Building.*

## Chapter 555, Acts 1907.

Masons' labor, . . . . .	\$105 00
Carpenters' labor, . . . . .	165 00
Locks, . . . . .	139 80
Lumber, . . . . .	190 70
Plumbing, . . . . .	757 77
Heater (hot water), . . . . .	750 00

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 \$2,108 27
*Painting, Pumps and General Repairs.*

## Chapter 137, Resolves 1908.

Plumbing and steam fitting, . . . . .	\$368 87
Electrical supplies, . . . . .	56 62

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 \$425 49

*Prison Addition.*

## Chapter 522, Acts 1909.

Masons' labor, . . . . .	\$5,322 50
Carpenters' labor, . . . . .	5,436 00
Draughtsman, . . . . .	593 25
Laborers, . . . . .	301 00
Cement, lime, etc., . . . . .	6,994 94
Roofing, . . . . .	946 74
Lumber, windows, etc., . . . . .	2,601 78
Window guards, . . . . .	1,155 62
Expanded metal, iron rods, etc., . . . . .	2,172 30
Plumbing, . . . . .	1,869 37
Hardware, locks, etc., . . . . .	516 78
Pipe covering, . . . . .	254 68
Paints, oils, etc., . . . . .	214 50
Foreman of laborers, . . . . .	210 00
Pipe, valves and fittings, . . . . .	324 03
Freight, . . . . .	137 57
Moving buildings, . . . . .	660 00
Electrical supplies, . . . . .	441 99
Boiler addition and heating apparatus, . . . . .	3,672 92
Switchboard and connections, . . . . .	1,605 00
Fire brick, . . . . .	485 40
Arch protectors for boilers, . . . . .	180 00
Teaming, . . . . .	63 00
Engineer's services, . . . . .	182 50
Castings, . . . . .	63 81
Telephones, connections, etc., . . . . .	500 00
Iron barrows, . . . . .	49 50
	<hr/>
	\$36,955 18

*Criminal Insane Building.*

## Chapter 522, Acts 1909.

Masons' labor, . . . . .	\$3,629 50
Carpenters' labor, . . . . .	5,403 00
Draughtsman, . . . . .	303 00
Laborers, . . . . .	195 16
Foreman of laborers, . . . . .	420 00
Cement, . . . . .	8,621 24
Lumber, . . . . .	4,129 21
Expanded metal, iron rods, etc., . . . . .	2,115 25
Plumbing, . . . . .	137 26
	<hr/>
Amount carried forward, . . . . .	\$24,953 62

*Amount brought forward,* . . . . . \$24,953 62

Roofing,	592	80
Flooring,	112	50
Pipe, fittings, etc.,	1,001	91
Conductor pipes for air flues,	444	00
Hardware,	159	25
Engine, generator, etc.,	4,000	00
Telephones, connections, etc.,	700	00
Castings,	525	79
Grease for forms,	35	82
Drain pipe,	180	00
Wire for screens,	76	25
Freight,	94	30

\$32,876 24

### *Enlarging Storehouse.*

Chapter 145, Resolves 1910.

[illegible]

\$1,800 00

VALUATION.

Nov. 30, 1910.

REAL ESTATE.

Land, . . . . .	\$68,280 00
Buildings, . . . . .	970,800 00

PERSONAL ESTATE.

Live stock, . . . . .	\$31,820 75
Products of farm, . . . . .	44,380 55
Carriages and agricultural implements, . . . . .	24,621 18
Machinery and mechanical fixtures, . . . . .	140,695 00
Beds and bedding, . . . . .	41,965 31
Other furniture, . . . . .	45,020 51
Personal property of State, . . . . .	15,817 43
Ready-made clothing, . . . . .	55,007 37
Dry goods, . . . . .	4,584 06
Groceries and provisions, . . . . .	12,022 20
Drugs and medicines, . . . . .	964 50
Fuel, . . . . .	9,490 00
Library, . . . . .	675 00
	<hr/>
	\$1,466,143 86

LIST OF LIVE STOCK.

17 pairs work horses.	207 hogs.
3 horses (express and freight).	168 shoats.
8 driving horses.	67 pigs.
7 pairs oxen.	39 breeding sows.
93 cows.	3 boars.
5 yearling heifers.	595 hens.
15 heifer calves.	1,581 chickens.
3 bulls.	

PRODUCTS OF FARM.

493 tons hay.	425 bushels white egg turnips.
36 tons second crop.	261 bushels beans.
25 tons oats.	334 bushels field corn.
19 tons pumpkins.	46 bushels pears.
17 tons squash.	50,100 heads cabbage.
1,143 bushels onions.	10,076 bunches celery.
11,546 bushels potatoes.	420 barrels apples.
3,280 bushels mangels.	1,000 tons ice.
1,310 bushels yellow globe beets.	355 cords manure.
2,890 bushels table beets.	18 cords hard wood.
1,475 bushels carrots.	5 cords pine wood.
816 bushels parsnips.	600 tons ensilage.
929 bushels ruta bagas.	328 tons green feed.
450 bushels flat turnips.	

LIST OF SALARIED OFFICERS.

Superintendent (per annum),		\$3,000 00
Master (per annum),		2,500 00
Deputy master (per annum),		1,200 00
Medical director (per annum),		2,500 00
Assistant physicians (3, per annum),	\$800 00 to	1,500 00
Internes (2, per annum),		600 00
Treasurer and clerk (per annum),		2,500 00
Assistant clerks (3, per annum),	480 00 to	1,000 00
Engineer (per annum),		1,500 00
Assistant engineers (6, per annum),	600 00 to	900 00
Firemen (5, per annum),	480 00 to	720 00
Overseers (8, per annum),	480 00 to	900 00
Farmer (per annum),		1,000 00
Farm supervisors (average number 23, per annum),	300 00 to	900 00
Supervisors (4, per annum),	540 00 to	900 00
Attendants (average number 66, per month),	25 00 to	50 00
Baker (per month),		50 00
Butcher and expressman (per month),		50 00
Watchmen (2, per month),	45 00 and	50 00
Nurses (11, per month),	10 00 to	66 66
Gardener (per month),		75 00
Kitchen supervisors (5, per month),	20 00 to	45 00
Housekeeper (per month),		25 00
Supervising matron (per month),		25 00
Matrons (5, per month),	20 00 to	35 00
Seamstress (per month),		25 00
Domestic (per month),		20 00



## HOSPITAL REPORT.

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*To the Trustees of the State Farm.*

I respectfully present to your Board the annual report of the State Farm hospital for the year ending Nov. 30, 1910.

Number in hospital Dec. 1, 1909, . . . . .	101
Admitted during the year, . . . . .	817
Total under treatment, . . . . .	— 918
Discharged during the year, . . . . .	662
Died during the year, . . . . .	98
	— 760
Remaining in hospital Nov. 30, 1910, . . . . .	158

The accompanying tables show that 66 more cases were admitted than last year; that the total number under treatment was 36 more, and the number of deaths 13 less. It is always of interest to make comparison of like diseases treated from year to year, and to note the effect of seasons, age and other factors that modify hospital statistics. In reviewing our monthly admissions, I find September leads, with a total of 99, followed by 88 in August and 82 in June. Our lowest admission was 43, in December, and the next lowest, 50, in January. Of the patients admitted during the year, 61 were over seventy years of age, 170 more than sixty, and 317 had crossed the half-century mark. In comparing medical cases, leading as to number, we find influenza stands highest, with a total of 80, against 72 last year. It is highly probable that we use the term influenza to blanket a number of minor catarrhal ailments rather than in its true sense as a highly contagious bacterial disease. Tuberculosis stands next in point of number, with 61, against 62 last year, followed by malaria with 49 cases, last year 20; bronchitis, acute and chronic, 45, last year 12; pneumonia, of different kinds and with complications, 25, last year 33; organic heart disease, 25, last year 18; asthma, 17, last year 8; and 5 cases

of cancer, last year 3. We treated 11 cases of typhoid fever during the year, 4 of which were suffering with the disease when admitted to the institution; 2 of the remaining 7 were employees, 3 others were prisoners who had been here for some little time, and the other case was in the asylum department and does not show in this report. In looking for a possible source of infection, we were unable to find any proof that such existed in the hospital. The cases developed sporadically as to time and location, which tends to the theory that each case had its origin outside the institution. The State Board of Health was asked to investigate, and after carefully looking into every possible source of infection the agent agreed with us that there was no evidence to warrant the belief that the disease originated with us. All our inmates enjoy great freedom in communicating with and receiving things from their families or friends, and it is not difficult to see where a small box of eatables from an infected house, divided with other inmates, as is so often the case, would be responsible for just such an outbreak as we have had. Two of our patients died from the disease. One died shortly after being admitted to the institution, and was in a hopeless condition when received; the other had been a hard drinker for many years and developed pronounced meningeal symptoms.

With two or three exceptions, the cause of death is fairly evenly sprinkled among the various diseases treated. As usual, tuberculosis leads, with a total of 23, or a little more than 22 per cent. of all deaths for the year. Twelve of these, or a fraction more than 50 per cent., were natives of Cape Verde Islands or the Antilles, and were attracted to this vicinity by the cranberry industry of Cape Cod. These men, accustomed as they were to the warm climate and outdoor life of their island homes, were poorly fortified against our somewhat severe New England weather, and, ignorant as they were of the laws of health and hygiene, soon fell victims to this disease. It is not unusual for us to receive, within a few days of one another, several members from these foreign settlements, and often we can plainly trace the origin and spread of this disease to their ignorance of hygiene and the overcrowded, poorly ventilated shacks in which the majority of them live. All such cases run a very rapid course and generally come to us in a late stage of the disease, but evidently not before they

have spread the disease, through their ignorance of its contagious nature and their lack of knowledge concerning the way in which it is disseminated. I also note that of the 23 patients who died of tuberculosis only 1 was American born.

During the year we established a card system for keeping medical records, instead of the more cumbersome and less efficient history book. This does not apply to the general hospital, where the envelope system has been in vogue for a number of years, but is in connection with the dispensary department, where we now record a comparatively full previous history and physical examination of every inmate received at the institution. When it is remembered that about 5,000 persons were admitted in the past year, it gives some idea of the work accomplished along this line. At the present time we do not attempt to tabulate the work done in the dispensary department, as it is to a great degree confined to minor ailments, but yet very important, inasmuch as it gives all inmates who need medical attention or hospital treatment daily opportunity to seek such advice or treatment as their case requires.

I am pleased to report that there has been no official change in the medical staff or nursing body during the year; and as each succeeding year adds to the value and knowledge of every one connected with a hospital, it may seem unnecessary for me to say that the work in every particular has been carried on along progressive lines and with enthusiasm that merits your highest approval.

Very respectfully yours,

ALFRED ELLIOTT,

*Resident Physician.*

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# HOSPITAL TABLES.

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## HOSPITAL TABLES.

TABLE NO. 1. — *Hospital Report.*

Number in hospital Dec. 1, 1909, . . . . .	101	
Admitted during the year, . . . . .	817	
Total under treatment, . . . . .	—	918
Discharged during the year, . . . . .	662	
Died during the year, . . . . .	98	
	—	760
Remaining in hospital Nov. 30, 1910, . . . . .		158

TABLE NO. 2. — *Monthly Admissions, Discharges and Deaths.*

	Admitted.	Discharged.	Died.
<b>1909.</b>			
December, . . . . .	43	31	7
<b>1910.</b>			
January, . . . . .	50	39	6
February, . . . . .	58	55	7
March, . . . . .	73	64	9
April, . . . . .	55	59	5
May, . . . . .	79	45	19
June, . . . . .	82	61	10
July, . . . . .	69	63	5
August, . . . . .	88	73	5
September, . . . . .	99	73	8
October, . . . . .	53	54	6
November, . . . . .	68	45	11
Totals, . . . . .	817	662	98

TABLE NO. 3. — *Ages of Patients on Admission.*

	Under 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 and Over.
<b>1909.</b>								
December, . . . .	3	10	8	9	6	3	4	—
<b>1910.</b>								
January, . . . .	4	5	13	14	9	2	4	—
February, . . . .	2	10	11	9	12	8	3	2
March, . . . .	3	15	16	18	10	6	4	1
April, . . . .	3	8	10	16	6	8	2	2
May, . . . .	—	11	12	22	17	14	3	—
June, . . . .	2	13	14	19	18	12	3	1
July, . . . .	—	10	16	17	6	10	7	2
August, . . . .	2	13	25	28	11	7	2	—
September, . . . .	—	9	24	13	26	19	7	2
October, . . . .	1	4	7	16	12	9	4	—
November, . . . .	2	8	13	15	11	11	6	1
Totals, . . . .	22	116	169	196	144	109	49	12

TABLE NO. 4. — *Tabulated Report of Cases in the Hospital at the Beginning of the Year.*

DISEASES.	No. of Cases.	Recovery.	Improved.	Unimproved.	Died.
Abscess, brain, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Abscess, perineal, . . . . .	1	-	1	-	-
Alcoholism, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Anæmia, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Arteriosclerosis and cerebral hemorrhage (old), . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Asthma, . . . . .	2	-	2	-	-
Bronchitis, chronic, and senility, . . . . .	3	-	-	-	3
Carcinoma, eye, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-
Carcinoma, face, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-
Chancroid, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Constipation, acute, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Cystitis, chronic, . . . . .	2	-	1	1	-
Debility, . . . . .	12	-	2	10	-
Dementia, . . . . .	4	-	1	2	1
Dilatation, stomach, . . . . .	1	-	1	-	-
Epilepsy, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-
Fracture, arm, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Fracture, ribs, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Fracture, thigh, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Gastralgia, . . . . .	1	-	1	-	-
Gastritis, chronic, . . . . .	1	-	1	-	-
Glossitis, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Gonorrhœa, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Hemorrhage, cerebral, . . . . .	9	-	1	3	5
Hypostatic congestion, lungs, and senility, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Incontinence, urine and alcoholism, . . . . .	1	-	1	-	-
Insanity, manic-depressive, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-
Locomotor ataxia, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-
Myocarditis, chronic, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Nephritis, chronic, . . . . .	1	-	1	-	-
Orchitis, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Organic brain diseases and epilepsy, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Organic heart disease, . . . . .	3	-	1	2	-
Paraplegia, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-
Paraplegia, spastic, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Pleurisy, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Retention, urine, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-
Rheumatism, chronic, . . . . .	3	-	-	3	-
Scabies, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Sclerosis, multiple, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-
Senility, . . . . .	3	-	-	3	-
Syphilis, secondary, . . . . .	3	-	3	-	-
Trauma, fingers, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Trauma, hip, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Trauma, knee, . . . . .	1	-	1	-	-
Tuberculosis, general miliary, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Tuberculosis, pulmonary, . . . . .	13	-	3	4	6
Tuberculosis, pulmonary, and syphilis, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Tuberculosis, pulmonary, and uremia, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Ulcer, leg, . . . . .	5	1	4	-	-
Ulcer, varicose, . . . . .	1	-	1	-	-
Totals, . . . . .	101	15	26	36	24

TABLE NO. 5. — *Tabulated Report of Cases treated in the Hospital during the Year ending Nov. 30, 1910.*

DISEASES.	No. of Cases.	Recovery.	Improved.	Unimproved.	Died.
Abscess, anal, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Abscess, back, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Abscess, buccal, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Abscess, face, . . . . .	5	5	—	—	—
Abscess, jaw, . . . . .	8	7	1	—	—
Abscess, perineal, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Abscess, scalp, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Adenitis, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Adenitis, tubercular, . . . . .	1	—	—	1	—
Alcoholism, . . . . .	51	50	1	—	—
Alcoholism, organic brain disease and enteritis, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Alcoholism and bronchitis, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Alcoholism and trauma, eye, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Alcoholism and trauma, head, . . . . .	3	3	—	—	—
Amputation, toe, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Aneurysm, aorta, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Arteriosclerosis and senility, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Asthenopia, . . . . .	1	—	—	1	—
Asthma, . . . . .	17	—	15	2	—
Bronchitis, acute, . . . . .	24	24	—	—	—
Bronchitis, acute, and asthma, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Bronchitis, chronic, . . . . .	21	—	20	1	—
Bronchitis, chronic, and rheumatism, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—
Bronchitis, chronic, and senility, . . . . .	3	—	—	—	3
Bronchitis, chronic, and valvular heart disease, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Bubo, . . . . .	2	1	1	—	—
Burn, eye, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Burn, foot, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Bursitis, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Calculus, urinary, . . . . .	2	1	1	—	—
Carbuncle, neck, . . . . .	2	1	1	—	—
Carbuncle, neck, and senility, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Carcinoma, liver, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Carcinoma, stomach, . . . . .	4	—	—	1	3
Chancroid, . . . . .	9	6	3	—	—
Cholecystitis, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Cirrhosis, liver, . . . . .	1	—	—	1	—
Concussion, brain, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—
Conjunctivitis, . . . . .	3	2	1	—	—
Constipation, acute, . . . . .	25	24	1	—	—
Cystitis, chronic, . . . . .	3	—	3	—	—
Debility, . . . . .	37	13	18	6	—

TABLE NO. 5 — *Continued.*

DISEASES.	No. of Cases.	Recovery.	Improved.	Unimproved.	Died.
Debility and bronchitis, chronic, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—
Dementia, primary, . . . . .	6	—	—	6	—
Dementia, senile, . . . . .	1	—	—	1	—
Dermatitis, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Dermatitis, venenata, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Diarrhœa, acute, . . . . .	37	37	—	—	—
Diarrhœa, acute, and senility, . . . . .	2	—	—	—	2
Diarrhœa, chronic, and senility, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Dislocation, shoulder, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Duodenal ulcer and alcoholism, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Dysentary, acute, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Eczema, . . . . .	2	—	2	—	—
Enteritis, catarrhal, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Epilepsy, . . . . .	15	—	14	—	1
Epilepsy and myocarditis, chronic, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Epithelioma, eye, . . . . .	2	—	—	2	—
Erysipelas, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Extravasation, urine, and sapremia, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Fistula, anal, . . . . .	4	2	1	1	—
Fistula, urethral, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—
Fracture, arm, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Fracture, clavicle, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Fracture, fibula, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Fracture, hip, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—
Fracture, jaw, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Fracture, ribs, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Fracture, thigh, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—
Frost bite, feet, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Frost bite, toes, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Gangrene, toes, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—
Gastritis, acute, . . . . .	12	12	—	—	—
Gastritis, acute, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Gastritis, alcoholic, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Gastritis, chronic, . . . . .	4	1	3	—	—
Glossitis, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Gonorrhœa, acute, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Hemiplegia, . . . . .	1	—	—	1	—
Hemorrhage, cerebral, . . . . .	3	—	2	—	1
Hemorrhoids, . . . . .	6	3	1	2	—
Hernia, strangulated, . . . . .	7	6	1	—	—
Hypostatic congestion, lungs, and epilepsy, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Hypostatic congestion, lungs, and senility, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Hysteria, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Incontinence, urine, . . . . .	4	—	2	2	—
Infected arm, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—
Infected foot, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—



TABLE No. 5. — *Continued.*

DISEASES.	No. of Cases.	Recovery.	Improved.	Unimproved.	Died.
Influenza, . . . . .	80	80	—	—	—
Insanity, alcoholic, . . . . .	5	—	—	5	—
Insanity, manic-depressive, . . . . .	2	—	—	2	—
Jaundice, catarrhal, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Korsakoff's disease, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Laceration, abdomen, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Laceration, lip, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Laceration, wrist, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Lumbago, . . . . .	10	10	—	—	—
Malaria, . . . . .	49	48	1	—	—
Malingering, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	—
Mania a potu, . . . . .	1	—	—	1	—
Morphinism, . . . . .	3	—	3	—	—
Myalgia, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Myocarditis, chronic, and bronchitis, chronic, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Neuralgia, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Orchitis, acute, . . . . .	4	4	—	—	—
Organic brain disease, . . . . .	2	—	—	—	2
Organic heart disease, . . . . .	19	—	11	—	8
Organic heart disease and alcoholism, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Organic heart disease and asthma, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Organic heart disease and gastritis, chronic, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Organic heart disease and senility, . . . . .	3	—	—	—	3
Otitis media, . . . . .	2	2	—	—	—
Papilloma, . . . . .	1	1	—	—	—
Paralysis, pressure, . . . . .	2	—	1	1	—
Paraplegia, . . . . .	1	—	—	1	—
Paresis, general, . . . . .	1	—	—	1	—
Parotitis, . . . . .	5	5	—	—	—
Phimosis, . . . . .	1	—	—	1	—
Pleurisy, acute plastic, . . . . .	6	5	1	—	—
Pleurisy, chronic with effusion, . . . . .	1	—	—	1	—
Pleurisy, tubercular, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—
Plumbism, chronic, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—
Pneumonia, broncho, . . . . .	2	1	—	—	1
Pneumonia, broncho, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Pneumonia, broncho, and senility, . . . . .	2	—	—	—	2
Pneumonia, lobar, . . . . .	20	16	—	—	4
Pneumonia, lobar, and hemorrhage, cerebral, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Pneumonia, lobar, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1
Pneumonia, lobar, and senility, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1

TABLE No. 5 — *Concluded.*

DISEASES.	No. of Cases.	Recovery.	Improved.	Unimproved.	Died.
Pneumonia, lobar, and tuberculosis mili- ary,	1	—	—	—	1
Pneumonic and pulmonary tuberculosis,	1	—	—	—	1
Psoriasis,	1	—	1	—	—
Retention, urine,	1	1	—	—	—
Rheumatism, acute articular,	12	10	2	—	—
Rheumatism, chronic,	10	—	10	—	—
Rheumatism, muscular,	5	5	—	—	—
Scabies,	3	3	—	—	—
Sciatica,	1	1	—	—	—
Senility,	2	—	—	2	—
Septic arm,	1	1	—	—	—
Septicemia,	1	—	—	—	1
Sprain, ankle,	10	7	3	—	—
Sprain, knee,	1	1	—	—	—
Sprain, wrist,	2	2	—	—	—
Syphilis, secondary,	10	—	7	3	—
Tenia,	1	1	—	—	—
Tonsillitis, catarrhal,	9	9	—	—	—
Tonsillitis, follicular,	1	1	—	—	—
Trauma, ankle,	1	1	—	—	—
Trauma, back,	1	1	—	—	—
Trauma, ear,	1	1	—	—	—
Trauma, elbow,	1	1	—	—	—
Trauma, eye,	4	3	1	—	—
Trauma, face, and alcoholism,	1	1	—	—	—
Trauma, hand,	1	1	—	—	—
Trauma, head,	6	6	—	—	—
Trauma, head and hip,	1	1	—	—	—
Trauma, leg,	1	—	1	—	—
Trauma, shoulder,	2	1	1	—	—
Trauma, thigh,	1	1	—	—	—
Tuberculosis, general miliary,	1	—	—	—	1
Tuberculosis, pulmonary,	60	—	3	44	13
Typhoid fever,	8	6	—	—	2
Ulcer, back,	1	—	1	—	—
Ulcer, foot,	3	2	1	—	—
Ulcer, leg,	20	10	10	—	—
Ulcer, leg, and syphilis,	1	1	—	—	—
Ulcer, neck,	1	1	—	—	—
Totals,	817	493	160	90	74

TABLE NO. 6. — *Deaths, 1909-10.*

Abscess, brain, . . . . .	1
Alcoholism, acute, organic brain disease and enteritis, . . . . .	1
Anéurysm, aorta, . . . . .	1
Arteriosclerosis and cerebral hemorrhage, . . . . .	1
Arteriosclerosis and senility, . . . . .	1
Bronchitis, acute, and asthma, . . . . .	1
Bronchitis, chronic, and senility, . . . . .	6
Bronchitis, chronic, and valvular heart disease, . . . . .	1
Carbuncle, neck, and senility, . . . . .	1
Carcinoma, liver, . . . . .	1
Carcinoma, stomach, . . . . .	3
Dementia, senile, exhaustion from, . . . . .	1
Diarrhœa, acute, and senility, . . . . .	2
Diarrhœa, chronic, and senility, . . . . .	1
Duodenal ulcer and alcoholism, . . . . .	1
Dysentary, acute, . . . . .	1
Enteritis, catarrhal, . . . . .	1
Epilepsy, . . . . .	1
Epilepsy and myocarditis, chronic, . . . . .	1
Extravasation, urine, and sapremia, . . . . .	1
Gastritis, acute, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1
Hemorrhage, cerebral, . . . . .	6
Hypostatic congestion, lungs, and epilepsy, . . . . .	1
Hypostatic congestion, lungs, and senility, . . . . .	2
Korsakoff's disease, . . . . .	1
Myocarditis, chronic, . . . . .	1
Myocarditis, chronic, and bronchitis, chronic, . . . . .	1
Organic brain disease, . . . . .	2
Organic brain disease and epilepsy, . . . . .	1
Organic heart disease, . . . . .	8
Organic heart disease and alcoholism, . . . . .	1
Organic heart disease and asthma, . . . . .	1
Organic heart disease and gastritis, chronic, . . . . .	1
Organic heart disease and senility, . . . . .	3
Paraplegia, spastic, . . . . .	1
Pneumonia, broncho, . . . . .	1
Pneumonia, broncho, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1

TABLE NO. 6 — *Concluded.*

Pneumonia, broncho, and senility, . . . . .	2
Pneumonia, lobar, . . . . .	4
Pneumonia, lobar, and hemorrhage, cerebral, . . . . .	1
Pneumonia, lobar, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1
Pneumonia, lobar, and senility, . . . . .	1
Pneumonia, lobar, and tuberculosis miliary, . . . . .	1
Pneumonia and pulmonary tuberculosis, . . . . .	1
Septicemia, . . . . .	1
Tuberculosis, general miliary, . . . . .	2
Tuberculosis, pulmonary, . . . . .	19
Tuberculosis, pulmonary, and syphilis, . . . . .	1
Tuberculosis, pulmonary, and uremia, . . . . .	1
Typhoid fever, . . . . .	2
<hr/>	
Total, . . . . .	98

Deaths are classified as follows: —

Prisoners, . . . . .	29
Alms, . . . . .	69
<hr/>	
Total, . . . . .	98

TABLE NO. 7. — *Ages.*

	Under 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 and Over.	Total.
Deaths, . . . . .	—	10	8	16	11	24	22	7	98

TABLE NO. 8. — *Showing Number of Patients in Hospital Each Day, Dec. 1, 1909, to Nov. 30, 1910.*

DAY OF MONTH.	1909.	1910.										
	December.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.
1, . . .	102	105	105	110	113	98	104	118	115	137	146	148
2, . . .	102	108	108	111	108	100	108	118	115	131	146	144
3, . . .	102	104	109	103	107	102	110	118	116	138	149	145
4, . . .	103	105	111	107	110	104	114	118	119	137	150	145
5, . . .	103	106	111	109	112	107	113	122	121	140	151	144
6, . . .	104	106	111	110	106	104	111	116	123	128	157	145
7, . . .	106	106	106	111	109	102	113	120	121	128	159	146
8, . . .	106	98	108	101	108	104	105	123	114	131	148	147
9, . . .	105	98	107	100	110	106	108	125	116	135	147	148
10, . . .	105	98	111	102	109	107	109	125	125	135	149	147
11, . . .	106	98	108	104	113	108	115	128	125	140	150	150
12, . . .	107	100	112	106	106	112	116	120	122	137	150	151
13, . . .	109	102	112	106	106	108	120	123	124	138	150	151
14, . . .	110	100	109	109	107	107	119	126	124	139	149	156
15, . . .	105	101	110	106	107	109	116	128	126	144	146	159
16, . . .	107	103	112	108	106	109	115	123	116	147	145	159
17, . . .	109	109	116	110	109	109	120	125	116	149	148	160
18, . . .	110	111	104	114	107	110	106	128	118	148	148	165
19, . . .	111	113	105	105	107	119	106	128	122	146	152	161
20, . . .	114	106	106	109	106	122	106	128	124	150	143	163
21, . . .	106	110	107	112	106	124	108	126	127	144	149	168
22, . . .	107	111	108	110	106	126	106	127	127	147	150	168
23, . . .	109	110	112	110	108	123	109	127	123	139	150	170
24, . . .	105	109	113	108	108	124	112	128	127	141	151	169
25, . . .	105	104	114	111	111	126	113	121	131	143	150	171
26, . . .	106	107	105	104	111	114	112	123	135	146	151	170
27, . . .	106	112	106	106	110	114	113	125	129	142	151	173
28, . . .	103	112	107	110	110	114	115	129	133	150	151	160
29, . . .	105	112	—	113	108	113	122	129	136	154	145	158
30, . . .	106	111	—	106	108	112	122	131	137	155	145	158
31, . . .	106	111	—	107	—	120	—	132	136	—	148	—



STATE FARM,  
BRIDGEWATER.

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BRIDGEWATER STATE HOSPITAL.

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CONSULTING PATHOLOGIST.

EDWARD WYLLYS TAYLOR, M.D.,	. . . . .	BOSTON.
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## HOSPITAL REPORT.

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*To the Trustees of the State Farm.*

I respectfully submit the annual report of the Bridgewater State Hospital for the year ending Nov. 30, 1910.

The usual statistical tables incorporated herewith are for the year ending September 30. We opened the year with 634 patients, and had 708 when the year closed, — a gain of 74 for the year. Last year 103 persons were admitted. This year the admissions have increased to 138. In looking about for a cause of this somewhat unusual condition, I find no great disturbance from former years in the ratio of cases received from the various penal institutions of the State with the single exception of the prison department of the State Farm, where I note an increase of 28 over that of last year. It may be of some interest to briefly review the class of men received from this particular source, and the conditions that led up to their arrest and commitment. Of the 78 received, 59 were sentenced as vagrants or tramps, and as far as I can learn were insane at the time they entered the prison. Regardless of this, I am still of the opinion that our hospital is performing the specific purpose for which it was created; for from our records I glean that, without a single exception, the 78 men referred to have records of from one to ten former arrests. In the great majority of these cases the mental disease is but the capitulation of a long-beleaguered mind, and their former vagrant life but the manifestation of a well-advanced dementing process. Those figures do not argue that there is an increase in vagrants or insane in the State or in our penal institutions, but rather point to an improved method of disposing of this irresponsible class. In the past, the tendency has been for prisons to liberate every case that seemed harmless and gave reasonable assurance of being self-supporting, but as time went on it was found that such cases, if they remained in the State, invariably returned to some prison in much worse physical and mental condition, and it soon became

evident that some permanent disposition of these cases ought to be encouraged, not only for their own good, but to eliminate them from the social circulation of the State and their clogging influence on prison life and reform.

Forty-two persons were discharged during the year, 7 of whom were considered as recovered at the time of leaving the hospital and 10 others improved sufficiently to be capable of self-support; 5 others were discharged as having improved, and 21 in whom no improvement was noted. The total number of deaths for the year was 22, and represents 2.82 per cent of the whole number under treatment. The recovery rate, based upon different persons committed during the year, is 5.22 per cent. The percentage of recoveries is much lower than last year, no doubt due, in part, to the larger number of chronic cases received. In past years the majority of recoveries were in cases of acute alcoholic insanity who were committed from our own prison department. Owing to improved facilities for observation and treatment, we are now able to give many of these cases hospital care and treatment without the formality of a commitment, and in all cases where the question of safety does not interfere, and where recovery may be expected prior to expiration of sentence, we feel that it is our moral duty to follow this method, even if it is disastrous to our record of recoveries. If we consider the 7 patients discharged as recovered and the 10 released as capable of self-support, we get a total of 17, or a little over 12 per cent, based on cases committed during the year, who were again able to take up the problem of life and relieve the State of their permanent care.

Of the 42 cases discharged, 9 went to the custody of relatives or friends, 8 were sent to other States, and 3 were released by the court, on certificates of recovery; 3 others having recovered were returned to penal institutions to complete unserved sentences, and 19 were sent to their homes in other countries or taken in charge by the State Department of Immigration. By referring to the destination of cases discharged, you will see that the State Board of Insanity has been very active in deporting such as had no legal claim on the country, and also in sending nonresidents to hospitals or their homes in other States.

I regret that I have to report one suicide during the year, the particulars of which were fully reported to your Board and the



State Board of Insanity at that time. This man had been in the hospital more than eight years and on the day he suicided ate dinner in his room as usual, and less than a half-hour later, when the attendant went to remove his tray, he was found dead. Such acts but illustrate the impulses that sometimes govern the insane and which cannot be anticipated.

By an act of the legislature of 1908-09 an appropriation was granted for an addition to the hospital. After carefully considering our needs, it was decided by the superintendent, and the plans were approved by the State Board of Insanity, that the addition take the form of two buildings, — one to accommodate 50 of our most disturbed and violent patients, and the other for acute and infirmary cases. These buildings are now well under way and will be covered in before cold weather, allowing the inside work to be carried on during the winter. The smaller building is located in what is known to us as the west yard, is two stories, of re-enforced cement, and somewhat unique in hospital construction, being set on cement pillars nine and one-half feet above grade level. The open space under the building will be finished with a concrete floor, and will be a cool, shady spot in summer and a shelter in inclement weather, as well as permitting an unobstructed view of the entire yard. In the past, about every escape, or attempt to escape, has been because the quadrangle formed by the buildings admits of some chance for patients to climb water spouts, window guards, etc., and in this way reach the roofs of buildings, descending in a similar manner to the ground and liberty. This building is situated well away from all such walls and windows, and is a unit in itself, having complete kitchen and dining-room facilities; the only connection with the rest of the hospital is by subway, which will be under constant turnkey system.

The infirmary is also of re-enforced concrete, three stories and a basement. On the first floor there is a spacious piazza connected with the wards, to which in pleasant weather patients may resort for rest, and those in bed be wheeled for outdoor treatment. This building is arranged for about 125 patients, and will have examining and observation rooms, diet kitchen, dining room and all accessories that go with the up-to-date hospital. The rooms are all large, light and airy, and heated by hot-air system from the

main plant. In the basement is a large cellar for storing vegetables, etc. Our present plan is to connect this building with our tuberculosis ward by an overhead corridor, — a distance of about 70 feet. This corridor will be in the nature of a solarium and we trust will be a useful adjunct to our present tuberculosis ward. With the completion of these buildings we will be taken care of for some years to come.

I wish once more to call your attention to our gardening. This summer we have had practically all our walled-in land under cultivation, and the result shows that we are capable of doing real, profitable farming. We hope in the next few years to greatly increase the yield as the soil is brought to a higher state of cultivation. In the spring we set out a large number of berry bushes of various kinds, which will give good returns in years to come. This line of work has been so successful in results, and so popular with our patients, that I heartily recommend its extension, not only as a source of revenue to the hospital, but as a successful educational feature.

In the past the treatment of insanity, to a great degree, has followed the methods used in general medicine. While in a certain small percentage of cases these methods have proved satisfactory, and the patients have been restored to mental health, yet more than 75 per cent of all admissions to our State hospitals go on to a greater or less degree of mental deterioration, regardless of any known form of treatment, and eventually become permanent State charges. It is this latter group, generally spoken of as chronic cases, that we hope to interest in farming. Every one who visits an insane hospital is impressed by the number of patients who practically all day sit, stand or wander about in a listless, aimless manner, without the slightest interest in life. These, if left to themselves, invariably go on to physical debility and profound dementia. We have been encouraged to see how many apparently deeply demented men can be trained to do useful, profitable work, and I believe one of the great duties of the future insane hospital will be to re-educate such patients in some form of useful work where the minimum of skill and supervision is called for. If the above is true of cases that have gone on to permanent mental decay, it is reasonable to suppose that similar education would, to a degree, be prophylactic. I do not know of



any form of work that has so many features to recommend it as farming. We do not have to fear overproduction or placing our products on the open market, as we have a rapidly growing home demand for all such supplies. In our farming there is no expensive equipment; all that is required is some rough land surrounded by, say, a high, strong-meshed wire fence, to keep our patients from wandering away. If we had this additional land, we could use our present walled-in garden for patients who cannot be allowed greater freedom. While we do not aspire to poetic farming, "where every rood of land maintain'd its man," yet we have confidence that with proper training these men can be educated to be, in part at least, self-supporting.

The problem of securing and retaining desirable help remains unsolved. During the greater part of the year, especially vacation months, we found it difficult to secure enough men to run the hospital on a safe and secure basis. On account of the criminal type of our patients it is necessary that we employ only large, mature men for attendants, and we find the most desirable applicants are married men, who are looking for a permanent position where they can establish a home. At present we have no accommodations for married men, and for that reason we are denied the best field for selecting a permanent body of suitable help. When a hospital of this kind has to rely upon a floating body of men to officer its wards, it is, to say the least, on dangerous ground. The prevailing idea that an insane hospital is a good place for a man who has failed at everything else, or a place for the "tramp" attendant to spend the winter months, ought to be discouraged. What we must do, and the sooner done the better, is to make the position and environments attractive enough to induce the proper class of men to enter the work as a permanent employment. In 1908, my predecessor made the following suggestion in his report to your Board: "In making a further provision for attendants, I would recommend that modest cottages be built which can be rented to married men at a rate to cover interest on cost and repairs. This would hardly be more expensive than the ordinary 'attendants' home,' from which there is no return, and it would be a strong inducement for married men — who are more mature and desirable — to make the care of the insane their life work." I would add my word of commendation to this plan,

and suggest that a sufficient appropriation be asked for to enable us to undertake this important work.

The general health of the patients and employees has been good throughout the year and there has been no serious epidemic or accident.

I have many friends of the hospital to thank for donations of reading matter, especially Dr. Pratt of Bridgewater, who has been most generous.

Chapel services continue as in former years and are well attended.

There has been no change in the personnel of medical staff during the year, and the work has been carried on in a way to merit general approval and confidence.

I am reminded again of the valued advice and assistance of the superintendent and your Board, and solicit your aid and confidence in the year to come.

Respectfully yours,

ALFRED ELLIOTT,  
*Medical Director.*



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# HOSPITAL TABLES.

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## HOSPITAL TABLES.

TABLE NO. 1. — *General Statistics for the Year ending Sept. 30, 1910,  
and since the Opening of the Hospital Sept. 14, 1886.*

	During the Year.	Since Sept. 14, 1886.
Patients in the hospital Oct. 1, 1909, . . . . .	634	—
Admitted within the year, . . . . .	146	1,863
Viz.: by commitment, . . . . .	134	1,328
by transfer, . . . . .	4	483
from escape, . . . . .	—	5
from visit, . . . . .	—	3
nominally at end of visit, . . . . .	8	45
Whole number of cases under treatment, . . . . .	780	1,142
Dismissed within the year, . . . . .	72	—
Viz.: discharged, . . . . .	42	—
as recovered, . . . . .	7	157
as capable of self-support, . . . . .	10	90
as improved, . . . . .	4	22
as not improved, . . . . .	21	167
as not insane, . . . . .	—	21
died, . . . . .	22	391
transferred, . . . . .	1	50
on escape Sept. 30, 1910, . . . . .	—	30
on visit Sept. 30, 1910, . . . . .	7	41

TABLE NO. 1 — *Concluded.*

	During the Year.	Since Sept. 14, 1886.
Remaining Sept. 30, 1910, . . . . .	708	—
Number of State patients, . . . . .	706	—
Number of reimbursing patients, . . . . .	2	—
Number of different persons under treatment within the year.	772	—
Number of different persons admitted, . . . . .	138	—
Number of different persons admitted by commit- ment.	134	—
Number of different persons dismissed, . . . . .	64	—
Number of different persons recovered, . . . . .	7	—
Number of different persons discharged capable of self-support.	10	—
Daily average, persons under treatment, . . . . .	661.47	—
Daily average, State patients, . . . . .	655.83	—
Daily average, reimbursing patients, . . . . .	5.64	—

TABLE NO. 2. — *Received on First and Subsequent Commitments during  
the Year ending Sept. 30, 1910.*

	Received during the Year.
First commitment to this hospital, . . . . .	133
Second commitment to this hospital, . . . . .	5
Third commitment to this hospital, . . . . .	—
Fourth commitment to this hospital, . . . . .	—
Total cases, . . . . .	138
Total persons, . . . . .	138
First commitment to any hospital, . . . . .	117

TABLE NO. 3. — *Nativity and Parentage of Persons first admitted to Any Insane Hospital, received during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1910, and since the Opening of the Hospital, Sept. 14, 1886.*

PLACES OF NATIVITY.	RECEIVED.					
	DURING THE YEAR.			SINCE SEPT. 14, 1886.		
	Patient.	Father.	Mother.	Patient.	Father.	Mother.
Massachusetts, . . . . .	42	13	10	586	121	117
Other New England States, . . . . .	6	7	5	125	69	64
Other States, . . . . .	16	12	9	162	89	87
Total natives, . . . . .	64	32	24	873	279	268
Africa, . . . . .	1	1	1	2	2	2
Assyria, . . . . .	1	1	1	3	3	3
At sea, . . . . .	-	-	-	1	-	-
Armenia, . . . . .	1	1	1	3	3	3
Austria, . . . . .	2	2	2	13	10	9
Azores, . . . . .	2	1	2	14	10	10
Belgium, . . . . .	-	-	-	1	1	1
Canada, . . . . .	3	4	6	109	115	125
Cape Verde Islands, . . . . .	1	1	1	2	2	1
China, . . . . .	-	-	-	4	3	3
Denmark, . . . . .	-	-	-	8	2	2
England, . . . . .	5	4	7	75	62	54
Finland, . . . . .	-	-	-	2	2	2
France, . . . . .	-	-	-	8	9	6
Germany, . . . . .	1	3	3	9	15	16
Greece, . . . . .	2	2	2	12	12	12
Hungary, . . . . .	-	-	-	2	2	2
India, . . . . .	-	-	-	2	-	-
Ireland, . . . . .	14	35	36	267	431	433
Italy, . . . . .	9	10	10	74	66	65
Mexico, . . . . .	-	-	-	-	1	1
Morocco, . . . . .	-	-	-	1	-	-
Norway, . . . . .	-	-	-	3	2	2
Poland, . . . . .	2	3	3	12	12	11
Portugal, . . . . .	-	-	-	2	1	1
Russia, . . . . .	6	6	6	42	31	30
Scotland, . . . . .	-	1	-	15	16	19
South America, . . . . .	-	-	-	2	1	1
Spain, . . . . .	-	-	1	1	1	2
Sweden, . . . . .	1	1	1	20	15	14
Switzerland, . . . . .	-	-	-	1	1	1
Turkey, . . . . .	-	-	-	3	2	2
Wales, . . . . .	-	-	-	-	1	-
West Indies, . . . . .	-	-	-	7	3	5
Total foreigners, . . . . .	51	76	83	720	837	838
Unknown, . . . . .	2	9	10	88	565	575
Totals, . . . . .	117	117	117	1,681	1,681	1,681

TABLE NO. 4. — *Number of Patients received from the State Institutions for the Insane and Other Sources during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1910, and since the Opening of the Hospital Sept. 14, 1886.*

	RECEIVED.	
	During the Year.	Since Sept. 14, 1886.
From hospitals for the insane, . . . . .	4	484
From State Farm, pauper department, . . . . .	—	37
From State Farm, prison department, . . . . .	78	532
From State Prison, . . . . .	17	289
From Massachusetts Reformatory, . . . . .	8	121
From the courts, . . . . .	5	75
From the houses of correction, . . . . .	24	253
From jails, . . . . .	2	15
From jails, awaiting trial, . . . . .	—	21
Returned from escape and given new numbers, . . . . .	—	5
Returned to the hospital by order of the Board of Insanity, . . . . .	—	4
Totals, . . . . .	138	1,836

TABLE NO. 5. — *Residence of Insane Persons admitted by Commitment.*

PLACES.	First admitted to Any Hospital.	Other Admissions.	Totals.
Massachusetts (by counties):—			
Barnstable, . . . . .	3	—	3
Berkshire, . . . . .	2	—	2
Bristol, . . . . .	6	4	10
Essex, . . . . .	13	1	14
Franklin, . . . . .	1	—	1
Hampden, . . . . .	2	—	2
Hampshire, . . . . .	2	—	2
Middlesex, . . . . .	20	1	21
Norfolk, . . . . .	10	—	10
Plymouth, . . . . .	7	2	9
Suffolk, . . . . .	40	8	48
Worcester, . . . . .	11	1	12
Totals, . . . . .	117	17	134
Cities or large towns, <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	92	15	107
Country districts, <sup>2</sup> . . . . .	25	2	27
Unknown, . . . . .	—	—	—

<sup>1</sup> 10,000 population and over.

<sup>2</sup> Under 10,000.

TABLE NO. 6. — *Civil Conditions of Persons first admitted to Any Insane Hospital, received during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1910.*

Married, . . . . .	20
Single, . . . . .	90
Widowed, . . . . .	7
Unknown, . . . . .	—
Total, . . . . .	117

TABLE NO. 7. — *Occupation of Persons first admitted to Any Insane Hospital, received during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1910.*

Barber, . . . . . 1	Morocco dresser, . . . . . 1
Bookkeeper, . . . . . 1	None, . . . . . 2
Butcher, . . . . . 1	Painter, . . . . . 1
Carpenter, . . . . . 2	Peddler, . . . . . 1
Clerk, . . . . . 1	Plumber, . . . . . 1
Coal miner, . . . . . 1	Polisher, . . . . . 1
Cook, . . . . . 1	Press feeder, . . . . . 1
Engineer, . . . . . 1	Sailor, . . . . . 2
Farmer, . . . . . 4	Shoemaker, . . . . . 12
Laborer, . . . . . 66	Tailor, . . . . . 1
Leather worker, . . . . . 1	Teamster, . . . . . 6
Lock fitter, . . . . . 1	Waiter, . . . . . 1
Laundryman, . . . . . 1	Weaver, . . . . . 2
Machinist, . . . . . 2	Total, . . . . . 117
Millwright, . . . . . 1	



TABLE No. 8. — *Ages of Insane at First Attack, Admission and Death.*

AGES.	FIRST ADMITTED TO ANY HOSPITAL.		DIED.	
	At First Attack.	When admitted.	At First Attack.	When admitted.
Congenital, . . . . .	14	—	—	—
15 years and less, . . . . .	—	—	—	—
From 15 to 20 years, . . . . .	6	6	—	—
20 to 25 years, . . . . .	27	28	1	1
25 to 30 years, . . . . .	20	23	4	3
30 to 35 years, . . . . .	15	19	2	3
35 to 40 years, . . . . .	10	11	5	5
40 to 50 years, . . . . .	15	18	6	7
50 to 60 years, . . . . .	7	8	1	2
60 to 70 years, . . . . .	3	3	1	—
70 to 80 years, . . . . .	—	1	—	1
Over 80 years, . . . . .	—	—	—	—
Totals, . . . . .	117	117	20	22
Unknown, . . . . .	—	—	2	—
Not insane, . . . . .	—	—	—	—
Total of persons, . . . . .	117	117	22	22
Mean known ages (in years), . . . . .	32.6	33.8+	38.9+	42.8+

TABLE NO. 9. — *Probable Causes of Mental Diseases in Persons first admitted to Any Hospital.*

EXCITING CAUSES.	Admitted.	PREDISPOSING.		
		Hereditary Tendency.	Neurotic Tendency.	Alcoholic Intem- perance.
<i>Physical.</i>				
Alcoholic intemperance, . . . . .	52	12	7	26
Cerebral hemorrhage, . . . . .	1	—	—	—
Congenital defect, . . . . .	14	8	7	5
Organic brain disease, . . . . .	1	—	1	1
Senility, . . . . .	3	—	2	1
Toxemia, . . . . .	3	—	4	—
Trauma, . . . . .	1	—	1	—
<i>Mental.</i>				
Worry, . . . . .	11	2	7	2
Totals, . . . . .	86	22	29	35
Unknown, . . . . .	31	—	—	—
Totals, . . . . .	117	22	29	35

TABLE NO. 10. — *Probable Duration of Disease before Admission.*

PREVIOUS DURATION.	First admitted to Any Hospital.
Congenital, . . . . .	14
Under 1 month, . . . . .	11
From 1 to 3 months, . . . . .	9
3 to 6 months, . . . . .	7
6 to 12 months, . . . . .	10
1 to 2 years, . . . . .	29
2 to 5 years, . . . . .	26
5 to 10 years, . . . . .	6
10 to 20 years, . . . . .	2
Over 20 years, . . . . .	—
Total, . . . . .	114
Unknown, . . . . .	3
Not insane, . . . . .	—
Total of cases, . . . . .	117
Total of persons, . . . . .	117
Average known duration (in years), . . . . .	5.1

TABLE NO. 11. — *Forms of Mental Disease in Patients committed, discharged or died, with their Condition on Discharge.*

	Committed.	DISCHARGED.					Died.	Total Discharges and Deaths.
		Recovered.	Capable of Self-support.	Improved.	Not improved.	Not Insane.		
<i>A. — First admitted to Any Hospital.</i>								
Manic-depressive insanity: —								
<i>a.</i> Depressed form, . . . . .	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1
<i>b.</i> Exalted form, . . . . .	8	1	1	—	—	—	1	3
<i>c.</i> Circular form, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Alcoholic insanity: —								
<i>a.</i> Acute form, . . . . .	5	3	2	—	—	—	—	5
<i>b.</i> Chronic form, . . . . .	10	—	4	—	1	—	3	8
Habit psychosis, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dementia præcox: —								
<i>a.</i> Paranoid form, . . . . .	37	—	—	3	10	—	5	18
<i>b.</i> Hebephrenic form, . . . . .	12	—	—	—	6	—	2	8
<i>c.</i> Katatonic form, . . . . .	7	—	—	—	1	—	1	2
Dementia, organic, . . . . .	4	1	1	—	—	—	4	6
Dementia, secondary, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dementia, senile, . . . . .	4	—	—	—	2	—	1	3
Congenital inferiority, . . . . .	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1
Epileptic insanity, . . . . .	6	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Paresis, . . . . .	4	—	—	—	—	—	3	3
Primary delusional insanity, . . . . .	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Involution psychosis, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Imbecility, . . . . .	13	—	—	—	1	—	—	1
Toxic insanity: —								
<i>a.</i> Acute form, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>b.</i> Chronic form, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Neurasthenic insanity, . . . . .	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Simple depression, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not insane, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total A, . . . . .	117	6	9	3	21	—	21	60
<i>B. — Other Admissions.</i>								
Manic-depressive insanity: —								
<i>a.</i> Depressed form, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>b.</i> Exalted form, . . . . .	1	1	1	1	—	—	—	3
<i>c.</i> Circular form, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Alcoholic insanity: —								
<i>a.</i> Acute form, . . . . .	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>b.</i> Chronic form, . . . . .	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Habit psychosis, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dementia, organic, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dementia, secondary, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dementia, senile, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dementia præcox: —								
<i>a.</i> Paranoid form, . . . . .	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>b.</i> Hebephrenic form, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>c.</i> Katatonic form, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Congenital inferiority, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Epileptic insanity, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Paresis, . . . . .	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Primary delusional insanity, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Involution psychosis, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Toxic insanity: —								
<i>a.</i> Acute form, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>b.</i> Chronic form, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Imbecility, . . . . .	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Neurasthenic insanity, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not insane, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total B, . . . . .	17	1	1	1	—	—	1	4
Aggregate cases, . . . . .	134	7	10	4	21	—	22	64
Aggregate persons, . . . . .	134	7	10	4	21	—	22	64

TABLE NO. 12. — *Discharges and Deaths of the Insane, classified by Admissions and Results.*

NUMBER OF ADMISSIONS.	Recovered.	Capable of Self-support.	Improved.	Not improved.	Not insane.	Died.	Totals.
First in this hospital, . . . . .	6	9	4	21	—	22	63
Second in this hospital, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	—	—	1
Third in this hospital, . . . . .	—	1	—	—	—	—	1
Fourth in this hospital, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total cases, . . . . .	7	10	4	21	—	22	65
Total persons admitted to any hospital,	6	9	4	21	—	21	61

TABLE NO. 13. — *Relations to Penal Institutions and the Courts of the Criminal Cases received during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1910, and since the Opening of the Hospital Sept. 14, 1886.*

	RECEIVED.	
	During the Year.	Since Sept. 14, 1886.
State Prison cases, . . . . .	17	289
House of correction cases, . . . . .	24	253
Massachusetts Reformatory cases, . . . . .	8	121
State Farm, prison cases, . . . . .	78	532
Court cases, . . . . .	5	75
Transfers, criminal habit, . . . . .	4	33
Jails, . . . . .	2	23
Totals, . . . . .	138	1,326

TABLE NO. 14. — Causes of Death and Forms of Mental Disease in Persons who died.

	Aggregates.	Alcoholic, Acute.	Alcoholic, Chronic.	Dementia Præcox.	Dementia, Organic.	Dementia, Secondary.	Dementia, Senile.	Epileptic Insanity.	Toxic Insanity.	General Paresis.	Imbecility.	Involution Psychosis.	Manic-depressive Insanity.	Primary Delusional Insanity.
<i>General Diseases.</i>														
Tuberculosis, general, . . . . .	2	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>Diseases of Nervous System.</i>														
Cerebral hemorrhage, . . . . .	2	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1
Cerebral hemorrhage and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Acute insanity, exhaustion from, <sup>34</sup> / <sub>100</sub> . . . . .	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dementia præcox, exhaustion from, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Organic brain disease, exhaustion from, . . . . .	3	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Organic brain disease and spastic paraplegia, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—
Paresis, . . . . .	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>Diseases of Respiratory System.</i>														
Tuberculosis, pulmonary, . . . . .	2	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>Diseases of Circulatory System.</i>														
Organic disease of the heart, . . . . .	3	—	—	2	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>Ill-defined Diseases.</i>														
Erysipelas and chronic dementia, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fracture, jaw, septic infection and alcoholic dementia, . . . . .	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Suicide, strangulation by hanging, . . . . .	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Totals, . . . . .	*22	—	3	8	4	—	1	1	—	3	—	—	1	1



TABLE NO. 15. — *Duration of Mental Disease and its Treatment in Patients who recovered or died.*

PERIOD.	FIRST ADMITTED TO ANY HOSPITAL.			ALL OTHER ADMISSIONS.	
	Duration before Admission.	Hospital Residence.	Whole Duration.	Whole Known Period of Mental Disease.	Whole Known Period of Hospital Residence.
A. — Recovered: —					
Under 1 month . . . .	—	—	—	—	—
From 1 to 3 months, . .	3	—	—	—	—
3 to 6 months, . . . .	2	1	1	—	—
6 to 12 months, . . . .	—	—	—	—	—
1 to 2 years, . . . . .	1	1	1	—	—
2 to 5 years, . . . . .	—	4	4	1	1
5 to 10 years, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—
10 to 15 years, . . . .	—	—	—	—	—
Totals, . . . . .	6	6	6	1	1
Unknown, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—
Totals, . . . . .	6	6	6	1	1
Average known cases (in months), . . . . .	3.66	22.6	26.0	54.0	53.0
B. — Died: —					
Under 1 month, . . . .	1	1	1	—	—
From 1 to 3 months, . .	5	2	—	—	—
3 to 6 months, . . . .	2	—	1	—	—
6 to 12 months, . . . .	1	1	1	—	—
1 to 2 years, . . . . .	6	4	3	—	—
2 to 5 years, . . . . .	2	6	4	—	1
5 to 10 years, . . . . .	1	4	5	—	—
10 to 15 years, . . . .	—	3	2	1	—
Over 15 years, . . . .	1	—	2	—	—
Totals, . . . . .	19	21	19	1	1
Unknown, . . . . .	2	—	2	—	—
Totals, . . . . .	21	21	21	1	1
Average of known cases (in months), . . . . .	41.7	56.6	95.8	180	144

TABLE NO. 16. — *Showing Crimes committed by Insane Criminals during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1910, and since the Opening of the Hospital Sept. 14, 1886.*

CRIMES.	During the Year.	Since Sept. 14, 1886.	CRIMES.	During the Year.	Since Sept. 14, 1886.
Abuse of a female child, . . .	-	4	Drunkenness, . . .	23	172
Adultery, . . .	-	5	Drunkenness, contempt of court, . . .	-	1
Arson, . . .	1	18	Entering building and putting in fear, . . .	-	1
Assault, . . .	2	69	Escaping from prison, . . .	-	2
Assault, battery and unnatural act, . . .	-	1	Exposure, . . .	-	5
Assault and battery, . . .	3	35	Forgery, . . .	1	6
Assault, felonious, . . .	-	1	Forgery with intent to defraud, . . .	-	1
Assault, indecent, . . .	-	6	Forgery and uttering, . . .	-	1
Assault on an officer, . . .	-	1	Fornication, . . .	-	3
Assault to rape, . . .	2	17	Having in possession dangerous weapon, . . .	1	3
Assault to rob, . . .	1	7	Habitual criminal, . . .	-	5
Assault to kill, . . .	-	20	Illegal practice of medicine, . . .	-	1
Assault to commit larceny from the person, . . .	-	1	Idle and disorderly, . . .	2	6
Assault upon a female child, . . .	-	2	Incest, . . .	-	2
Assault on an officer, nonpayment of fine, . . .	-	1	Illegal sale of liquor, . . .	1	1
Assault with a dangerous weapon, . . .	3	26	Incest, carnal abuse, . . .	-	2
Assault with intent to kill, . . .	-	1	Keeping disorderly house, . . .	-	3
Assault with intent to murder, . . .	5	13	Lewd and lascivious cohabitation, . . .	1	5
Assault with intent to commit criminal abuse, . . .	-	1	Lewdness, . . .	-	4
Assault with loaded pistol, . . .	-	1	Larceny, . . .	7	132
Attempt to break and enter, . . .	-	3	Larceny from a conveyance, . . .	-	1
Bastardy, . . .	-	1	Larceny from a building, . . .	-	3
Being a breaker and disturber of the peace, . . .	-	1	Larceny from the person, . . .	1	4
Being a pilferer, . . .	-	1	Libel, . . .	-	1
Bestiality, . . .	-	2	Liquor nuisance, . . .	-	1
Bigamy, . . .	-	1	Malicious mischief, . . .	-	3
Breaking and entering, . . .	3	148	Manslaughter, . . .	2	28
Breaking, entering, forgery, . . .	-	1	Murder, . . .	5	71
Breaking, entering, with intent to steal, . . .	2	6	Murder, accessory to, . . .	-	1
Breaking, entering, larceny, . . .	2	46	Nonpayment of fine, . . .	-	2
Breaking, entering, receiving stolen goods, . . .	-	1	Nonsupport of family, . . .	-	6
Breaking, entering, with intent to commit arson, . . .	-	1	Obtaining money under false pretences, . . .	-	4
Breaking glass, . . .	-	1	Perjury, . . .	-	2
Burning building, . . .	-	3	Polygamy, with assault to murder, . . .	-	1
Burglary, . . .	-	3	Polygamy and adultery, . . .	-	1
Carrying a loaded revolver, . . .	-	1	Rape, . . .	-	19
Common drunkard, . . .	-	32	Rape and robbery, . . .	-	1
Conspiracy, . . .	-	1	Rape, incest, . . .	-	1
Counterfeiting, . . .	-	1	Robbery, . . .	2	35
Criminal advertising, . . .	-	1	Receiving stolen goods, . . .	-	2
Criminal habit, . . .	-	8	Sodomy, . . .	-	7
Cruelty to animals, . . .	-	2	Stealing, . . .	-	2
Cutting wood in public park, . . .	-	1	Stoning railroad train, . . .	-	1
Delinquent child, . . .	-	1	Stubbornness, . . .	-	7
Desecrating cemetery, . . .	-	1	Stubborn child, . . .	-	2
Disorderly, . . .	-	8	Theft, . . .	-	3
Disturbing the peace, . . .	2	11	Threatening to do bodily harm, . . .	-	2
Disturbing peace and destroying building, . . .	-	1	Torturing a cow, . . .	-	1
			Tramp, . . .	21	61
			Vagrancy, . . .	41	440
			Unknown, . . .	-	25
			Totals, . . .	134	1,612

TABLE NO. 17. — *Showing the Movement of Cases for the Year ending Sept. 30, 1910.*

	Remaining Oct. 1, 1909.	Received during the Year.	Dismissed during the Year.	Remaining Sept. 30, 1910.
State Prison cases, . . . . .	126	18	6	138
House of correction cases, . . . .	150	27	13	164
Massachusetts Reformatory cases, .	33	8	3	38
Court cases, . . . . .	59	5	6	58
State Farm, prison cases, . . . .	215	79	36	258
Transfers, criminal habit, . . . .	16	4	2	18
Jails, . . . . .	14	5	6	13
Non-criminal, . . . . .	21	—	—	21
Totals, . . . . .	634	146 <sup>1</sup>	72	708

<sup>1</sup> Includes 7 on visit Sept. 30, 1910, and nominally admitted for discharge.

TABLE NO. 18. — *Relations of Sentences of the Criminal Cases remaining Sept. 30, 1910.*

Undergoing 3 to 6 months sentence, . . . . .	2
6 to 12 months sentence, . . . . .	18
1 to 2 years sentence, . . . . .	64
2 to 5 years sentence, . . . . .	13
5 to 10 years sentence, . . . . .	21
10 to 15 years sentence, . . . . .	11
15 to 20 years sentence, . . . . .	10
20 to 25 years sentence, . . . . .	1
25 to 35 years sentence, . . . . .	2
50 to 55 years sentence, . . . . .	1
life sentence, . . . . .	32
indeterminate sentence, . . . . .	3
Court cases, . . . . .	71
Sentences expired, . . . . .	427
Unascertained, . . . . .	32
Total, . . . . .	708



FIFTY-EIGHTH ANNUAL REPORT  
OF  
THE TRUSTEES  
OF  
THE STATE FARM  
AT  
BRIDGEWATER,  
INCLUDING THE  
REPORTS OF THE SUPERINTENDENT AND OF  
THE MEDICAL DIRECTOR,  
FOR THE  
YEAR ENDING NOVEMBER 30, 1911.



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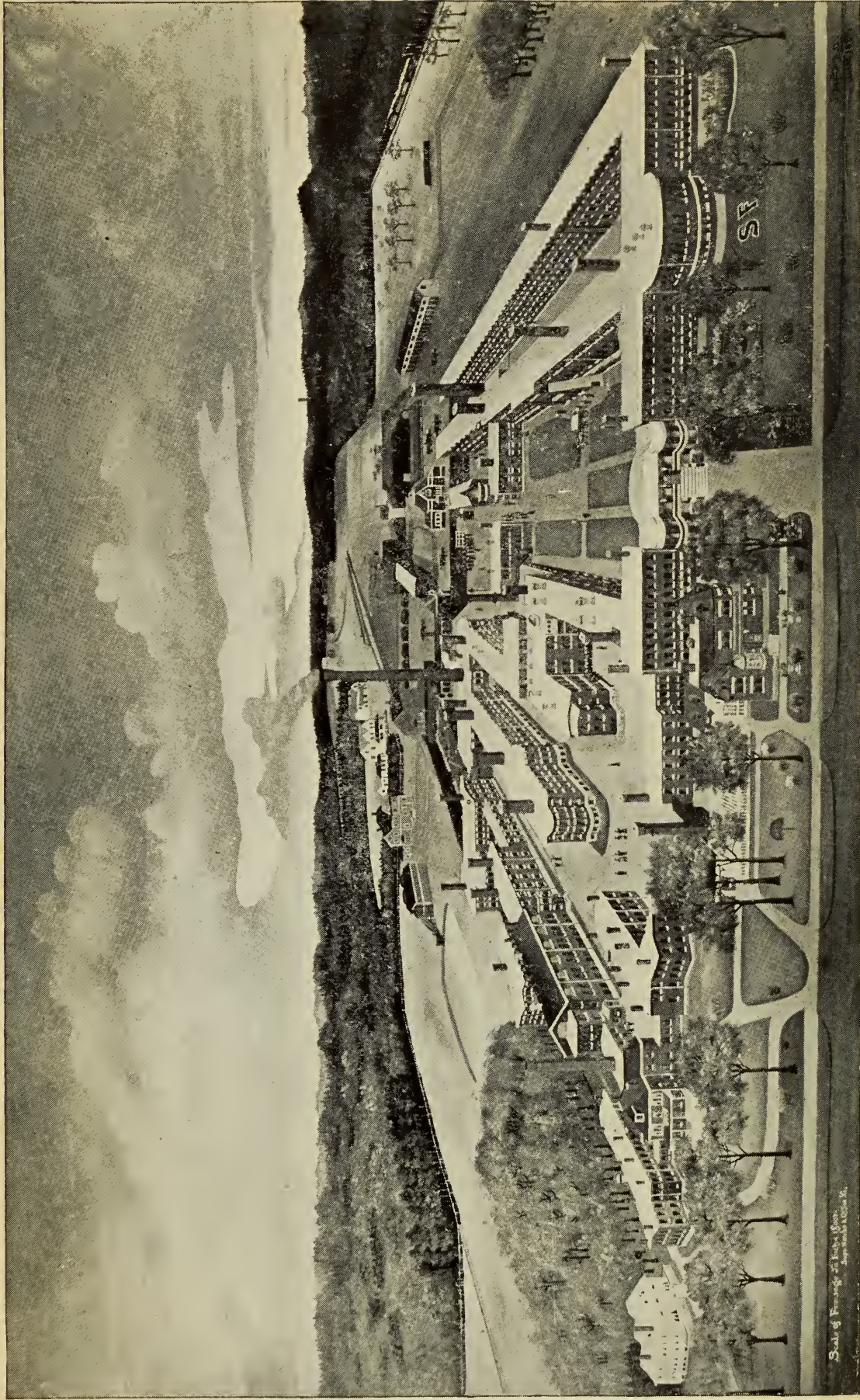








MASSACHUSETTS STATE FARM.



State of Massachusetts. Department of Public Safety. August 1, 1900.

CRIMINAL INSANE DEPARTMENT.

HOSPITAL AND ADMINISTRATION.

WORKHOUSE DEPARTMENT.



FIFTY-EIGHTH ANNUAL REPORT

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STATE HOUSE BOSTON

*Mass. officials*

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# STATE FARM,

BRIDGEWATER.

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DANIEL FISKE JONES, M.D.,	.	.	.	.	BOSTON.



# The Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

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## TRUSTEES' REPORT.

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*To His Excellency the Governor and the Honorable Council.*

\* As required by law, the trustees of the State Infirmary and the State Farm herewith submit their fifty-eighth annual report as to the condition of the State Farm for the year ending Nov. 30, 1911. Appended to our report, and made a part thereof, are the reports made to us by the superintendent of the institution and by the resident physician and medical director, together with statistical tables submitted by these officers. These reports furnish a summary and an itemized statement of the work of the institution in its several departments. The financial survey shows at what exceptionally low cost to the State treasury this service has been rendered.

By the provisions of chapter 553 of the Acts of 1911 the General Court appropriated \$331,000 for the maintenance of the institution for the fiscal year covered by this report. The tables accompanying the reports of our officers give a classified and detailed account of the expenditures authorized and approved by the trustees.

During the year under review there has been expended for salaries, wages and labor the sum of \$95,967.62, and for other current expenses \$235,031.64, a total of \$330,999.26.

The average number of inmates for the year was 2,660, or 248 more than for the previous year. The average number of inmates rose from 1,337 in 1900 to 2,412 in 1910. This would be an average annual increase of 107.5. But the increase of the year now reported was 248, as above stated.



The highest number under care at one time was 2,787, and the smallest number was 2,526. The total number of admissions and commitments was 5,620, against 5,037, the record of the previous year. The number of persons discharged was 5,508. The average per capita cost has been \$2.40 per week, as against \$2.55 last year.

The law requires an annual inventory of the real and personal property connected with the State Farm and belonging to the Commonwealth. Such an inventory has been taken by Harrison L. House, of Hanover, whose statement, showing a valuation of \$1,615,162.14, is presented as part of our report.

The General Court made no appropriation for enlargement and improvement of plant at its session of 1911. What special construction work has been done during the year has been the carrying forward toward completion of construction provided for and begun from appropriations previously made. This work, as reported a year ago, included additional prison quarters, with a building for the use of officers, — these together constituting a quadrangle enclosing an attractive prison yard, — and a storehouse which constitutes a part of a prison wall, and with the workshops provides for an enlarged and beautified interior open area. The enlarged prison dining room has been connected with the kitchen and bakery by a subway crossing the yard.

Within the enclosed yard of the asylum there have been erected strong buildings of peculiar construction for persons needing special safeguarding, and another for persons requiring hospital care. These are connected with one another and with the older asylum buildings by subways. These will soon be ready for occupancy.

The woman's prison building is receiving a small extension on the west, to which is likely to be added a corresponding one on the east, these to be completed with money already appropriated. The trustees invite particular attention to what the superintendent says in his report as to the singular and even unprecedented economy of construction at the State Farm.

In a statement as to the results of the farm and other industries, to provide for institution need, the trustees refer to the

report of the superintendent, and to that of the medical director, the latter showing, in some detail, the realization of the hope of the trustees with regard to the cultivation of land within the large walled enclosure adjacent to the asylum. At some future time we hope for the enlargement of this enclosed area, as heretofore recommended.

We commend to the special notice of your honorable body what the superintendent has to say as to the contribution of the State Agricultural College to the State Farm through skilled advice from members of its faculty. The enlargement of our productive area, which has been a noteworthy feature of the history of the institution, has been continued during the year. The employment of prisoners in farm work has afforded a striking example, of which penologists throughout the country have taken note, and from which they have learned valuable lessons.

As to the future, the trustees ask for certain special appropriations as follows: —

First, a new chapel. That in use at present was made to accommodate a much smaller population than we now have, and is inadequate for present need, but it is susceptible of enlargement by taking a portion of the old prison. The inmates from both workhouse and almshouse departments have attended the same service. Since the majority of the alms population are too infirm to attend this chapel on account of distance it is suggested that provision be made for them at the almshouse. The superintendent estimates that these additions can be made at no greater cost than the suggested new structure across the street, and the upkeep of heat and light would be much less and the convenience of operation far better.

The other recommendations relate to our water supply. With the enlarged and ever enlarging population to be supplied we need the enlargement of our filtration plant and of our pumping power. For this purpose we ask a moderate appropriation. Referring to our report for the previous year as to the danger of the contamination of our water supply, that is, of the Taunton River above our intake, by the sewage of the towns of Bridgewater and Middleborough, we feel that the security of the

future requires us to look for some other source of supply; we therefore ask for a small appropriation to enable us to explore within our own area, to see if we can secure a supply by deep-driven wells. We endorse the recommendation of the superintendent respecting the appointment of chaplains.

Under the singularly wise and strong administration of Hollis M. Blackstone, the superintendent, under whose eye every building in the institution has been planned and constructed, effectively supported as he has been by the enlarged executive force, the institution, ever enlarging, has also advanced toward an improved performance of its function in behalf of the State and of the various classes of persons committed to its care. The trustees endorse what the superintendent has said regarding the work of J. Arthur Taylor, master, in the handling of the prison population and in the development of its varied industries.

Loyally supported in the execution of his plans by his executive staff, the heads of departments, the medical staff and by the large body of attendants, the administration of Superintendent Blackstone at the head of the largest State institution the trustees believe to be worthy of the highest commendation.

The most difficult part of the complex work done at the State Farm is that within what is denominated the Bridgewater State Hospital. The survey of the work therein done has been made in the report of the medical director. This department suffered the loss of its head in the resignation of Dr. Alfred E. Elliott, which took effect near the end of the institution year. Dr. Elliott had long been a part of the medical force of the institution. After having served for years on the hospital side he was transferred to the asylum work, as the assistant of Dr. Charles A. Drew, whose successor he later became, and so continued until his resignation to go into private practice. A skilled physician, he also became a trained observer of the vagaries of disordered minds and minister to their needs.

When it became necessary to fill the vacancy occasioned by the loss of Dr. Elliott, the superintendent and trustees looked over the field of available men and finally called Dr. Ernest B.



Emerson, then superintendent of the North Reading State Sanatorium, who had been called to that place from the assistant superintendency of the State Infirmary, and who was therefore well known to the trustees. We believe ourselves fortunate in his acceptance of our call. The judgment which resulted in the call has been confirmed by our observation of his work during the short time since he accepted it.

Thus this Board of trust submits to the executive which gave it its commission its account of its stewardship for another year.

JOHN B. TIVNAN,  
ANNA F. PRESCOTT,  
PAYSON W. LYMAN,  
LEONARD HUNTRESS,  
JOSEPH A. SMART,  
EMERY M. LOW,  
HELEN R. SMITH,

*Trustees.*

## SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

---

*To the Trustees of the State Farm.*

I respectfully submit the following as my report for the year ending Nov. 30, 1911.

The annual round-up of statistics reveals the same old story of institution growth or increased numbers. Succinctly stated there has been supported an average of 248 more inmates than last year, and last year showed about the same relative increase over the previous year, and so it has been an annual increase ever since 1883, when the institution registers recorded the presence of only 157. Realization that an added population of 248 is greater than the aggregate of some half dozen of our smaller county institutions, greater than several single State institutions, and over a 10 per cent. growth of this one, invites more consideration of the fact than merely recording the figures. The increase has been as follows: 188 in the prison, 56 in the insane, and 4 in the alms departments. There can be no doubt that exhaustive research would disclose that alcoholic excess is responsible for a very high per cent. of the increase. To prevent, check or cure intemperance is the same old discouraging problem. The reforms have been sporadic and generally short-lived. No world-wide or country-wide agitation or invasion against the dreadful disease or vice has ever been made. Now and then a State has enacted prohibitory measures, but they don't "hold water," — not enough to fully quench our thirst. The expresses and physician's prescriptions, tolerated by a lax public sentiment, practically nullify the measures. If prohibition does not prevent drinking, then, like no-license, it simply adds to the toppers' inconvenience. Men still, under either plan, obtain and drink liquors to excess and acutely suffer thereby, notwithstanding the elaborate laws undertaking



to govern and control it. No form of statute law will ever prevent intemperance. Nothing but the education of our children can prevent the excesses and abuses of alcoholic drinking. It is unmistakable that there is a slow but certain awakening to the importance of the child relation to this problem. The leaders in social work, charity, penology, clergymen of all faiths, teachers and all agencies for child protection, realize more and more that the battle against this disease and vice must be fought on preventive lines with the youth, but it will take time, — generations perhaps. Meantime how can we better handle the ills we have? My experience and observation has been extensive and wholly with the unfortunates who are paying the penalty of excesses and abuses of alcoholic indulgence. Moreover, the observation was compulsory, depressing and discouraging as it was. I had to observe it whether I would or not. The colossal waste in this awful problem is the most serious and impressive lesson of the experience, — the waste of man, physical, moral and spiritual; the waste of substance and power; and most distressing of all, the filial waste of love and affection, to say nothing of the waste of lawful kinship.

Condemnation of the traffic is common and sometimes honest, but it doesn't produce results. Why not attack it on business principles at the fiscal or commercial end? What if 50 per cent. of the extortionate profit of the sales could be legally and forcibly conserved as a beneficiary fund for the support of those whom it has made dependent upon charity? There would be no record of increase in this or other institutions maintained for the support and care of those who fall as victims of the destroying traffic and the myriads of helpless innocents the drunkard has sworn to protect. Call it an income tax and it's no misnomer. Suppose each investor in drink made a double ante of the normal price, — the excess conserved for the same charitable purpose, we would have little use for almshouses except for the worthy poor, or prisons except for felonies. May we call it inequitable and unfair? It's a case of those who dance paying the fiddler. If we don't dance we don't pay. The claim of the inherent right of personal liberty is not denied, met and paid for. The beer drinker can well afford to chip the

second nickle for the help of those who mayhap should have had his first one, and the sooner the real boozier goes broke the better for all concerned. Wine drinkers at \$3.50 per bottle would rapidly cancel prison and charity bonds and assure velvet extras for the sinking fund, — a new form of sinking in the problem.

We might as well attack the use of tobacco as the use of alcoholic drink in moderation. The custom antedates the common law, and has always defied and beaten it.

What per cent. of us could honestly and worthily wear a teetotaler's button? But if every dollar expended exacted another, as a "want and misery tax," the button business would boom.

To make the liquor traffic a preventive of pauperism and waste, its cash registers the depository of enforced savings for charity, operated by expert civil service bartenders, with adequate sureties, is possible for 1915.

Not to be radical or visionary, but to evolve good from evil, is the spirit of the suggestion offered in all candor as progressive and sincere.

The number returned for violation of parole has been 1,068, or nearly 22 per cent. of 4,961 committed, — an increase of 4 per cent. Three years ago I urgently recommended a stronger supervision of our after care or probation work. The State Board requested an appropriation for salary and expenses for a supervision of this work. The request was refused. I again urge that this important service should be taken up. I am convinced that there are both needless and heedless returns, — not in the act of returning, but the neglected oversight which culminates in their return. This often begins in the very act of release. "Everybody's business is nobody's." This is somewhat true in the matter of release; not enough is known of the conditions the probationer will go into; too often his own declaration is accepted. To properly supervise and foreknow by correspondence or visitation something of his immediate future, is a work not done because there is nobody to do it, nor can any one man do it. The discharges for the past year have averaged 16 daily, and not infrequently as high as 25 to 30, when a



holiday and Sunday connect. In connection with this service I can see full employment for the leisure of two chaplains, who can co-operate with a supervisor appointed by the Board, in surrounding the released men and women with a real, sincere after care. The men too often regard their contract to report to the agent as a mere perfunctory duty with little or no honor involved. I said last year that I believed the vital work of the churches was being done by the visiting clergymen; but if this after care can be taken up as a part of their spiritual work, and the inmates made to feel that their religious influence is helping and following them to a fuller recovery of manhood, a great work will be done.

The recorded religious professions of our inmates are  $\frac{4}{5}$  Catholic and  $\frac{1}{5}$  Protestant. I see no reason why our school work could not be done by the Protestant chaplain as a fair division of the uneven religious duty. Several cases of drunkenness have been released conditioned upon their assent to take the pledge to abstain from drink. There has been some discussion as to the advisability of making this step a stock-in-trade condition. Most of us would assent to such condition if it were the missing link in our freedom. I think such a step should be no part of his contract; he would use it as a selfish coercion. The obligation is too sacred to use in a light or stereotype manner. Such an act should be surrounded by impressive religious conviction, if possible, and should be administered by clergymen of their faith if we expect the pledges to be binding. He may be stimulated by suggestion, but the act must be voluntary and not dishonored by coercion. In view of this need I recommend that we appoint a Catholic chaplain and a Protestant chaplain, who may not only discharge the religious duties of their church heretofore done by visiting clergymen, but take up such additional duty as we may assign in the school and after care or probation work. If this recommendation is fulfilled we shall hope and anticipate better results in the extended work. Nevertheless, it is attended with much regret that our former association with the visiting clergymen will be supplanted by the new order, and I can hardly do so without paying tribute to their fidelity to serve their un-

fortunate brother with a spiritual consolation none other can give. We are under especial obligations to all who have assisted in the religious work, — notably so to Rev. L. B. Codding, who is now serving his sixth year, and to Father John P. Sullivan, lately removed to a higher call in Salem, whose wise counsel has been most helpful in the proposed change. His successor, Father Murphy, bids fair to accentuate the regret.

At the risk of incurring the charge of “swelled heads,” I am bound to say that those of us charged with the responsibilities of this the State’s largest public institution, — who have borne the burden and sweat of the day, and every day, never felt more optimistic of its work and conditions than during the present year. My statement of last year, that “freedom from serious and fatal epidemic or accident, good order in the ranks of the inmates, who have been responsive to wholesome and humane requirements of service and discipline, and our official body, helpful in sharing the responsibility, earnest and faithful in their specific arrangements, — all make for peace and good will with our wards,” was true then, and emphatically so now. Year by year we have redeemed from waste many acres of this almost sterile land and brought it up to a state of cultivation far surpassing the expectations of all. Intelligent conception and comprehensive operations, if not scientific, have produced creditable results. Year by year, also, we have expanded in the employment of our labor in this health-giving open field work, trusting to the innate manhood of our wards for co-operative response, never so extensive or more satisfactory than this year. The readiness with which the vamp cutter, heel maker, spinner and weaver, artisan, clerk and loafer, even, adopt this work, as well as the common laborer, is an inspiration in itself. Who can estimate the tonic effect of these alcoholics getting next to the God of nature, — the ground, the open air, the sunshine, — and what better antidote for the insidious poison than this treatment? What more can the subcutaneous needle with its nameless charge do, or the cure by ethical culture and suggestion? To administer these a diploma is required, — ours, none needed. The one costs \$2.50 per week, the others \$5 and up. As God’s noblest work is



man, so man's noblest work is honest toil; not all in the fields, to be sure, but throughout our entire plant, light, air and sunshine are most efficiently and abundantly supplied at whatever assignment he labors. Health and hygiene have been paramount in the conception and studies of this plant, and its efficiency and cost cannot be matched in this country, and the great number of institution experts who have visited us admit it, and credit the fact. Nothing in the institution census of our country reveals anything like it for low capital cost, considering its efficiency and permanence. Taking the 1910 appraisal of every item of State property in which public money is invested, and dividing it by the number of inmates and employees housed and cared for, gives \$524 per capita investment. Taking land, buildings, machinery and all permanent fixtures, — omitting live stock, products, implements, stock in trade and stock on hand (such as is usually called personal property in an estate), — taking the realty as the basis and dividing by the capacity, we have a capital investment of \$390 per capita. Every habitable building, except official houses, is practically fireproof, and nearly all are absolutely unburnable. They have successfully resisted the vicious firebug and the exposures of the careless and accidental. A holocaust is impossible. Their detail is the epitome of simplicity, and their quality enduring; nothing for ostentation or display; the heating and ventilation of the best, and for quality of service unsurpassed for economic operation. This plant stands unparalleled as a monument to the applied efficiency of inmate labor, with a subnormal expenditure for skilled labor and architects' fees. The plans are our own, and for the most part made in our office with only the aid of our builders and a journeyman draughtsman. That the conception, erection and development of this institution represents twenty-eight years, — practically my life's work, — is my apology for sounding my horn at this crossing.

Much of our equipment and all of our furniture for the new wards and officers' quarters have been home made except iron beds. The master, Mr. Taylor, in early years a skilled mechanic, has made great progress in promoting industrial variety.



In addition to his regular routine duty of physical management he has developed the hand-loom work, so that more than our home consumption of certain lines are already produced. It has been our aim to produce every conceivable article we can for institution use. We hope to find an inter-institution market for any excess of goods we can make, — also in furniture. His studies for the past two years in the recovery of waste, often side-tracked in the miscellaneous junk, grease, scrap and bone, has been most interesting, and good results are obtained in the by-products of soap, refined grease and fertilizers. The rag pile and junk heap have been riddled with refinement; much of it recovered as a by-product for service in other necessary articles, and the balance put into commercial grades and sold for their market value. These operations are important, also, as exploiting a field for occupation and labor which cannot be employed on the farm.

It is not presumption, but the naked truth, that our State Farm has been the active influential example in the open farm work for prisons. It has set the country going at rapid pace in similar development; but it must be realized that our New England climate will not support it as a one-idea proposition. Not less than three months of winter the farm is pretty nearly out of commission, and at no time is it practical or possible to work all prison labor on the farm; other employment must be furnished. It is more true in the prison than anywhere else that "idleness is the Devil's workshop." Loafing outside the "bakery" is a graduate course in degeneration. The labor world is protesting production by prison labor. Make any change of the system you wish, but do not prohibit or deny industrial activity to a penalized brother, — it is fallacious in theory and will be fatal in practice.

Notwithstanding the unprecedented heat and scorching drouth of midsummer, the farming products are fairly successful. Hay, feed crops and early truck suffered severely, and some 40 acres of spring grass seeding was lost. For weeks the obstinate weather man had his way, and it was all one way, — the poor farmer couldn't get even a respectable fall of dew. This region never had such a serious drouth; but happily the

rains came soon enough and copious enough to revive the later crops of corn, beans, roots and fruit, and the compensating law of averages finds our bunkers and cellars well filled with the later harvest.

The farmers, gardeners and herdsman upon whom we must depend for the success of this large interest have co-operated thoroughly and efficiently. The practical, wise and helpful counsel of the Agricultural College professors has been of great value. Much has been done in way of experiment, — for instance, the mixing and application of commercial fertilizers. More than half has been compounded, mixed and ground as wanted, with most promising results. It has been suggested, and perhaps it is our duty, to give some of the promising graduates an opportunity to come here and ripen their theoretical knowledge by practice and observation in practical farming. Our State and city hospitals give the opportunity for graduates in medicine to practice and observe in their chosen calling, and I see no reason why this, and other large State institutional farms, should not offer the same privilege to graduates in agriculture. There is a great opportunity for the matured practical college farmer, — such a man as we were in quest of for several years. It would be an added burden for the few, but an undoubted benefit to the many pot-luck farmers who cannot afford the expense and errors of an undigested, half-baked science and theory on a farm which is their sole dependence for family support.

Redundant official acknowledgments are too often a bouquet of form without the vital touch of humanity. Permit me to escape the charge and assure you all of deep obligation, never so great as the year ending.

Respectfully submitted,

H. M. BLACKSTONE,  
*Superintendent.*

BRIDGEWATER, Dec. 1, 1911.

## TREASURER'S REPORT.

*To the Trustees of the State Farm.*

I respectfully submit the following report of the finances of this institution for the fiscal year ending November 30, 1911:—

### CASH ACCOUNT.

Balance Dec. 1, 1910, . . . . .	\$12,706 15
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### *Receipts.*

#### *Institution Receipts.*

#### Board of inmates:—

Reimbursements, insane, . . . . .	\$411 00	
Other reimbursements, charitable (collected by State Treasurer), . . . . .	1,034 40	
		\$1,445 40

#### Salaries, wages and labor:—

Labor of employees, . . . . .		28 77
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#### Sales:—

Food, . . . . .	\$17 70	
Furnishings, . . . . .	11 00	
Heat, light and power, . . . . .	172 10	
Miscellaneous, . . . . .	706 74	
Farm, stable and grounds:—		
Cows and calves, . . . . .	90 00	
Pigs and hogs, . . . . .	881 50	
Hides, . . . . .	103 04	
Wood, . . . . .	7 50	
Sundries, . . . . .	164 00	
		2,153 58

#### Miscellaneous receipts:—

Interest on bank balances, . . . . .	\$300 34	
Sundries, . . . . .	984 67	
		1,285 01

Sales account industries fund, . . . . .	4,912 76
	12,119 91

### *Receipts from Treasury of Commonwealth.*

#### Maintenance appropriations:—

Balance of 1910, . . . . .	\$7,273 60	
Advance money (amount on hand November 30), . . . . .		20,000 00
Approved schedules of 1911, . . . . .	\$302,495 50	
Less returned, . . . . .	43 00	
		302,452 50

Special appropriations, . . . . .	329,726 10
Industries fund, approved schedules, . . . . .	52,492 07
	13,136 30

Total, . . . . .	\$425,093 29
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*Payments.*

## To treasury of Commonwealth: —

Institution receipts, . . . . .	\$3,878 36	
Other reimbursements, charitable (collected by State Treasurer), . . . . .	1,034 40	
	<hr/>	\$4,912 76
Industries fund, . . . . .		12,119 91

## Maintenance appropriations: —

Balance November schedule, 1910, . . . . .	\$19,979 75	
Eleven months' schedules, 1911, . . . . .	302,452 50	
November advances, . . . . .	15,576 98	
	<hr/>	338,009 23

## Special appropriations: —

Approved schedules, . . . . .		52,492 07
Industries fund, approved schedules, . . . . .		13,136 30

## Balance Nov. 30, 1911: —

In bank, . . . . .	\$2,248 69	
In office, . . . . .	2,174 33	
	<hr/>	4,423 02

Total, . . . . .		\$425,093 29
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## MAINTENANCE.

Appropriation, . . . . .	\$331,000 00
Expenses (as analyzed below), . . . . .	330,999 26

Balance reverting to treasury of Commonwealth, . . . . .	\$0 74
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*Analysis of Expenses.*

## Salaries, wages and labor: —

General administration, . . . . .	\$32,829 81	
Medical service, . . . . .	7,083 32	
Ward service (male), . . . . .	32,715 51	
Ward service (female), . . . . .	2,230 66	
Repairs and improvements, . . . . .	5,056 50	
Farm, stable and grounds, . . . . .	16,051 82	
	<hr/>	\$95,967 62

## Food: —

Butter, . . . . .	\$260 69	
Butterine, . . . . .	3,822 85	
Beans, . . . . .	2,524 59	
Bread and crackers, . . . . .	130 73	
Cereals, rice, meal, etc., . . . . .	1,067 27	
Cheese, . . . . .	197 11	
Eggs, . . . . .	8 40	
Flour, . . . . .	29,448 68	
Fish, . . . . .	4,503 72	
Fruit (dried and fresh), . . . . .	1,485 48	
Meats, . . . . .	36,001 27	
	<hr/>	

Amounts carried forward, . . . . .	\$79,450 79	\$95,967 62
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<i>Amounts brought forward,</i>		\$79,450 79	\$95,967 62
<b>Food — <i>Con.</i></b>			
Milk,		524 69	
Molasses and syrup,		2,042 98	
Sugar,		4,378 85	
Tea, coffee, broma and cocoa,		3,873 13	
Vegetables,		2,345 54	
Sundries,		1,582 26	
			94,198 24
<b>Clothing and materials: —</b>			
Boots, shoes and rubbers,		\$2,590 14	
Dry goods for clothing and small wares,		14,630 77	
Furnishing goods,		2,884 68	
Hats and caps,		368 05	
Leather and shoe findings,		5,792 23	
Sundries,		41 19	
			26,307 06
<b>Furnishings: —</b>			
Beds, bedding, table linen, etc.,		\$7,707 10	
Brushes, brooms,		925 85	
Carpets, rugs, etc.,		27 64	
Crockery, glassware, cutlery, etc.,		820 14	
Furniture and upholstery,		127 50	
Kitchen furnishings,		364 76	
Wooden ware, buckets, pails, etc.,		328 38	
Sundries,		1,237 93	
			11,539 30
<b>Heat, light and power: —</b>			
Coal,		\$31,106 87	
Electricity,		144 74	
Oil,		1,572 34	
Sundries,		342 85	
			33,166 80
<b>Repairs and improvements: —</b>			
Brick,		\$236 80	
Cement, lime and plaster,		570 33	
Electrical work and supplies,		1,900 20	
Hardware,		1,544 11	
Lumber,		2,501 78	
Machinery, etc.,		4,668 29	
Paints, oil, glass, etc.,		1,998 93	
Plumbing, steam fitting and supplies,		2,473 46	
Roofing and materials,		228 60	
Sundries,		1,366 08	
			17,488 58
<b>Farm, stable and grounds: —</b>			
Blacksmith and supplies,		\$1,034 18	
Carriages, wagons, etc., and repairs,		105 00	
Fertilizers, vines, seeds, etc.,		7,999 26	
Hay, grain, etc.,		11,825 34	
<i>Amounts carried forward,</i>		\$20,963 78	\$278,667 60



<i>Amounts brought forward,</i>	\$20,963 78	\$278,667 60
<b>Farm, stable and grounds — <i>Con.</i></b>		
Harnesses and repairs, . . . . .	251 88	
Horses, . . . . .	860 00	
Other live stock, . . . . .	651 35	
Tools, farm machines, etc., . . . . .	1,346 94	
Sundries, . . . . .	843 36	
	<hr/>	24,917 31
<b>Miscellaneous: —</b>		
Books, periodicals, etc., . . . . .	\$315 28	
Chapel services and entertainments, . . . . .	943 00	
Freight, expressage and transportation, . . . . .	4,698 94	
Funeral expenses, . . . . .	214 00	
Gratuities, . . . . .	7,137 75	
Hose, etc., . . . . .	181 79	
Medicines and hospital supplies, . . . . .	3,275 03	
Medical attendance, nurses, etc. (extra), . . . . .	96 10	
Postage, . . . . .	515 44	
Printing and printing supplies, . . . . .	122 44	
Printing annual report, . . . . .	215 62	
Return of runaways, . . . . .	132 50	
Soap and laundry supplies, . . . . .	1,932 01	
Stationery and office supplies, . . . . .	1,263 18	
Travel and expenses (officials), . . . . .	501 02	
Telephone and telegraph, . . . . .	611 17	
Tobacco, . . . . .	3,191 03	
Sundries, . . . . .	2,068 05	
	<hr/>	27,414 35
<b>Total expenses for maintenance,</b>		<hr/> \$330,999 26

## SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS.

Balance Dec. 1, 1910, . . . . .	\$93,402 86
Expended during the year (see statement annexed), . . . . .	\$52,492 07
Reverting to treasury of Commonwealth, . . . . .	2 38
	<hr/> 52,494 45
<b>Balance Nov. 30, 1911,</b>	<hr/> \$40,908 41

## RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES.

*Resources.*

Cash on hand, . . . . .	\$4,423 02
November cash vouchers (paid from advance money), . . . . .	15,576 98
Due from treasury of Commonwealth, account November, 1911, schedule, . . . . .	8,546 76
	<hr/> \$28,546 76

*Liabilities.*

Schedule of November bills, . . . . .	\$28,546 76
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PER CAPITA.

During the year the average number of inmates has been 2,660.

Total cost for maintenance, \$330,999.26.

Equal to a weekly per capita cost of \$2.393.

Receipts from sales, \$2,182.35.

Equal to a weekly per capita of \$0.015.

All other institution receipts, \$2,730.41.

Equal to a weekly per capita of \$0.019.

## INDUSTRIES FUND.

Balance Dec. 1, 1910,	\$14,716	24
Receipts for the year from manufacture,	12,119	91
	<hr/>	
Total,	\$26,836	15
Expended during the year,	13,136	30
	<hr/>	
Balance Nov. 30, 1911,	\$13,699	85

Special Appropriations.

OBJECT.	Act or Resolve.	Whole Amount.	Expended during Fiscal Year.	Expended to Date.	Balance at End of Year.
Laundry building, . . . . .	Acts 1907, chap. 555	\$6,000 00	\$508 56	\$6,000 00	—
Furnishings for industrial building, . . . . .	Acts 1907, chap. 555	5,000 00	—	3,147 97	\$1,852 03
Attendants' building, . . . . .	Acts 1907, chap. 555	10,000 00	518 37	9,999 99	01 <sup>1</sup>
Painting, pumps and general repairs, . . . . .	Res. 1908, chap. 137	7,500 00	997 15	7,497 63	2 37 <sup>1</sup>
Duplicate pumping plant, . . . . .	Res. 1908, chap. 146	9,000 00	638 72	8,510 99	489 01
Prison addition, . . . . .	Acts 1909, chap. 522	81,000 00	20,529 41	74,313 07	6,686 93
Criminal insane building, . . . . .	Acts 1909, chap. 522	90,000 00	28,177 92	61,369 33	28,630 67
Water tower, . . . . .	Acts 1909, chap. 522	7,500 00	—	6,736 13	763 87
Cold storage, . . . . .	Res. 1909, chap. 111	5,000 00	—	4,153 60	846 40
Freight storage, . . . . .	Res. 1910, chap. 145	1,200 00	—	—	1,200 00
Electric power at stone crusher, . . . . .	Res. 1910, chap. 145	1,400 00	960 50	960 50	439 50
Storehouse, . . . . .	Res. 1910, chap. 145	1,800 00	161 44	1,800 00	—
		\$225,400 00	\$52,492 07	\$184,489 21	\$40,908 41

<sup>1</sup> Reverting to treasury of the Commonwealth.

Respectfully submitted,

HENRY J. STRANN,

Treasurer.

Examined and found correct as compared with the records in the office of the Auditor of the Commonwealth.

WARREN A. MERRILL,

Assistant Supervisor of Accounts;

## STATISTICS.

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The whole number of inmates remaining Dec. 1, 1910, was as follows:—

Male prisoners, . . . . .	1,359	
Female prisoners, . . . . .	145	
Male paupers, . . . . .	349	
Female paupers, . . . . .	1	
Male insane, . . . . .	719	
	<hr style="width: 10%;"/>	2,573

Number of admissions and commitments from Dec. 1, 1910, to Nov. 30, 1911, inclusive:—

Male prisoners, . . . . .	4,351	
Female prisoners, . . . . .	610	
Male paupers, . . . . .	533	
Female paupers, . . . . .	20	
Male insane, . . . . .	106	
	<hr style="width: 10%;"/>	5,620

Number discharged from Dec. 1, 1910, to Nov. 30, 1911, inclusive:—

Male prisoners, . . . . .	4,269	
Female prisoners, . . . . .	608	
Male paupers, . . . . .	544	
Female paupers, . . . . .	19	
Male insane, . . . . .	68	
	<hr style="width: 10%;"/>	5,508

Number remaining Nov. 30, 1911:—

Male prisoners, . . . . .	1,441	
Female prisoners, . . . . .	147	
Male paupers, . . . . .	338	
Female paupers, . . . . .	2	
Male insane, . . . . .	757	
	<hr style="width: 10%;"/>	2,685

Of the number discharged, 144 have been by death:—

Prisoners, . . . . .	35	
Paupers, . . . . .	90	
Insane, . . . . .	19	
	<hr/>	144
Average number during the year, . . . . .	2,660	
Largest number during the year, . . . . .	2,787	
Smallest number during the year, . . . . .	2,526	
Average number of prisoners, . . . . .	1,571	
Average number of paupers, . . . . .	349	
Average number of insane, . . . . .	740	
	<hr/>	2,660

ADMISSIONS.

	PRISONERS.		PAUPERS.		INSANE.	TOTALS.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Males.	Females.
<b>1910.</b>							
December, . . .	385	59	59	2	4	448	61
<b>1911.</b>							
January, . . .	308	47	48	5	15	371	52
February, . . .	307	35	150	1	10	470	33
March, . . .	349	47	26	2	13	388	49
April, . . .	315	37	20	0	4	339	37
May, . . .	436	54	25	1	12	473	55
June, . . .	364	63	23	2	4	391	65
July, . . .	338	41	26	2	9	372	43
August, . . .	451	60	41	0	12	504	60
September, . . .	415	73	33	0	7	454	73
October, . . .	340	49	31	1	2	373	50
November, . . .	343	45	51	4	14	408	49
Totals, . . .	4,351	610	533	20	106	4,990	630

NATIVITY OF INMATES ADMITTED.

Massachusetts, . . . . .	2,394
Ireland, . . . . .	1,450
British Provinces, . . . . .	503
England, . . . . .	275
New York, . . . . .	140
Maine, . . . . .	136
New Hampshire, . . . . .	88
Scotland, . . . . .	71
Rhode Island and Connecticut, 57 each, . . . . .	114
Sweden, . . . . .	49
Vermont, . . . . .	47
Russia, . . . . .	43
Pennsylvania, . . . . .	27



Germany and Italy, 26 each, . . . . .	52
New Jersey, . . . . .	20
Cape Verde Islands, . . . . .	17
Finland, . . . . .	16
Virginia, . . . . .	13
Austria, . . . . .	11
Greece and Poland, 10 each, . . . . .	20
Illinois and Wales, 9 each, . . . . .	18
Maryland, France and Norway, 8 each, . . . . .	24
California and unknown, 7 each, . . . . .	14
Ohio and Azores Islands, 6 each, . . . . .	12
Michigan, North Carolina and Portugal, 5 each, . . . . .	15
District of Columbia, . . . . .	4
Alabama, Iowa, Denmark and West Indies, 3 each, . . . . .	12
Georgia, Minnesota, Mississippi, South Carolina, Tennessee, Belgium, Holland, Hungary, Syria and Turkey, 2 each, . . . . .	20
Delaware, Florida, Indiana, Louisiana, North Dakota, Texas, Wisconsin, Armenia, Assyria, Atlantic Ocean, Bermuda, Cuba, Madeira Islands, Spain and Switzerland, 1 each, . . . . .	15
	<hr/> 5,620

## COURTS FROM WHICH PRISONERS WERE RECEIVED.

Boston Municipal, . . . . .	1,440
Returned from probation, . . . . .	1,068
Roxbury Municipal, . . . . .	273
Lowell Police, . . . . .	199
Boston Superior, . . . . .	129
Lawrence Police, . . . . .	121
East Boston District, . . . . .	104
Chelsea Police and Cambridge District, 103 each, . . . . .	206
New Bedford District, . . . . .	96
Worcester District, . . . . .	89
Dorchester Municipal, . . . . .	81
Brockton Police, . . . . .	80
Charlestown Municipal, . . . . .	78
Taunton District, . . . . .	62
Fall River District, . . . . .	52
Malden District, . . . . .	49
Dedham District, . . . . .	48
Salem District, . . . . .	47
Lynn Police and Westfield District, 46 each, . . . . .	92
Northampton District, . . . . .	43
Attleborough District, . . . . .	40
South Boston Municipal, . . . . .	35

Woburn District, . . . . .	34
Springfield Police and Quincy District, 32 each, .	64
Pittsfield District, . . . . .	30
Newton Police, . . . . .	27
Holyoke Police, . . . . .	26
Cambridge Superior, . . . . .	23
Somerville Police and Waltham District, 21 each, .	42
Brighton Municipal, . . . . .	20
Worcester Superior, . . . . .	19
Lynn District, . . . . .	16
Leominster District, . . . . .	15
Concord District, . . . . .	14
Abington District, . . . . .	12
Stoughton and Walpole District, 10 each, . . .	20
Marlborough Police and North Adams District, 9 each, . . . . .	18
West Roxbury Municipal and Greenfield District, 8 each, . . . . .	16
Taunton Superior and Peabody Trial Justice, 7 each, . . . . .	14
Plymouth Superior, Middleborough and Southbridge District, 6 each, . . . . .	18
Brookline Municipal, Brookfield, Franklin, Haverhill and Milford District, 5 each, . . . . .	25
Salem and Springfield Superior, Chicopee, Fitch- burg and Lee Police, Ayer, Hingham and Palmer District, Andover and Methuen Trial Justice, 4 each, . . . . .	40
Barnstable, Dedham and Northampton Superior, Clinton, Framingham and Gloucester District and Hudson Trial Justice, 3 each, . . . . .	21
Plymouth and Webster District and Marblehead Trial Justice, 2 each, . . . . .	6
Pittsfield Superior, Newburyport Police, Adams, Harwich, Maynard, Oak Bluffs, Rockland and Waltham District and Natick Trial Justice, 1 each, . . . . .	9

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 4,961

## CRIMES OF PRISONERS.

Drunkenness, . . . . .	4,272
Vagrancy, . . . . .	419
Tramps, . . . . .	90
Idle and disorderly, . . . . .	80
Escape from State Farm, . . . . .	20
Nonsupport, . . . . .	9

Common nightwalkers, . . . . .	9	
Escape from State Infirmary, . . . . .	8	
Larceny, . . . . .	7	
Vagabonds, . . . . .	7	
Lewdness, . . . . .	6	
Escape from Prison Camp and Hospital, . . . . .	5	
Unlawfully riding on freight car, . . . . .	4	
All others, . . . . .	25	
	<hr/>	4,961

## SENTENCES OF PRISONERS.

Indeterminate, one year, . . . . .	3,222	
Indeterminate, two years, . . . . .	645	
Nine months (returned from probation), . . . . .	655	
Five months (returned from probation), . . . . .	188	
Fifteen months (returned from probation), . . . . .	24	
All others, . . . . .	227	
	<hr/>	4,961

Of the number of prisoners admitted, 2,792 had been admitted previously, as follows:

Second time, . . . . .	573	
Third time, . . . . .	590	
Fourth time, . . . . .	417	
Fifth time, . . . . .	273	
Sixth time, . . . . .	216	
Seventh time, . . . . .	138	
Eighth time, . . . . .	144	
Ninth time, . . . . .	106	
Tenth time, . . . . .	72	
Eleventh time, . . . . .	54	
Twelfth time, . . . . .	49	
Thirteenth time, . . . . .	31	
Fourteenth time, . . . . .	24	
Fifteenth time, . . . . .	22	
Sixteenth time, . . . . .	20	
Seventeenth time, . . . . .	17	
Eighteenth time, . . . . .	15	
Nineteenth time, . . . . .	13	
Twentieth time, . . . . .	7	
Twenty-first time, . . . . .	4	
Twenty-second time, . . . . .	3	
Twenty-eighth time, . . . . .	3	
Thirtieth time, . . . . .	1	
	<hr/>	2,792

## TOWNS, ETC., FROM WHICH PAUPERS HAVE BEEN RECEIVED.

Fall River, . . . . .	117
State Infirmary, . . . . .	111
Brockton, . . . . .	110
New Bedford, . . . . .	73
Quincy, . . . . .	27
Bridgewater, . . . . .	26
Taunton, . . . . .	23
Attleborough, . . . . .	15
Middleborough, . . . . .	9
Prison department, . . . . .	9
Wareham, . . . . .	6
Carver, . . . . .	3
Halifax, . . . . .	3
Boston, . . . . .	2
Duxbury, . . . . .	2
East Bridgewater, . . . . .	2
Rochester, . . . . .	2
Athol, . . . . .	1
Braintree, . . . . .	1
Hanover, . . . . .	1
Hanson, . . . . .	1
Hingham, . . . . .	1
Lakeville, . . . . .	1
Marion, . . . . .	1
Norton, . . . . .	1
Raynham, . . . . .	1
Walpole, . . . . .	1
West Bridgewater, . . . . .	1
Weymouth, . . . . .	1
Whitman, . . . . .	1

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## HOSPITALS, JAILS, ETC., FROM WHICH INSANE PATIENTS HAVE BEEN RECEIVED.

Prison department, . . . . .	55
State Prison, . . . . .	15
Superior Court, . . . . .	7
Massachusetts Reformatory, . . . . .	5
New Bedford House of Correction, . . . . .	4
Cambridge House of Correction, . . . . .	3
Lawrence House of Correction, . . . . .	3
Barnstable House of Correction, . . . . .	2
Dedham House of Correction, . . . . .	2

Deer Island House of Correction, . . . .	2
Salem House of Correction, . . . .	2
Plymouth House of Correction, . . . .	1
Springfield House of Correction, . . . .	1
Lowell Jail, . . . .	1
Salem Jail, . . . .	1
Danvers State Hospital, . . . .	1
State Infirmary, . . . .	1
	<hr/>



VALUATION.

Land, . . . . .	\$69,470 00	
Buildings, . . . . .	1,105,800 00	
		<hr/>
		\$1,175,270 00
Provisions and groceries, . . . . .		15,662 52
Clothing and clothing materials, . . . . .		54,157 96
Furnishings, . . . . .		105,251 79
Heat, light and power, . . . . .		15,027 87
Repairs and improvements:—		
Machinery and mechanical fixtures, . . . . .	\$126,560 67	
All other property, . . . . .	2,082 93	
		<hr/>
		128,643 60
Farm, stable and grounds:—		
Live stock, . . . . .	\$32,103 28	
Produce of farm, . . . . .	46,274 30	
Carriages and agricultural imple-		
ments, . . . . .	25,481 60	
All other property, . . . . .	6,033 33	
		<hr/>
		109,892 51
Miscellaneous, . . . . .		11,255 89
		<hr/>
		\$1,615,162 14

LIST OF LIVE STOCK.

33 work horses.	3 bulls.
3 horses (express and freight).	196 hogs.
7 driving horses.	210 shoats.
8 pairs oxen.	113 pigs.
94 cows.	36 breeding sows.
6 two-year-old heifers.	3 boars.
15 yearling heifers.	205 hens.
15 heifer calves.	1,342 chickens.

## PRODUCTS OF FARM.

361 tons hay.	2,915 bushels white egg turnips.
69 tons second crop.	317 bushels beans.
82 tons oats.	30 bushels field corn.
46 tons pumpkins.	91 bushels pears.
28 tons squash.	56,585 heads cabbage.
582 bushels onions.	9,200 bunches celery.
10,730 bushels potatoes.	1,266 barrels apples.
6,705 bushels mangels.	31 barrels vinegar.
1,110 bushels yellow globes.	175 tons ice.
3,220 bushels table beets.	470 cords manure.
1,890 bushels carrots.	85 cords hard wood.
990 bushels parsnips.	480 tons ensilage.
3,900 bushels ruta bagas.	240 tons green feed.
428 bushels flat turnips.	

HOSPITAL REPORT.

To the Trustees of the State Farm.

I hereby submit the report of the State Farm hospital for the year ending Nov. 30, 1911.

Number in the hospital Dec. 1, 1910, . . . . .	158
Admitted during the year, . . . . .	955
Total under treatment, . . . . .	1,113
Discharged during the year, . . . . .	845
Died during the year, . . . . .	125
	970
Remaining in the hospital Nov. 30, 1911, . . . . .	143

The tables show that 138 more cases were admitted than last year, that 195 more received treatment, and that there were 27 more deaths. There were 20 deaths from tuberculosis, 17 from pneumonia, 13 from cerebral hemorrhage and 17 from organic heart disease, The remaining causes of death are fairly well scattered among the other diseases treated. Of those who died, 83 were between fifty and eighty years of age, and there were 9 over eighty years of age. Thirty-five deaths were from the prison department and 90 from the almshouse. There were 6 cases of typhoid fever, with 1 death.

Further details will be found in the statistical tables which are a part of this report.

Respectfully,

ERNEST B. EMERSON,  
Resident Physician.



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# HOSPITAL TABLES.

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## HOSPITAL TABLES.

TABLE No. 1.—*Hospital Report.*

Number in hospital Dec. 1, 1910, . . . . .	158	
Admitted during year, . . . . .	955	
Total under treatment, . . . . .	—	1,113
Discharged during year, . . . . .	845	
Died during year, . . . . .	125	
	—	970
Remaining in hospital Nov. 30, 1911, . . . . .		143

TABLE No. 2.—*Monthly Admissions, Discharges and Deaths.*

	Admitted.	Discharged.	Died.
<b>1910.</b>			
December, . . . . .	90	73	10
<b>1911.</b>			
January, . . . . .	94	92	8
February, . . . . .	85	74	15
March, . . . . .	92	81	16
April, . . . . .	77	67	11
May, . . . . .	71	62	5
June, . . . . .	60	59	7
July, . . . . .	69	61	6
August, . . . . .	106	89	11
September, . . . . .	79	74	14
October, . . . . .	60	53	10
November, . . . . .	72	60	12
Totals, . . . . .	955	845	125

TABLE NO. 3. — *Ages of Patients on Admission.*

	Under 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 and Over.
<b>1910.</b>								
December, . . .	1	10	18	17	24	14	6	—
<b>1911.</b>								
January, . . .	—	12	19	18	20	17	8	—
February, . . .	2	9	21	22	15	9	6	1
March, . . .	1	12	24	18	17	15	3	2
April, . . .	—	11	17	18	16	10	2	3
May, . . .	—	9	13	17	13	15	4	—
June, . . .	1	10	19	16	5	5	3	1
July, . . .	—	3	18	15	12	16	4	1
August, . . .	—	12	25	25	27	13	3	1
September, . . .	2	6	21	22	10	15	3	—
October, . . .	1	8	20	11	10	7	3	—
November, . . .	—	12	24	19	11	5	1	—
Totals, . . .	8	114	239	218	180	141	46	9

TABLE NO. 4. — *Tabulated Report of Cases in the Hospital at the Beginning of the Year.*

DISEASES.	No. of Cases.	Recovery.	Improved.	Unimproved.	Died.
Abscess, jaw, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Alcoholism, . . . . .	2	2	-	-	-
Asthma, . . . . .	5	-	3	2	-
Asthma and myocarditis, chronic, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Bronchitis, chronic, . . . . .	9	-	6	3	-
Bronchitis, chronic, and senility, . . . . .	3	-	-	-	3
Bubo, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Carcinoma, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-
Chancroid, . . . . .	3	3	-	-	-
Concussion, brain, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Constipation, acute, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Cystitis, chronic, . . . . .	2	-	2	-	-
Cystitis, chronic, and senility, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Debility, . . . . .	8	-	6	2	-
Dementia, senile, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Diarrhœa, acute, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Eczema, . . . . .	2	1	1	-	-
Epilepsy, . . . . .	3	-	1	2	-
Epithelioma, lip, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Epithelioma and senility, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Fracture, clavicle, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Fracture, femur, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Fracture, leg, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Hemiplegia, . . . . .	2	-	-	2	-
Hemorrhage, cerebral, . . . . .	6	-	2	-	4
Hemorrhoids, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Hypostatic congestion, lungs, and senility, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Incontinence, urine, . . . . .	2	-	2	-	-
Infection, arm, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Infection, leg, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Infection, neck, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Influenza, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Lead poisoning, . . . . .	1	-	1	-	-
Locomotor ataxia, . . . . .	2	-	-	1	1
Lumbago, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Myocarditis, chronic, . . . . .	2	-	-	1	1
Myocarditis, chronic, and bronchitis, chronic, . . . . .	2	-	-	-	2
Myocarditis, chronic, and cystitis, chronic, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Nephritis, chronic interstitial, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-
Organic brain disease, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Organic heart disease, . . . . .	13	-	6	5	2
Paraplegia, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-
Paraplegia, ataxic, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Paresis, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-
Pleurisy, acute plastic, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Pneumonia, lobar, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Pneumonia, lobar, and rheumatism, chronic, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Pneumonia, lobar and senility, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Rheumatism, acute articular, . . . . .	2	2	-	-	-
Rheumatism, chronic, . . . . .	5	-	2	3	-
Senility, . . . . .	16	-	-	16	-
Sprain, ankle, . . . . .	3	3	-	-	-
Strangulated hernia, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Syphilis, secondary, . . . . .	5	-	5	-	-
Trauma, eye, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Trauma, shoulder, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Tuberculosis, pulmonary, . . . . .	19	-	6	5	8
Tuberculosis, spine, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Typhoid fever, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Ulcer, leg, . . . . .	6	4	2	-	-
Totals, . . . . .	158	35	44	45	34

TABLE NO. 5.—*Tabulated Report of Cases treated in the Hospital, admitted during Year ending Nov. 30, 1911.*

DISEASES.	No. of cases.	Recovery.	Improved.	Unimproved.	Died.
Abscess, anal, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Abscess, axillary, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Abscess, back, . . . . .	4	4	-	-	-
Abscess, face, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Abscess, jaw, . . . . .	6	6	-	-	-
Abscess, knee, . . . . .	2	2	-	-	-
Abscess, knee, and diarrhœa, chronic, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Abscess, thigh, and senility, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Adenitis, tubercular, . . . . .	1	-	1	-	-
Alcoholism, . . . . .	99	98	-	-	1
Alcoholism and trauma, eye, . . . . .	2	2	-	-	-
Alcoholism and trauma, head, . . . . .	3	3	-	-	-
Amputation, foot, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Amputation, thumb, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Amputation, toe, . . . . .	2	2	-	-	-
Anæmia, pernicious, . . . . .	2	-	-	-	2
Angina pectoris, . . . . .	1	-	1	-	-
Appendicitis, acute, . . . . .	6	6	-	-	-
Appendicitis and peritonitis, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Asphyxia, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Asthma, . . . . .	13	-	10	3	-
Asthma and myocarditis, chronic, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Bronchitis, acute, . . . . .	15	15	-	-	-
Bronchitis, chronic, . . . . .	19	-	16	3	-
Bronchitis, chronic, and senility, . . . . .	2	-	-	-	2
Bronchitis, chronic, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Broncho-pneumonia, . . . . .	2	-	-	-	2
Broncho-pneumonia and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Bubo, . . . . .	6	6	-	-	-
Bullet wound, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Burn, arm, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Burn, foot, . . . . .	2	2	-	-	-
Calculus, urinary, . . . . .	2	2	-	-	-
Carbuncle, neck, . . . . .	3	2	1	-	-
Carcinoma, liver, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Carcinoma, stomach, . . . . .	2	-	-	-	2
Chancroid, . . . . .	4	4	-	-	-
Cirrhosis, liver, . . . . .	2	-	-	-	2
Cirrhosis, liver, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Concussion, brain, . . . . .	2	2	-	-	-
Conjunctivitis, acute, . . . . .	6	6	-	-	-
Constipation, acute, . . . . .	15	15	-	-	-
Cystitis, chronic, . . . . .	5	-	5	-	-
Debility, . . . . .	35	15	13	7	-
Dementia, primary, . . . . .	9	-	-	9	-
Dementia, senile, . . . . .	10	-	-	9	1
Dermatitis, . . . . .	2	2	-	-	-
Dermatitis venenata, . . . . .	2	2	-	-	-
Diabetes mellitus, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	-
Diarrhœa, acute, . . . . .	26	26	-	-	-
Diarrhœa, chronic, and senility, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Dislocation, clavicle, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Dislocation, fingers, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Dislocation, shoulder, . . . . .	2	2	-	-	-
Dysentery, acute catarrhal, . . . . .	5	4	-	-	1
Dysentery, acute catarrhal, and alcoholism, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Eczema, . . . . .	3	2	1	-	-
Epilepsy, . . . . .	13	-	8	3	2
Epistaxis, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Epithelioma, lip, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-
Erysipelas, . . . . .	4	4	-	-	-
Fistula, anal, . . . . .	5	4	-	1	-
Fracture, arm, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Fracture, clavicle, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Fracture, fibula, . . . . .	2	2	-	-	-
Fracture, leg, . . . . .	3	2	1	-	-
Fracture, radius, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Fracture, ribs, . . . . .	3	3	-	-	-



TABLE NO. 5. — *Tabulated Report of Cases treated in the Hospital, admitted during Year ending Nov. 30, 1911 — Continued.*

DISEASES.	No. of Cases.	Recovery.	Improved.	Unimproved.	Died.
Fracture, thigh, . . . . .	2	2	-	-	-
Frost bite, feet, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Frost bite, toes, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Furuncle, . . . . .	2	2	-	-	-
Gangrene, lung, and bronchitis, chronic, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Gastritis, acute, . . . . .	12	12	-	-	-
Gastritis, acute, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Gastritis, acute, and senility, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Gastritis, alcoholic, . . . . .	8	8	-	-	-
Gastritis, chronic, . . . . .	1	-	1	-	-
Gastritis, chronic, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Gonorrhœa, acute, . . . . .	2	2	-	-	-
Heat exhaustion, . . . . .	5	5	-	-	-
Hemiplegia, . . . . .	3	-	1	2	-
Hemorrhage, cerebral, . . . . .	18	-	7	2	9
Hemorrhoids, . . . . .	7	7	-	-	-
Hernia, strangulated, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Hysteria, . . . . .	1	-	1	-	-
Incontinence, urine, . . . . .	1	-	1	-	-
Infected arm, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Infected foot, . . . . .	7	7	-	-	-
Infected hand, . . . . .	3	3	-	-	-
Infected leg, . . . . .	3	3	-	-	-
Influenza, . . . . .	76	76	-	-	-
Insanity, manic-depressive, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-
Intestinal obstruction and senility, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Iritis, . . . . .	6	6	-	-	-
Laceration, thumb, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Laceration, wrist, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Locomotor ataxia, . . . . .	4	-	-	3	1
Lumbago, . . . . .	11	11	-	-	-
Lupus, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-
Malaria, . . . . .	27	27	-	-	-
Meningitis, tubercular, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Morphinism, . . . . .	2	-	2	-	-
Mushroom-poisoning, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Myocarditis, chronic, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Myocarditis, chronic, and bronchitis, chronic, . . . . .	2	-	-	-	2
Nephritis, chronic interstitial, . . . . .	2	-	-	1	1
Nephritis, chronic parenchymatous, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Neuritis, alcoholic, . . . . .	3	2	1	-	-
Orchitis, acute, . . . . .	3	3	-	-	-
Organic brain disease, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Organic brain disease and bronchitis, chronic, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Organic heart disease, . . . . .	21	-	10	4	7
Organic heart disease and dementia, senile, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Paralysis agitans, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Paraphimosis, . . . . .	2	2	-	-	-
Paraplegia, spastic, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-
Paresis, . . . . .	2	-	-	2	-
Parotitis, . . . . .	8	8	-	-	-
Phimosis, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Pleurisy, acute plastic, . . . . .	9	8	1	-	-
Pleurisy, acute plastic, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	2	-	-	-	2
Pleurisy, with effusion, and senility, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Pneumonia, lobar, . . . . .	37	30	-	-	7
Pneumonia, lobar, and meningitis, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Pneumonia, lobar, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Pneumonia, lobar, and senility, . . . . .	5	-	-	-	5
Psoriasis, . . . . .	1	-	1	-	-
Retention, urine, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Rheumatism, acute articular, . . . . .	13	13	-	-	-
Rheumatism, chronic, . . . . .	17	-	15	2	-
Rheumatism, muscular, . . . . .	7	4	3	-	-
Sarcoma, neck, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Scabies, . . . . .	4	4	-	-	-
Sciatica, . . . . .	2	2	-	-	-
Senility, . . . . .	14	-	-	14	-

TABLE NO. 5. — *Tabulated Report of Cases treated in the Hospital, admitted during Year ending Nov. 30, 1911 — Concluded.*

DISEASES.	No. of cases.	Recovery.	Improved.	Unimproved.	Died.
Septicæmia and hypostatic congestion, lungs, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Spasm, œsophagus, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Sprain, ankle, . . . . .	3	3	-	-	-
Sprain, knee, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Sprain, wrist, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Stab wound, . . . . .	2	1	1	-	-
Stomatitis, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Syphilis, secondary, . . . . .	14	-	14	-	-
Tenia, . . . . .	2	2	-	-	-
Tonsillitis, acute catarrhal, . . . . .	10	10	-	-	-
Tonsillitis, follicular, . . . . .	10	10	-	-	-
Trauma, ankle, . . . . .	3	3	-	-	-
Trauma, back, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Trauma, elbow, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Trauma, eye, . . . . .	2	2	-	-	-
Trauma, fingers, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Trauma, foot, . . . . .	6	6	-	-	-
Trauma, hand, . . . . .	2	2	-	-	-
Trauma, head, . . . . .	3	3	-	-	-
Trauma, leg, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Trauma, neck, . . . . .	3	3	-	-	-
Trauma, side, . . . . .	2	2	-	-	-
Trauma, wrist, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Tuberculosis, general miliary, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Tuberculosis, kidney, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Tuberculosis, pulmonary, . . . . .	62	-	30	23	9
Typhoid fever, . . . . .	6	4	1	-	1
Ulcer, back, . . . . .	1	1	-	-	-
Ulcer, bowel, and constipation, chronic, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
Ulcer, cornea, . . . . .	3	3	-	-	-
Ulcer, leg, . . . . .	44	34	10	-	-
Urticaria, . . . . .	3	3	-	-	-
Totals, . . . . .	955	615	157	92	91

TABLE NO. 6. — *Deaths, 1910-11.*

Abscess, knee, and diarrhœa, chronic, . . . . .	1
Abscess, thigh, and senility, . . . . .	1
Alcoholism, . . . . .	1
Anæmia, pernicious, . . . . .	2
Appendicitis and peritonitis, . . . . .	1
Asthma and myocarditis, chronic, . . . . .	2
Bronchitis, chronic, and senility, . . . . .	5
Bronchitis, chronic, and valvular heart disease, . . . . .	1
Broncho-pneumonia, . . . . .	2
Broncho-pneumonia and valvular heart disease, . . . . .	1
Carcinoma, liver, and valvular heart disease, . . . . .	1
Carcinoma, stomach, . . . . .	2

TABLE NO. 6. — *Deaths, 1910-11* — Continued.

Cirrhosis, liver, . . . . .	2
Cirrhosis, liver, and valvular heart disease, . . . . .	1
Cystitis, chronic, and senility, . . . . .	1
Dementia, senile, . . . . .	2
Diabetes mellitus, . . . . .	1
Diarrhœa, chronic, and senility, . . . . .	1
Dysentery, acute catarrhal, . . . . .	1
Dysentery, acute catarrhal, and alcoholism, . . . . .	1
Epilepsy, . . . . .	2
Epithelioma and senility, . . . . .	1
Gangrene, lung, and bronchitis, chronic, . . . . .	1
Gastritis, acute, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1
Gastritis, acute, and senility, . . . . .	1
Gastritis, chronic, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1
Hemorrhage, cerebral, . . . . .	13
Hernia, strangulated, . . . . .	2
Hypostatic congestion, lungs, and senility, . . . . .	1
Intestinal obstruction and senility, . . . . .	1
Locomotor ataxia, . . . . .	2
Meningitis, tubercular, . . . . .	1
Myocarditis, chronic, . . . . .	2
Myocarditis, chronic, and bronchitis, chronic, . . . . .	4
Myocarditis, chronic, and cystitis, chronic, . . . . .	1
Nephritis, chronic interstitial, . . . . .	1
Nephritis, chronic parenchymatous, . . . . .	1
Organic brain disease, . . . . .	2
Organic brain disease and bronchitis, chronic, . . . . .	1
Organic heart disease, . . . . .	9
Organic heart disease and dementia, senile, . . . . .	1
Paralysis agitans, . . . . .	1
Paraplegia, ataxic, . . . . .	1
Pleurisy, acute plastic, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	2
Pleurisy, with effusion, and senility, . . . . .	1
Pneumonia, lobar, . . . . .	8
Pneumonia, lobar, and meningitis, . . . . .	1
Pneumonia, lobar, and organic heart disease, . . . . .	1
Pneumonia, lobar, and rheumatism, chronic, . . . . .	1

TABLE No. 6. — *Deaths, 1910-11* — Concluded.

Pneumonia, lobar, and senility, . . . . .	6
Sarcoma, neck, . . . . .	1
Septicæmia, and hypostatic congestion, lungs, . . . . .	1
Tuberculosis, general miliary, . . . . .	1
Tuberculosis, kidney, . . . . .	1
Tuberculosis, pulmonary, . . . . .	17
Tuberculosis, spine, . . . . .	1
Typhoid fever, . . . . .	1
Ulcer, bowel, and constipation, chronic, . . . . .	1
Total, . . . . .	125

Deaths are classified as follows: —

Prisoners, . . . . .	35
Alms, . . . . .	90
Total, . . . . .	125

TABLE No. 7. — *Ages.*

	Under 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 and Over.	Total.
Deaths, . . . . .	2	9	10	12	22	35	26	9	125

TABLE NO. 8. — *Showing Number of Patients in Hospital Each Day, Dec. 1, 1910, to Nov. 30, 1911.*

DAY OF MONTH.	1910.	1911.										
	December.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.
1, . . .	115	142	148	134	132	130	130	127	127	130	128	130
2, . . .	119	144	146	135	131	129	120	129	129	135	128	121
3, . . .	121	148	139	136	130	131	120	121	129	135	129	122
4, . . .	121	145	135	138	133	131	121	121	135	136	128	123
5, . . .	124	142	138	137	136	120	123	120	138	128	133	125
6, . . .	126	144	132	133	131	120	126	114	139	133	132	123
7, . . .	127	138	121	121	135	120	120	117	127	131	133	123
8, . . .	127	138	121	121	138	120	121	117	128	132	136	125
9, . . .	127	140	126	126	138	120	126	118	132	134	137	126
10, . . .	125	139	130	130	135	122	129	113	134	135	130	126
11, . . .	126	132	133	133	137	123	129	115	131	127	131	129
12, . . .	124	137	134	134	135	121	131	115	134	130	132	128
13, . . .	123	138	137	124	136	121	135	119	137	133	131	128
14, . . .	113	142	129	123	131	124	128	119	139	130	124	132
15, . . .	120	142	132	127	132	117	129	112	130	134	137	135
16, . . .	118	145	135	123	131	123	130	113	134	135	130	134
17, . . .	125	137	138	122	128	126	124	116	132	134	131	137
18, . . .	124	136	136	124	128	127	123	118	130	135	130	133
19, . . .	124	139	137	125	130	124	126	122	134	138	130	133
20, . . .	126	133	132	125	130	125	127	123	136	126	131	132
21, . . .	129	135	134	129	132	125	124	120	140	129	131	132
22, . . .	134	137	133	122	135	126	124	121	135	132	131	127
23, . . .	130	136	133	125	136	119	125	122	140	133	131	127
24, . . .	130	141	137	126	134	125	128	123	140	134	126	131
25, . . .	131	139	130	129	133	125	128	126	143	136	126	133
26, . . .	132	143	130	129	141	130	131	124	137	131	125	135
27, . . .	119	151	136	132	130	129	132	126	136	132	125	139
28, . . .	116	148	137	122	132	129	128	127	135	131	128	138
29, . . .	118	147	—	122	132	126	130	123	130	126	128	139
30, . . .	121	144	—	124	132	127	131	124	134	129	129	143
31, . . .	124	144	—	129	—	127	—	125	134	—	131	—



## STATE FARM,

BRIDGEWATER.

## BRIDGEWATER STATE HOSPITAL.

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## CONSULTING PATHOLOGIST.

EDWARD WYLLYS TAYLOR, M.D.,	. . . . .	BOSTON.
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## HOSPITAL REPORT.

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*To the Trustees of the State Farm.*

I hereby submit the annual report of the Bridgewater State Hospital for the year ending Nov. 30, 1911.

The accompanying statistical tables which are a part of this report are for the year ending Sept. 30, 1911.

The credit for a successful hospital year belongs to the former medical director, Dr. Alfred Elliott, and his assistants, the present incumbent having been appointed Oct. 1, 1911.

As in former years, the statistics show the usual annual increase in population. During the five-year period, 1902-06, the average number of admissions per year was 88. During the five-year period, 1907-11, the average yearly number of admissions was 119, an average increase of 31 patients per year. The average number of dismissals for the corresponding five-year periods are 64 and 75 respectively.

It will be noted that the proportion of dismissals during the five-year period just ended has not kept pace with the admissions. As an explanation it is found that the admissions during this period show a smaller proportion of cases which may be classified as acute, consequently there has been a falling off in the number of recovered cases. During the years 1902-06 there were 68 patients discharged as recovered. From 1907-11 there were 54 patients discharged as recovered.

These facts throw some light on the cause of an ever-increasing and permanent population.

The year opened with 708 patients and closed with 744. The daily average number of persons under treatment was 726, an increase of 65 over that of last year. During the year 107 patients have been admitted. Ninety of these, or 84 per cent., may be classified as chronic or incurable cases, whose term of residence is likely to be years rather than months. That some

of those classified as acute may become chronic and possibly permanent charges is quite probable. Seventy-eight patients have been dismissed within the year. Of those dismissed, 14 were discharged as recovered, 6 capable of self-support, 4 as improved, 3 were transferred to other institutions, and 9 failed to return from visit.

The percentage of recoveries for the year 1911, based on the total number under treatment, is 1.71 per cent. The per cent., based on the number of admissions for the year, is 13. During the year there have been 20 deaths, representing 2.43 per cent. of the total number receiving treatment. Seventeen of these were the result of the following organic and chronic diseases: cerebral hemorrhage, 3; general paralysis of the insane, 7; senile dementia, 1; organic brain disease, 2; pulmonary tuberculosis, 1; arteriosclerosis, 1; organic heart disease, 2. There was 1 death from typhoid fever, a patient who had been an inmate of the hospital for nine years. The source of infection is not apparent. No other cases occurred. There were 2 suicides, 1 by hanging, the other by strangulation with a piece of cloth. Both of these were fully reported at the time to your Board and the State Board of Insanity. The general health of the patients and attendants has been good throughout the year.

Entertainments, furnished by the patients from time to time, have been well attended and duly appreciated. It is planned to continue with these as in the past, and in addition, to employ occasional outside talent.

A daily average of 35 men have been employed on the farm during the past year. The benefit derived from this occupation is manifest in the greatly improved physical and mental health of our patients, many of whom have taken a keen interest in this work, as the results obtained may indicate. Many of the bushes and vines set out in previous years are now yielding an abundance of fruit which is highly appreciated by all. There have been harvested during the year 3,345 boxes of strawberries, 116 boxes of currants, 50 quarts of raspberries, 2,017 quarts of blackberries, 110 bushels of peas, 3,840 heads of lettuce, 112 bushels of onions, 150 bushels of turnips, 2,379 dozen cucumbers, 285 bushels of string beans, 160 bushels

of greens, 244 bushels of tomatoes, 1,842 dozen ears sweet corn, 265 bushels shell beans, 549 dozen musk melons, 243 dozen watermelons.

Other patients have been employed about the grounds and buildings doing many repairs, such as grading, painting, glazing, etc.

The new hospital and strong building which will be ready for occupancy early in the winter will enable us to make a more complete classification of our patients than has been possible in the past. It is hoped that the further classification will solve some of the difficulties with which we are now contending.

Dr. A. J. Nugent resigned in January to enter private practice. Dr. John H. Weller, who had served for two years in the State Farm Prison department, was appointed to fill the vacancy. Dr. Cyril G. Richards, formerly of the Long Island Hospital, Boston, has been appointed assistant physician.

We are indebted to our friends for the many donations of books and magazines. These gifts are appreciated to a far greater degree in many instances than would be the case were our charges living under more normal conditions. They often afford the means by which a mind distressed by strange fancies may find relief.

The ministrations of the visiting clergymen who have at all times responded to the many demands made upon them is hereby acknowledged. The Protestant services have been in charge of the Rev. Mr. Coddington of Brockton, and the Rev. Mr. Tramner of Bridgewater. The Catholic services, for several years in charge of Rev. Father Sullivan, are now in charge of his successor, Rev. Father Murphy.

I desire to express my appreciation of the co-operation of the medical staff and other officers. For the many kindly suggestions and support of the superintendent and trustees I am duly grateful.

Respectfully,

ERNEST B. EMERSON,  
*Medical Director.*





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# HOSPITAL TABLES.

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## HOSPITAL TABLES.

TABLE NO. 1. — *General Statistics for the Year ending Sept. 30, 1911,  
and since the Opening of the Hospital Sept. 14, 1886.*

	During the Year.	Since Sept. 14, 1886.
Patients in hospital Oct. 1, 1910, . . . . .	708	—
Admitted within the year, . . . . .	114	1,977
Viz.: by commitment, . . . . .	106	1,434
by transfer, . . . . .	1	484
from escape, . . . . .	—	5
from visit, . . . . .	—	3
nominally at end of visit, . . . . .	7	52
Whole number of cases under treatment, . . . . .	822	1,964
Dismissed within the year, . . . . .	78	—
Viz.: discharged, . . . . .	44	—
as recovered, . . . . .	14	171
as capable of self support, . . . . .	6	96
as improved, . . . . .	4	26
as not improved . . . . .	16	183
as not insane, . . . . .	4	25
died, . . . . .	20	411
transferred, . . . . .	5	53
on escape Sept. 30, 1911, . . . . .	—	30
on visit Sept. 30, 1911, . . . . .	9	51

TABLE NO. 1. — *Concluded.*

	During the Year.	Since Sept. 14, 1886.
Remaining Sept. 30, 1911, . . . . .	744	—
Number of State patients, . . . . .	741	—
Number of reimbursing patients, . . . . .	3	—
Number of different persons under treatment within the year, . . . . .	— 814	— —
Number of different persons admitted, . . . . .	107	—
Number of different persons admitted by commit- ment, . . . . .	106	—
Number of different persons dismissed, . . . . .	65	—
Number of different persons recovered, . . . . .	14	—
Number of different persons discharged capable of self-support, . . . . .	6	—
Daily average, persons under treatment, . . . . .	726.4	—
Daily average, State patients, . . . . .	724.4	—
Daily average, reimbursing patients, . . . . .	2.00	—

TABLE NO. 2. — *Received on First and Subsequent Commitments during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1911.*

	Received during the Year.
First commitment to this hospital, . . . . .	105
Second commitment to this hospital, . . . . .	1
Third commitment to this hospital, . . . . .	1
Fourth commitment to this hospital, . . . . .	—
Total cases, . . . . .	107
Total persons, . . . . .	107
First commitment to any hospital, . . . . .	91

TABLE NO. 3. — *Nativity and Parentage of Persons first admitted to Any Insane Hospital, received during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1911, and since the Opening of the Hospital, Sept. 14, 1886.*

PLACES OF NATIVITY.	RECEIVED.					
	DURING THE YEAR.			SINCE SEPT. 14, 1886.		
	Patient.	Father.	Mother.	Patient.	Father.	Mother.
Massachusetts, . . . . .	29	9	11	615	130	128
Other New England States, . .	3	3	2	128	72	66
Other States, . . . . .	10	5	6	172	94	93
Total natives, . . . . .	42	17	19	915	296	287
Africa, . . . . .	—	—	—	2	2	2
Assyria, . . . . .	1	1	1	4	4	4
At sea, . . . . .	—	—	—	1	—	—
Armenia, . . . . .	1	—	—	4	3	3
Austria, . . . . .	—	—	1	13	10	10
Azores, . . . . .	—	—	—	14	10	10
Belgium, . . . . .	—	—	—	1	1	1
Canada, . . . . .	11	12	12	120	127	137
Cape Verde Islands, . . . . .	—	—	—	2	2	1
China, . . . . .	—	1	1	4	4	4
Denmark, . . . . .	—	—	—	8	2	2
England, . . . . .	3	6	5	78	68	59
Finland, . . . . .	—	—	—	2	2	2
France, . . . . .	—	—	—	8	9	6
Germany, . . . . .	1	4	2	10	19	18
Greece, . . . . .	4	4	4	16	16	16
Hungary, . . . . .	—	—	—	2	2	2
India, . . . . .	—	—	—	2	—	—
Ireland, . . . . .	9	22	26	276	453	459
Italy, . . . . .	9	9	9	83	75	74
Mexico, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	1	1
Morocco, . . . . .	—	—	—	1	—	—
Norway, . . . . .	—	—	—	3	2	2
Poland, . . . . .	1	1	1	13	13	12
Portugal, . . . . .	—	—	—	2	1	1
Russia, . . . . .	6	5	6	48	36	36
Scotland, . . . . .	1	5	1	16	21	20
South America, . . . . .	—	—	—	2	1	1
Spain, . . . . .	—	—	—	1	1	2
Sweden, . . . . .	1	1	1	21	16	15
Switzerland, . . . . .	—	—	—	1	1	1
Turkey, . . . . .	—	1	1	3	3	3
Wales, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	1	—
West Indies, . . . . .	1	2	1	8	5	6
Total foreigners, . . . . .	49	74	72	769	911	910
Unknown, . . . . .	—	—	—	88	565	575
Totals, . . . . .	91	91	91	1,772	1,772	1,772



TABLE NO. 4. — *Number of Patients received from the State Institutions for the Insane and Other Sources during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1911, and since the Opening of the Hospital Sept. 14, 1886.*

	RECEIVED.	
	During the Year.	Since Sept. 14, 1886.
From hospitals for the insane, . . . . .	1	485
From State Farm, pauper department, . . . . .	—	37
From State Farm, prison department, . . . . .	55	587
From State Prison, . . . . .	17	306
From Massachusetts Reformatory, . . . . .	8	129
From the courts, . . . . .	4	79
From the houses of correction, . . . . .	20	273
From jails, . . . . .	2	17
From jails awaiting trial, . . . . .	—	21
Returned from escape and given new numbers, . . . . .	—	5
Returned to the hospital by order of the Board of Insanity, . . . . .	—	4
Totals, . . . . .	107	1,943

TABLE NO. 5. — *Residence of Insane Persons, admitted by Commitment.*

PLACES.	First admitted to Any Hospital.	Other Admissions.	Totals.
Massachusetts (by counties): —			
Barnstable, . . . . .	2	—	2
Berkshire, . . . . .	2	1	3
Bristol, . . . . .	9	—	9
Essex, . . . . .	11	1	12
Franklin, . . . . .	—	—	—
Hampden, . . . . .	3	—	3
Hampshire, . . . . .	1	—	1
Middlesex, . . . . .	16	3	19
Norfolk, . . . . .	5	1	6
Plymouth, . . . . .	7	2	9
Suffolk, . . . . .	29	4	33
Worcester, . . . . .	6	3	9
Totals, . . . . .	91	15	106
Cities or large towns, <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	72	10	82
Country districts, <sup>2</sup> . . . . .	19	5	24
Unknown, . . . . .	—	—	—

<sup>1</sup> 10,000 population and over.

<sup>2</sup> Under 10,000.

TABLE NO. 6. — *Civil Conditions of Persons first admitted to Any Insane Hospital, received during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1911.*

Married, . . . . .	29
Single, . . . . .	60
Widowed, . . . . .	2
Unknown, . . . . .	—
Total, . . . . .	91

TABLE NO. 7. — *Occupation of Persons first admitted to Any Insane Hospital, received during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1911.*

Barber, . . . . . 2	Mill hand, . . . . . 3
Bartender, . . . . . 1	Morocco-dresser, . . . . . 1
Box-maker, . . . . . 1	Musician, . . . . . 1
Brass-turner, . . . . . 1	None, . . . . . 2
Carpenter, . . . . . 3	Painter, . . . . . 1
Clerk, . . . . . 2	Peddler, . . . . . 2
Cook, . . . . . 1	Publisher, . . . . . 1
Errand boy, . . . . . 3	Singer, . . . . . 1
Farmer, . . . . . 9	Shoemaker, . . . . . 6
Grocer, . . . . . 1	Tailor, . . . . . 3
Hostler, . . . . . 1	Teamster, . . . . . 9
Laborer, . . . . . 25	Tradesman, . . . . . 1
Leather-worker, . . . . . 1	Trunkmaker, . . . . . 1
Laundryman, . . . . . 1	Waiter, . . . . . 1
Machinist, . . . . . 2	Weaver, . . . . . 3
Miller, . . . . . 1	Total, . . . . . 91

TABLE NO. 8. — *Ages of Insane at First Attack, Admission and Death.*

AGES.	FIRST ADMITTED TO ANY HOSPITAL.		DIED.	
	At First Attack.	When admitted.	At First Attack.	When admitted.
Congenital, . . . . .	7	—	—	—
15 years and less, . . . . .	—	—	—	—
From 15 to 20 years, . . . . .	3	7	1	—
20 to 25 years, . . . . .	13	15	1	1
25 to 30 years, . . . . .	19	16	1	1
30 to 35 years, . . . . .	13	14	2	3
35 to 40 years, . . . . .	12	13	3	1
40 to 50 years, . . . . .	12	14	6	8
50 to 60 years, . . . . .	4	3	2	2
60 to 70 years, . . . . .	5	5	2	2
70 to 80 years, . . . . .	1	2	1	2
Over 80 years, . . . . .	—	—	—	—
Totals, . . . . .	89	89	19	20
Unknown, . . . . .	—	—	1	—
Not insane, . . . . .	2	2	—	—
Total of persons, . . . . .	91	91	20	20
Mean known ages (in years), . . . . .	34.2	36.7	43.6	46.9

TABLE NO. 9. — *Probable Causes of Mental Diseases in Persons first admitted to Any Hospital.*

EXCITING CAUSES.	Admitted.	PREDISPOSING.		
		Hereditary Tendency.	Neurotic Tendency.	Alcoholic Intem- perance.
<i>Physical.</i>				
Alcoholic intemperance, . . .	32	3	6	25
Cerebral hemorrhage, . . .	1	—	—	1
Congenital defect, . . .	7	3	2	2
Organic brain disease, . . .	3	—	—	4
Senility, . . .	7	—	1	4
Toxemia, . . .	2	—	1	1
Trauma, . . .	—	—	—	—
<i>Mental.</i>				
Worry, . . .	13	1	11	—
Totals, . . .	65	7	21	37
Unknown, . . .	26	—	—	—
Totals, . . .	91	7	21	37

TABLE NO. 10. — *Probable Duration of Disease before Admission.*

PREVIOUS DURATION.	First admitted to Any Hospital.
Congenital, . . .	7
Under 1 month, . . .	2
From 1 to 3 months, . . .	11
3 to 6 months, . . .	12
6 to 12 months, . . .	14
1 to 2 years, . . .	24
2 to 5 years, . . .	16
5 to 10 years, . . .	3
10 to 20 years, . . .	—
Over 20 years, . . .	—
Total, . . .	89
Unknown, . . .	—
Not insane, . . .	2
Total of cases, . . .	91
Total of persons, . . .	91
Average known duration (in years), . . .	2.67

TABLE NO. 11. — *Forms of Mental Disease in Patients committed, discharged or died, with their Condition on Discharge.*

	Committed.	DISCHARGED.					Died.	Total Discharges and Deaths.
		Recovered.	Capable of Self-support.	Improved.	Not improved.	Not insane.		
<i>A. — First admitted to Any Hospital.</i>								
Manic-depressive insanity: —								
<i>a.</i> Depressed form, . . . . .	3	2	—	1	—	—	—	3
<i>b.</i> Exalted form, . . . . .	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	2
<i>c.</i> Circular form, . . . . .	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	2
Alcoholic insanity: —								
<i>a.</i> Acute form, . . . . .	4	5	1	—	—	—	—	6
<i>b.</i> Chronic form, . . . . .	10	—	—	—	1	—	1	2
Habit psychosis, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dementia præcox: —								
<i>a.</i> Paranoid form, . . . . .	25	—	—	—	6	—	4	10
<i>b.</i> Hebephrenic form, . . . . .	4	—	—	—	2	—	—	2
<i>c.</i> Katatonic form, . . . . .	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dementia, organic, . . . . .	3	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Dementia, secondary, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2
Dementia, senile, . . . . .	8	—	—	1	—	—	3	4
Congenital inferiority, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Epileptic insanity, . . . . .	1	—	—	1	1	—	—	2
Paresis, . . . . .	10	—	—	—	—	—	6	6
Primary delusional insanity, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Involution psychosis, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Imbecility, . . . . .	7	—	4	—	1	—	—	5
Toxic insanity: —								
<i>a.</i> Acute form, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>b.</i> Chronic form, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Neurasthenic insanity, . . . . .	6	1	—	—	—	—	—	1
Simple depression, . . . . .	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1
Not insane, . . . . .	2	—	—	—	—	3	—	3
Total A, . . . . .	91	11	5	4	11	3	19	53
<i>B. — Other Admissions.</i>								
Manic-depressive insanity: —								
<i>a.</i> Depressed form, . . . . .	—	2	1	—	—	—	—	3
<i>b.</i> Exalted form, . . . . .	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	1
<i>c.</i> Circular form, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Alcoholic insanity: —								
<i>a.</i> Acute form, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>b.</i> Chronic form, . . . . .	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Habit psychosis, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dementia, organic, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dementia, secondary, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1
Dementia, senile, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dementia præcox: —								
<i>a.</i> Paranoid form, . . . . .	6	—	—	—	2	—	—	8
<i>b.</i> Hebephrenic form, . . . . .	3	—	—	—	1	—	—	4
<i>c.</i> Katatonic form, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Congenital inferiority, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Epileptic insanity, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Paresis, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	2
Primary delusional insanity, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Involution psychosis, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Toxic insanity: —								
<i>a.</i> Acute form, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>b.</i> Chronic form, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Imbecility, . . . . .	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	2
Neurasthenic insanity, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not insane, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
Total B, . . . . .	15	3	1	—	6	1	1	22
Aggregate cases, . . . . .	106	14	6	4	17	4	20	75
Aggregate persons, . . . . .	107	14	6	4	17	4	20	76



TABLE NO. 12. — *Discharges and Deaths of the Insane, classified by Admissions and Results.*

NUMBER OF ADMISSIONS.	Recovered.	Capable of Self-support.	Improved.	Not improved.	Not insane.	Died.	Totals.
First in this hospital, . . . . .	13	5	3	16	13	20	60
Second in this hospital, . . . . .	1	1	1	—	1	—	4
Third in this hospital, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fourth in this hospital, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total cases, . . . . .	14	6	4	16	4	20	64
Total persons admitted to any hospital,	11	5	4	11	3	19	53

TABLE NO. 13. — *Relations to Penal Institutions and the Courts of the Criminal Cases received during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1911, and since the Opening of the Hospital, Sept. 14, 1886.*

	RECEIVED.	
	During the Year.	Since Sept. 14, 1886.
State Prison cases, . . . . .	17	306
House of correction cases, . . . . .	20	273
Massachusetts Reformatory cases, . . . . .	8	129
State Farm, prison cases, . . . . .	55	587
Court cases, . . . . .	4	79
Transfers, criminal habit, . . . . .	1	34
Jails, . . . . .	2	25
Totals, . . . . .	107	1,433

TABLE No. 14. — Causes of Death and Forms of Mental Disease in Persons who died.

	Aggregates.	Alcoholic, acute.	Alcoholic, Chronic.	Dementia Præcox.	Dementia, Organic.	Dementia, Secondary.	Dementia, Senile.	Epileptic Insanity.	Toxic Insanity.	General Paresis.	Imbecility.	Involution Psychosis.	Manic-depressive Insanity.	Primary Delusional Insanity.
Typhoid fever, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>General Diseases.</i>														
<i>Diseases of Nervous System.</i>														
Organic brain disease, exhaustion from, . . . . .	2	-	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-
Cerebral hemorrhage, . . . . .	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Paresis, exhaustion from, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Senile dementia, exhaustion from, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Diseases of Respiratory System.</i>														
Tuberculosis, pulmonary, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Diseases of Circulatory System.</i>														
Arteriosclerosis, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Organic disease of heart, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Myocarditis and acute indigestion, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Ill-defined Diseases.</i>														
Suicide by hanging, . . . . .	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Strangulation by twisting piece of cloth around his neck, . . . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Totals, . . . . .	20	-	1	4	1	2	3	-	-	7	-	-	1	1

TABLE NO. 15. — *Duration of Mental Disease and its Treatment in Patients who recovered or died.*

PERIOD.	FIRST ADMITTED TO ANY HOSPITAL.			ALL OTHER AD-MISSIONS.	
	Duration before Admission.	Hospital Residence.	Whole Duration.	Whole Known Period of Mental Disease.	Whole Known Period of Hospital Residence.
A. — Recovered: —					
Under 1 month, . . .	—	—	—	—	—
From 1 to 3 months, . . .	8	2	2	—	—
3 to 6 months, . . .	1	—	—	—	—
6 to 12 months, . . .	2	5	5	1	2
1 to 2 years, . . .	—	4	1	1	—
2 to 5 years, . . .	—	—	3	1	1
5 to 10 years, . . .	—	—	—	—	—
10 to 15 years, . . .	—	—	—	—	—
Totals, . . . . .	11	11	11	3	3
Unknown, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—
Totals, . . . . .	11	11	11	3	3
Average of known cases (in months), . . . . .	2.9	12	15	21.6	19.3
B. — Died: —					
Under 1 month, . . .	—	2	—	—	—
From 1 to 3 months, . . .	—	2	—	—	—
3 to 6 months, . . .	2	2	—	—	—
6 to 12 months, . . .	1	2	—	1	—
1 to 2 years, . . .	8	1	2	—	1
2 to 5 years, . . .	7	2	7	—	—
5 to 10 years, . . .	—	5	5	—	—
10 to 15 years, . . .	—	1	2	—	—
Over 15 years, . . .	1	2	3	—	—
Totals, . . . . .	19	19	19	1	1
Unknown, . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—
Totals, . . . . .	19	19	19	1	1
Average of known cases (in months), . . . . .	26.3	77	108.6	19	7

TABLE NO. 16. — *Showing Crimes committed by Insane Criminals during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1911, and since the Opening of the Hospital Sept. 14, 1886.*

CRIMES.	During the Year.	Since Sept. 14, 1886.	CRIMES.	During the Year.	Since Sept. 14, 1886.
Abuse of a female child, . . . . .	1	5	Drunkenness, . . . . .	16	188
Adultery, . . . . .	-	5	Drunkennes, contempt of court, . . . . .	-	1
Arson, . . . . .	-	18	Entering building and putting	-	-
Assault, . . . . .	-	69	in fear, . . . . .	-	1
Assault, battery and unnatural	-	-	Escaping from prison, . . . . .	1	3
act, . . . . .	-	1	Exposure, . . . . .	-	5
Assault and battery, . . . . .	4	39	Forgery, . . . . .	1	7
Assault, felonious, . . . . .	-	1	Forgery with intent to defraud, . . . . .	-	1
Assault, indecent, . . . . .	-	6	Forgery and uttering, . . . . .	-	1
Assault on an officer, . . . . .	-	1	Fornication, . . . . .	-	3
Assault to rape, . . . . .	1	18	Having in possession dangerous	-	-
Assault to rob, . . . . .	-	7	weapon, . . . . .	-	3
Assault to kill, . . . . .	1	21	Having in possession burglarious	-	-
Assault to commit larceny from	-	-	implements, . . . . .	1	1
the person, . . . . .	-	1	Habitual criminal, . . . . .	1	6
Assault upon a female child, . . . . .	-	2	Illegal practice of medicine, . . . . .	-	1
Assault on an officer, nonpay-	-	-	Idle and disorderly, . . . . .	2	8
ment of fine, . . . . .	-	1	Incest, . . . . .	-	2
Assault with a dangerous weapon, . . . . .	2	28	Illegal sale of liquor, . . . . .	-	1
Assault with intent to kill, . . . . .	1	2	Incest, carnal abuse, . . . . .	-	2
Assault with intent to murder, . . . . .	2	15	Keeping disorderly house, . . . . .	1	4
Assault with intent to commit	-	-	Lewd and lascivious cohabitation, . . . . .	2	7
criminal abuse, . . . . .	-	1	Lewdness, . . . . .	-	4
Assault with loaded pistol, . . . . .	-	1	Larceny, . . . . .	6	138
Attempt to break and enter, . . . . .	-	3	Larceny from a conveyance, . . . . .	-	1
Bastardy, . . . . .	-	1	Larceny from a building, . . . . .	-	3
Being a breaker and disturber of	-	-	Larceny from the person, . . . . .	1	5
the peace, . . . . .	-	1	Libel, . . . . .	-	1
Being a pilferer, . . . . .	-	1	Liquor nuisance, . . . . .	-	1
Bestiality, . . . . .	-	2	Malicious mischief, . . . . .	-	3
Bigamy, . . . . .	-	1	Manslaughter, . . . . .	1	29
Breaking and entering, . . . . .	3	151	Murder, . . . . .	3	74
Breaking, entering, forgery, . . . . .	-	1	Murder, accessory to, . . . . .	-	1
Breaking, entering, with intent	-	-	Nonpayment of fine, . . . . .	-	2
to steal, . . . . .	3	9	Nonsupport of family, . . . . .	-	6
Breaking, entering, with intent	-	-	Obtaining money under false	-	-
to rape, . . . . .	1	1	pretences, . . . . .	-	4
Breaking, entering, larceny, . . . . .	2	48	Perjury, . . . . .	-	2
Breaking, entering, receiving	-	-	Polygamy with assault to murder, . . . . .	-	1
stolen goods, . . . . .	-	1	Polygamy and adultery, . . . . .	-	1
Breaking, entering, with intent	-	-	Rape, . . . . .	1	20
to commit arson, . . . . .	-	1	Rape and robbery, . . . . .	-	1
Breaking glass, . . . . .	-	1	Rape, incest, . . . . .	-	1
Burning building, . . . . .	-	3	Robbery, . . . . .	3	38
Burglary, . . . . .	-	3	Receiving stolen goods, . . . . .	-	2
Carrying a loaded revolver, . . . . .	1	2	Sodomy, . . . . .	1	8
Common drunkard, . . . . .	-	32	Stealing, . . . . .	-	2
Conspiracy, . . . . .	-	1	Stoning railroad train, . . . . .	-	1
Counterfeiting, . . . . .	-	1	Stubbornness, . . . . .	-	7
Criminal advertising, . . . . .	-	1	Stubborn child, . . . . .	1	3
Criminal habit, . . . . .	-	8	Theft, . . . . .	-	3
Cruelty to animals, . . . . .	-	2	Threatening to do bodily harm, . . . . .	-	2
Cutting wood in public park, . . . . .	-	1	Torturing a cow, . . . . .	-	1
Delinquent child, . . . . .	-	1	Tramp, . . . . .	13	74
Desecrating cemetery, . . . . .	-	1	Vagrancy, . . . . .	30	470
Disorderly, . . . . .	-	8	Unknown, . . . . .	-	25
Disturbing the peace, . . . . .	-	11			
Disturbing peace and destroying	-	-	Totals, . . . . .	107	1,719
building, . . . . .	-	1			

TABLE NO. 17. — *Showing the Movement of Cases for the Year ending Sept. 30, 1911.*

	Remain- ing Oct. 1, 1910.	Received during the Year.	Dismissed during the Year.	Remain- ing Sept. 30, 1911.
State Prison cases, . . . .	138	17	6	149
House of correction cases, . . .	164	22	19	167
Massachusetts Reformatory cases,	38	8	2	44
Court cases, . . . . .	58	5	5	58
State Farm, prison cases, . . .	258	58	38	278
Transfers, criminal habit, . . .	18	2	4	16
Jails, . . . . .	13	2	3	12
Non-criminal, . . . . .	21	—	1	20
Totals, . . . . .	708	114	78	744

TABLE NO. 18. — *Relations of Sentences of the Criminal Cases remaining Sept. 30, 1911.*

Undergoing 3 to 6 months' sentence, . . . . .	—
6 to 12 months' sentence, . . . . .	13
1 to 2 years' sentence, . . . . .	56
2 to 5 years' sentence, . . . . .	12
5 to 10 years' sentence, . . . . .	19
10 to 15 years' sentence, . . . . .	13
15 to 20 years' sentence, . . . . .	10
20 to 25 years' sentence, . . . . .	2
25 to 35 years' sentence, . . . . .	3
50 to 55 years' sentence, . . . . .	1
life sentence, . . . . .	33
indeterminate sentence, . . . . .	10
Court cases, . . . . .	70
Sentences expired, . . . . .	473
Unascertained, . . . . .	29
Total, . . . . .	744











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